



LETTERS

OF A

SOLITARY, WANDERER.

VOL. I.

THE

LETTERS

OF A

SOLITARY WANDERER:

CONTAINING

NARRATIVES

0 F

VARIOUS DESCRIPTION.

R. CHARLOTTE & MITH.

VOI. I.

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PREFACE.

SINCE I began this Work almost two years have elapsed, and the two first volumes have been printed nearly half that time. My original intention was to publish six volumes, each containing a single Narrative, which the Solitary Wanderer is supposed to collect in the countries he visits.

Books of entertainment, usually described as Novels, are supposed to be, if not exclusively, principally read by young persons; and much

has

has been faid of the inutility and the danger of that species of reading.

Of the danger I mean not to fpeak, except to remark, that a young woman who is fo weak as to become in imagination the Heroine of a Novel, would have been a foolish, frivolous, and affected character, though she had never heard of a circulating library.

That Novels are at least useless where they are not pernicious I cannot allow: if they do not instruct, they may awaken a wish for useful knowledge; and young persons, who have no taste for any thing but narrative, may sometimes, by the local description of a Novel. a Novel, learn what they would never have looked for in books of Geography or Natural History.— The dangers and diffresses that are expected to form the greater part of the story in every Work of this kind, may be imagined amidst the most interesting period of history, without, however, fulfifying or misrepresenting any material or leading fact. I have endeavoured to construct these volumes in some degree on this plan. It is my present purpose to prepare the remaining part of the Work for publication early in the enfuing fummer.

CHARLOTTE SMITH.

October 20th, 1800.

LETTERS, &c.

LETTER I.

WHEN I undertake to give you a regular account of my wanderings, or at least as regular as my rambling life will admit of, you will own that I have done right in determining to try if continual change of scene will not relieve me from the deep depression I have now for some months vainly endeavoured to conquer. Already I feel myself better able than I was to converse upon paper, though I still would sly from the well-meant importunity of those who Vol. I. B will

will not let me be fick or miferable my own way, but continually diffress me with inquiries and remonstrances, and fay: "What aileth thee? and wherefore is thy countenance overeast, and thine heart disquieted?" when, if they cannot understand, I cannot explain why I am unhappy. — Ah! how difficult it is to communicate to others what one feels! After all, how little impression does it make! -- And cui beno, if it made any, when the evil is not of a fort that friendfhip and reason united can cure?—Befides, every man has either pains or pleafures of his own which are fufficient to engage him. You, my good friend, are a married man, have a wife and a family, and live a fober and undoubtedly an happy life; but I, who shall now never feek for the same species of happiness, doubt whether I could make even you enter into my fenfations, or cease to accuse me of misanthropy, or even unmanly and unworthy repining. Enough

Enough of all this—Since you perfift in defiring it, I will tell you the nothing I do, and leave all fentiment out of our correspondence; but then you must not be displeased at having perpetual defcription, little narrative, and still less character. My hills will boldly fwell, my woods wave over as many nightingales as I can collect, my castles frown, and my streams fall, or murmur, or glitter, as luxuriously, and as frequently, as if I were the wandering and persecuted heroine of a modern novel in the very newest taste. You may be affured, that should I meet with either ghost or banditti, I will not fail to engage them to

Deepen the horrors of the falling floods, And breathe a browner horror on the woods.

There is but little originality of character any where to be met with—the affluent are polished to a certain level of intellect—the poor are the mere creatures of necessity.—But I believe, when you B 2 desire

defire to hear not only what I meet with but who, you defire less to amuse your-felf than to detach my style at least from that subject which dwells nearest my heart.

I think you were acquainted with my determination to go Northward. I will not fend you a detail of the posts, nor say how often on the windows or wainfcots of the inns I found tender notices of lovers on their way to Gretna-Green; such as

P. L. the happiest of mankind, was here on Friday, the 22d of May, 17, with his adored E. W.—Or

Alonzo and his angelic Seraphina changed horses here on the 16th of March, 179

These happy pairs either seared no pursuit, or could not resist recording their felicity by memorandums, which, if they thought at all, they might suppose would be overlooked by their pursuers. It is not a question, whether the adored

adored E. L. and the angelic Seraphina appeared quite so adored, or so angelic, twelve months after these dates?

I shall get out of the beaten track, which is called the Great North Road, as soon, as I can, and shall continue my course along the coast of Yorkshire, a part of England I have never seen, though I believe there is very little to see.

Adicu. -

LETTER II.

AT this lonely inn, or rather alehouse, where I have taken up my temporary abode, I enjoy the feelusion I have so long fought. The simple folk who keep the house, were they to-morrow to find me dead, would have no other concern than to discover whether I had effects enough about me to pay for Christian burial; for undoubtedly it would shock them extremely to comply with the request I have, you remember, made to my friends-to be deposited under the turf of the nearest hill, beneath the rugged furface of a wild heath, the shade of the next copie of hazle, or group of beech.

Well! it will not come to that yet; for I feel the advantage of changing the air

and of new scenes on my outward man, though my mind is still inert and torpid. I wish it was November.—This garish green, these soft unfolding leaves, this luxurious grass spangled with wild slowers, awaken the memory to recollections of bliss—fled, sled for ever. Nature is again lovely; the object that once made scenes even ruder than these more delicious than a sabled paradise, is gone.

I am afraid my heart is changed; for I have felt myself peevish at the sight of happiness, or that state which we are contented to call so; and I turn with sick disgust from the view of re-animated nature. It is childish, it is unmanly, you will tell me. I believe it is, and you see I have undertaken to cure myself by a course of which you have no opinion. If it fail, I will then, according to the terms of our convention, submit to the regimen that you think so much better.

My present temporary residence is in a cottage on the boundary of an hilly

hilly common, under the shade of a tust of old oaks, that mingle their giant arms on the other side with the trees of a tract of forest land frequent in this country. Eastward, at the distance of three or sour miles, rise the wolds, and begin that chain of elevated ground, which, running northward, ends in the extreme part of the island.

Without books, and with no other companions but my fervant and my two horses, you will think my lingering in fuch places as I have described a very strange plan: and you despise, I know, the pursuits of the botanist, or the mineralogist, which I have occasionally taken up with some degree of interest. You opine, that it is of no manner of importance to the world whether fome plant of no known use, or evident beauty, is found in a ditch in Yorkshire, or in a bog in Lincolnshire; nor can you prevail upon yourfelf to care, whether the strata beneath the furface of any given extent

extent of land be argillaceous or calcareous. When, however, it is confidered, that to the cultivation of these two branches of science mankind owes so many of the necessaries and conveniences of life, I cannot think the pursuit of them uscless. The first, I own, used to interest and soothe my mind beyond any other study; but now I am in a state of spirits when it would rather depress than charm them. You need not therefore apprehend that I shall talk much of my discoveries of rare plants.

Of objects of that fludy, which is alone, you think, worthy of a rational or at least a reasoning being, there are not likely to be many; yet even this remote and solitary house has its little knot of politicians; and here, once a week, ale and argument

I have not unfrequently liftened to the
B 5 village

[&]quot;An hour's importance to the poor man's heart."

village politics, and fometimes admired the folid though uncultivated underflanding of the illiterate peafant, or farmer, just able to read a newspaper three weeks old to the ruftic circle. Alas! I will own, that I have been oftener humbled by feeing the spark of heaven, called reason, so obliterated and extinguished by savage ignorance, and propenfities which degrade the man beneath the brute, that I have doubted whether fuch men ought to rank as human beings. What becomes of the fouls of these animals? But, indeed, what becomes of those of madmen or idiots?-I will not, however, flart a question in metaphysics, which you, perhaps, would answer in a very fummary way.

I have just received your last letter.— So, you really think I should do better to refort to some of those public places, of which the North of England boasts a confiderable variety? My dear friend, what should I do among such people as are the summer residents at these places? I never play; I am totally uninterested in the inquiry whether Colonel Sucha-one and Mrs. Such-a-one have too great a partiality for each other; and would not give a straw to know what marriages are going forward, or whether this man lives beyond his income, or the next man penuriously within it.— Accomplished misses, with new songs, elegant rebuses, and witty charades; or their mamas and aunts, fage and fententious critics on their neighbours' lives, or the new novels of the feafon, are alike indifferent to me.—I cannot talk over the last year's fox-chaces with the young men; or, alarmed at the fall of flocks, listen to the terrible prognostics of the old ones, and deplore the increase of jacobinism, and tremble lest the freemasons of Europe should overset its government.—Indeed, I have more than once found my anger conquering my contempt, when profing fellows have B 6 talked

I have been vexed with myfelf for fuffering fo much abfurdity to draw me into an argument, or ruffle my temper. Believe me, fuch an affemblage as these places usually produce, may irritate and render incurable the misanthropy (which you say is a great fault in my character), but cannot afford one moment's alleviation to the sufferings of a wounded heart.

Let me then proceed on my folitary rambles, far from that tedious routine which we agree to call fociety. When I am wandering alone, or with only my filent, faithful Arnold, that distaste of the world which you wish to cure is so far from growing upon me, that I feel it becomes milder; and as my heart expands to the great Governor of the Universe, I resign myself into his hands—still doubting, however, whether it is not arrogance and presumption to suppose that the Supreme Director of so many worlds deigns to consider.

confider fo poor and worthless an atom of existence—For the rest, my hopes and desires are now reduced into so narrow a compass, that though yet a very young man, I may truly say with one of the greatest of our countrymen*, who in more advanced life declares,

"There is nothing under heaven, faving a true friend, unto which my heart doth lean; and this dear freedom has begotten me this peace, that I mourn not for that end which must be, nor spend a wish to have one minute added to the uncertain date of my years."

I go from hence to-morrow; and as foon as I find any place which I like well enough to induce me to become a while stationary, you shall hear from me again.

Farewell.

* Lord Bacon.

LETTER III.

AFTER I had written to you last, I fet forth, unknowing and almost unheeding whither. The wild and mountainous line of country called Cleveland attracted me, not fo much by any beauty I expected to find there, as because there is fomething congenial to the state of my mind in the appearance of defolate and uncultivated nature. Still all is green, green and fmiling. Even among the black fwamps and rough knolls of the wolds, the hands of May have feattered tender graffes and fairy flowers. The banks of the Esk, along which I afterwards travelled, were adorned with all that makes river scenery pleasing; but as it was not of pleafing objects I was in fearch, I bent my way towards the feafea-shore, and have set up my rest at a farm-house about three miles from Whit-by, the *Dunus sinus* of the Romans, and between that town and Robin Hood's Bay.

Before the windows of my rustic abode, at the distance of half a mile, stretches the broad expanse of ocean which divides this island from the northern part of the continent of Europe; behind it rife almost femi-circularly a chain of high grounds, called the Moor Hills. Industry, encouraged by the demand for the productions of the earth, which the neighbourhood of the port of Whitby occasions, has in some measure conquered the natural barrenness of this moory and ungrateful line of country, and its inequalities are in many places covered with young wheat, or are just tinted by the flender blades of Lent corn scarce peeping above the ground. As I have traverfed the shore, where the

cliffs in some places have fallen on the beach, I have found encrusted in the chalk rock those forms resembling ferpents*, formerly believed to have been really those reptiles, which, at the intercession of St. Hilda, a Saxon saint of great repute (who founded the Abbey of Whitby, where the Princess Edelfleda afterwards took the veil), were turned into stones. This Ægis, however, fo long supposed to have been held by the facred hands of the Saxon Virgin, has been now wrested from her by that light of science so fatal to the legendary superstition of all countries; and the chemist and mineralogist know that these are calcareous petrifactions, always found in the neighbourhood of alum mines. St. Hilda slill retains the merit of having strenuously opposed the senfure of the clergy; which shews that

^{*} Ammon's horns,

her taste was at least equal to her piety, whatever might be her success in turning ferpents into stone.

In a wood that clothes the high banks of a stream, hurrying from the hills to throw itself into the Esk, I found, on the fecond day of my excursions in these folitary regions, the ruins of what appeared to me to have been once a finall votive chapel, or oratory. A gothic window, which yet remained, feemed to be particularly elegant; its freeted compartments were in some places entire, and had certainly been executed with greater elegance than was usually bestowed on fuch fmall buildings. I paced the area through matted weeds and tufts of elder; it was not extensive, and little remained that might inform me to what particular purpose it was destined, till a peasant croffed my way who was returning from his day's work of stripping bark in the woods. I entered into conversation with him, and learned, as we walked together to the village by the light of an early moon,

" While rofy evening linger'd in the West,"

that this small ruin was called the Hermitage, and belonged to the Abbey of Palfgrave, on the domain of which it flands.—" The Abbey of Palfgrave?" cried I, flattering myself I had made an acquisition of some antient building not very much known; "and where is the Abbey of Palfgrave?"-" Aboot three moiles an end," answered the man in his Yorkshire dialect. "And is it," said I, " a ruin like this?"—He answered that it was deferted now of all its inhabitants, because the family it had belonged to were all either dead, or gone "beyond fea." My curiofity being farther excited, I learned that the Abbey had been, to use my conductor's phrase, made into an house by a great rich family, "Romans though, Romans;" which on being explained, I found meant that they

were of the Roman Catholic religion; but that some how or other it had so fallen out that they had never thriven for a many years back; and it was the opinion of the country, that either because the house had once been entirely dedicated to religious purposes, and should not have been profaned, or because of some sins of the latest possessor of it, it was certainly visited by a curse, and would stand empty till it dropped down.

- "And which, friend, is the way to this ancient house? Can I reach it by following the path I saw you in, that leads through the woods?"
 - " Why, you would not go there?"
 - " Not go there? Why should I not?"
 - " And to-night?"
- " Aye, to-night, or any other night; why not?"
- "There's noot to be found there, I'll promise you," said the man, who seemed to shudder at the temerity of my design, while

while he doubted its motives. "No, no, there's nothing to be found there; the Priests took care of that.—Some old rubbishy things, indeed, some folks do say, be yet in the old rambling rooms; but, for my part, I'se not go aboot amongst them, special of a night, if there was a bushel of gold to be got as my reward."

- "But why not? Where is the danger?"
- "Bless you, Masser," cried the peafant, "it's easy to see you are but a stranger in this country, or you'd never ask such questions. Why, mon, the Abbey is haunted."
- "It will fuit my purpose exactly," said I; "I have been in search of such a thing ever since I can recollect; and for a ghost, there is nothing I have so great an inclination to see."

My informer, who had perhaps fome fuspicion before of my principles, new feemed to have a still worse opinion of

my intellects, and I saw began to quicken his pace, while he continued reluctantly to answer the questions I put to him; till, as we approached the village near which my abode is situated, he struck into a cross path on the common, and, leaping over a rude stile in a hedge of dried surze, bade me a good night, and disappeared.

You despise, as puerile and ridiculous, the fashionable taste, which has filled all our modern books of entertainment with caverns and castles, peopled our theatres with spectres, and, instead of representing life as it is, has created a new school, where any thing rather than probability, or even possibility, is attended to. And you will fmile contemptuously when I tell you, that after questioning on the subject of my new discovery my landlady, a fage and not filent dame, turned of fifty, and hearing her vague yet certainly exaggerated account of Paligrave Abbey, and its latest inhabitants, I am convinced

convinced that there are materials enough belonging to the story to make a romance, fuch as are now in high estimation: and as I have promifed, you know, to give you description, observation, or anecdote, as I go along, and have in truth nothing very great in the two former branches of correspondence to send you, suppose I were to give you an hiftory of Palfgrave Abbey, if, on nearer inspection, it shall seem worthy to appear, though only in manuscript, among the cassles, towers, abbeys, priories and caverns, caves, cliffs, subterraneous pasfages and rugged ruins, rocks, and rifted battlements, which have filled fo many pages, and excited fo much admiration both in the closet and on the stage.

I have collected a number of circumflances which I am perfuaded are authentic, and which I think, without any affiftance from an imagination that you have often told me is gloomy and romantic, will make an history not uninteresting, nor without its moral. Instead, therefore, of humouring any visionary fantasies, and, as I visit the Priory, "looking lackadaisycally" over the substitute for the old gate, "or sitting down on one of the fragments, taking in imagination the fairest of the sisterhood to sit beside me, and playing with the cross at her breast *," I shall linger about this melancholy abode, and make my picture amid the very scenery where the incidents happened.

I recollect, however, that you do not admire, indeed that you feldom condescend to read, those moderm compositions to which my history will bear a considerable resemblance—I mean the romance-novel or novel-romance of the present day, in which the magic of genius has in two or three instances made me forget "que rien n'est beau que le vrai"—which I have sometimes thought

incon-

^{*} Sterne, or Letters passing for his.

incontrovertibly true, till Shakespeare and Milton have driven the axiom to flight.

I know not whether it is in one of his hypercriticisms on the former of those immortal men, whose works he could not possibly understand, that Voltaire has the following passage:

* "Revenons toujours à la nature des hommes; il n'aime que l'extraordinaire; et cela est si vrai, que si tôt que le beau et le sublime est commun, il ne parait plus; on veut de l'extraordinaire en tout genre, et on va jusqu'à l'impossible."

It undoubtedly feems eafier to collect furprifing events, which, in connecting, fetting probability afide, neither time

* We must, however, always advert to the nature of man: he delights only in the extraordinary; the truth of which is evident when we be, that whenever the great and the sublime becomes familiar, it is great and sublime no longer.—In every composition the extraordinary is fought for, and even the impossible.

neither time, action, or place, the three great unities, need be adhered to, and in composing of which we may indulge ourselves in the most daring and improbable fictions: than it is to draw characters fuch as we know exist, and to find a fable proper to bring them forward. It is easier, I believe, to write an Arabian tale, with necromancers and genii, than to collect, as Richardfon does, a fet of characters acting and speaking so exactly as such people fo circumstanced would act and speak in real life, that we almost doubt whether the scenes and the actors are merely imaginary. It is true, that the minuteness of description, to which this powerful deception is in a great degree owing, renders some of the letters excessively tedious; but the pleasure that Richardfon's writings still afford, though the manners are fo changed, and tafte has undergone so many revolutions, proves that his knowledge of the human heart, Vol. I. and and his adherence to nature, have charms that make us overlook the fid-fad fort of caquet which fometimes fatigues us.

Yet it has been afferted that strong native genius can alone fucceed in that flyle of writing where the horrible and fupernatural predominate, and where the greatest effect is produced by a certain degree of obscurity. And it is undoubtedly true, that the rudest and wildest sketch of Salvator is more precious than the most laboured piece of the correcteft Flemish master. I know, however, that there is no hope of interesting you in the production of the modern school of books of amusement, though furely "tout genre est bon hormi le genre ennuyeux."—Here is enough of criticism.

Farewell!

LETTER IV.

May 9.

From a Cottage made out of one of the most distant Offices of Palsgrave Priory.

To account for the many circumstances (not easily to be traced after the events have happened two years) which you will find in the enfuing Narrative, it is necessary to tell you, that I found living, in what was formerly an harness-room and corn-room to one of the stables of Palfgrave, a poor woman, admirably qualified to serve as my Cicerone. She is the widow of one of the fervants of the great house; and though not quite fo wretched in her appearance as she whom Mr. Gilpin defcribes, who shewed him, or, in hopes of a finall gratuity, affected to shew him, the Abbot's library at Tintern *, yet poverty and all its ca-

C 2 lamities

^{*} See Gilmin's Observations on the Wye, 1770.

lamities have fallen heavily upon her. Her husband being dismissed by the steward at the death of Sir Mordaunt, he went with his family to feek his fortune in London; but falling into illhealth, he returned into his own country to die, and his widow and two children, hunted from parish to parish, were at length fuffered to take shelter in one of the distant offices of Palfgrave, which her brother, a carpenter, has contrived to make less ruinous than the furrounding buildings of the fame description; and here, on fo slender an allowance as can be extorted from the farmers who manage the parish, and a little spinning, she contrives with her infants barely to exift.

To fuch a forlorn being "a curious traveller," who promifed to pay her well for any trouble he might give her, was affuredly no unacceptable visitor. Mrs. Lenthwaite willingly undertook to go with me over the house, which is indeed a most

a most extraordinary place; and there is to me something more melancholy in this recent desertion, these traces of modern life mingled with the venerable relics of religious antiquity, than even its contemplating the last, in their desolate state of almost entire dilapidation; where moss and weeds stream from the broken walls, or water-stains only mark them. But if the place be wild, and strange, and gloomy, the history of the persons it belongs to is much more so.

You will not furely be so merely a matter-of-sact reader as to inquire how I came to be so well acquainted with the characters of these people, as to be able to relate even what they said, and how they thought? Should you, however, ask so very unreasonable a question, I refer you, though I do not invoke her, to the Muse which has inspired every writer of Epic, whether in prose or verse, from Homer to John Bunyan, and so on to all the inventors of romances

and tales—whether ancient Troubadours wandering among the chateaux of Provence and Languedoc, or the composers of the memoirs, novels, tales, and romances, of which the present period is so sertile.

In that division of the county of York which is called the North-Riding, and under a rude trast of mountainous country, that rises above the river Esk, not far from its communication with the sea, are the remains of the ancient family seat of the Falconbergs.

Its last inhabitant was Sir Mordaunt Falcorborg, the descendant of a Catholic samily of such antiquity, that some of its latest members had looked with irreverence on the title of Baronet, though the date of that honour was so far back as 1614. They felt themselves rather humbled than elevated by sharing this dignity

dignity with formany who had purchased it; because the Falconbergs had often received the honour of knighthood in the field, and had been distinguished among the Crusaders of the twelsth century, while they traced their pedigree till it was lost among names which, for aught any one knew, were the immediate descendants of the Patriarch Noah.

Of all that this family once possessed Sir Mordaunt retained only its proud sherceness of temper, its bigoted attachment to the religion of modern Rome, and a very large fortune. Sir Mordaunt was of a faturnine complexion; his forehead was narrow and wrinkled, and his thin and hollow cheeks shaded by a sable beard; pale livid lips, large rolling eyes suffused with bile, and now appearing shery with surious passions, now darkened by sullen despondence, together with a person gaunt and ill-formed, made his whole sigure rather likely to excite terror than inspire affection. He

was, however, feldom feen; and the habits of his mind were gueffed rather from his manner of life than from his conversation. He admitted no society; no neighbour or acquaintance had for many years entered the inhospitable doors of Palfgrave-Priory: nor had he any friend or affociate in the gloomy folitude to which he condemned himfelf; fave only an Italian and a Spaniard, both supposed to be Jesuits, one of whom had the care of the consciences of some other Catholic families, and acted in that district under a commisfion from Rome as a fort of Bishop; the other was folely dedicated to Sir Mordaunt, and generally refided in the house, where his superior also occasionally lived for three or four months at a time.

A steward filent and mechanical as clockwork, an housekeeper who had no will but that of her spiritual director, and five menial servants, only one of whom

whom was ever admitted into the interior of that part of the house inhabited by Sir Mordaunt, composed the rest of the family. The large stables were without a fingle horse, and the carriages were dropping to pieces in the coachhouses. No tenant ever approached the doors; Mr. Camus the steward recciving the rents at a public-house fix miles distant, on the borders of the estate, where he held the courts of the manor at stated periods; and whither each man came with the certainty that he must, if not punctual, expect the rigour of the steward to enforce punctuality, rigour which could not be mitigated by any appeal to their invisible landlord.

Some of those gentlemen, who, possessing estates within ten or even twenty miles, considered themselves as neighbours to Sir Mordaunt, had sometimes felt curiosity about this strange man. The younger of these his countrymen had never seen him at all, and the elder

not for many years. These latter had attempted to visit him, when after a long residence abroad he brought home, being then about forty-sive or six, a beautiful young woman of seventeen, a native of England born of Catholic parents, whom he had married out of a convent in Italy. But Sir Mordaunt had rudely repulsed their advances; and the neighbouring samilies knew little more of the last Lady Falconberg, than that, after having brought him two sons and a daughter, she died, and was busiled in the chapel within the house.

Inflead however of feeking in the children confolation for the loss of their mother, Sir Mordaunt, who had fent the younger fon and daughter abroad almost as soon as they were born, did not recall them, even when they were of an age to alleviate the forrows of a father; for the eldest alone possessed all his paternal affection. Mr. Falconberg was, till twelve years old, brought

up at Palfgrave; but his education partook of the monkish austerity of the house. Golgota and Galezza, the two priests, were his tutors, and in his thirteenth year another of the same defcription of men conducted him to Italy. From thence Mr. Falconberg returned in four years, and it was then supposed that he would be introduced to the world as the heir to one of the largest fortunes in the county. But he was never feen except by accident on a short airing with one or other of the monks, when he was observed to be a pale thin youth, whose appearance did not promife long life; and after a residence of about twenty months at Palfgrave, he was faid to be in a decline. His father. in great alarm, hurried him back to the milder climate of Naples, where he did not long furvive; but dying on his nineteenth birth-day, his remains were brought over to be interred at the Priory with his ancestors.

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From that time ten-fold gloom fell on this melancholy refidence and its wretched master. The servants who saw Sir Mordaunt, whenever they ventured to fpeak of the effect of his grief, described it as fomething terrific; and when the natural inquiry was made, whether he would not now fend for his fecond fon? the inquirer was told, that Mr. Henry Falconberg had been dead fome years; but that Sir Mordaunt, who had hardly ever feen him, and felt no affection for him, had taken little or no notice of his lofs, and it had merely been announced by Father Golgota, that he was no more.

Even in fo remote and thinly inhabited a quarter as this part of Yorkshire, there are always some persons who busy themselves in inquiring into the affairs of others. These now began to wonder that Sir Mordaunt did not send for his daughter, who was, as they pretended to know, a most beautiful and accomplished

plished young lady; but it was then given out by the spiritual directors of the house, that Sir Wordaunt designed her for a nun, an avocation to which she was, they faid, entirely disposed. Certain zealous Protestants exclaimed for awhile against the cruelty of such a sacrifice; and others, who thought more of the great estates of Sir Mordaunt than of his religious prejudices, began to wonder who would possess the former. But both the good Protestants and the good calculators had foon fomething elfe to think of, and Sir Mordaunt was fuffered to live his own way, his very existence being hardly remembered beyond the paling of his park.

From the hour when the remains of Mr. Falconberg were deposited with his ancestors, the sullen and ferocious temper of Sir Mordaunt sunk into deeper dejection, or was subject to siercer starts of sury, which, if not more frequent, were more terrific to the sew persons about

about him. A darker shade fell over the melancholy mansion; its unfrequented courts, now wholly neglected, were overgrown with grass and weeds; the doors appeared to have forgotten to turn on their rufty hinges, and filence and defolation wholly to possess the apartments within, of which all the exterior windows were closed, fave two that belonged to one of Sir Mordaunt's rooms. He had ordered those which had formerly been destined to the use of Mr. Falconberg to be shut up, and every thing left in them, his books, mufical instruments, and even his clothes, exactly as they were when he had used them for the last time; and there, it was faid, the unhappy father passed many hours deploring the object which alone had been dear to him. Such too had been his custom in frequenting the rooms once inhabited by his wife, into which no person had been admitted fince her decease-though, as light was sometimes observed

observed through the breaks which time had made in the shutters, it was believed that Sir Mordaunt passed many sad hours of hopeless regret in those chill and dreary apartments.

The old and spacious mansion, narrowed by these curtailments, was still too large for its folitary master; who occupied three rooms at the north-eaft quarter of the house, one of which opened into the chapel, and from thence into a cloister, which was built quite round a court overgrown with nightshade, nettle, and henbane, and on one fide forming a fort of piazza, which, without any buildings over it, divided it from the park. The park was an extenfive tract of unequal land, thickly wooded with oak and pine, of great antiquity; for the affluence of the family had for many centuries been great, and their taste for improvement little, so that the axe had never been heard in these fylvan fylvan regions, which bore rather the appearance of a forest than a park.

The habitation was as filent as it was gloomy. On certain days the deeptoned nafal chaunt of one of the priests was heard singing mass in the chapel; but the organ that once accompanied it was now filent, for the domestic of Mr. Falconberg who had been instructed to play on it had not returned after his master's death. The curtain of black cloth that enclosed it in the gallery was now never undrawn.

Other founds there were none within this dismal dwelling, but occasionally the murmurs of the servants in the offices, who there only ventured upon conversation; for, as they glided about the house, and particularly when they had occasion to approach the apartment of Sir Mordaunt, each seemed to sear the found of his own voice, and the echo of his own footsteps; and hollow whispers

only

only crept along the defolate galleries when any domestic met his fellow.

Without were heard the brayings of the stags, of which the park was full; or the hoarse bark of several great bloodhounds, which were chained up in the court-yard, or at night ranged round the courts and cloisters. Many birds of cheerful note feemed to have fled from the mournful neighbourhood; but in the thick and high woods and coppices every way furrounding the house, the deep murmur of multitudes of wild pigeons might have drowned the cheerful shrill cry of the yaffel, and the screams of the jay, or short cawing of the daws, which had been long the inhabitants of the cornices and broken masses of the ancient building.

As great part of the food of the family was fish, a portion of the waters of the Esk had been led into three long canals, which, with some lesser pieces of water serving as stews, were connected with

with the tunnels of a decoy in the lowest' part of the park; and as the whole was rather for utility than beauty, willows, sallows, and alders had been allowed to grow around the whole tract, and render it a kind of watery wilderness, which was inhabited by an infinite number of aquatic fowl, that were now feldom disturbed; for the decoy was neglected, and the ponds only attended to for the sake of the supply they afforded of aliment for the maigre days of the samily.

Such was the general appearance of the place, when, in a gloomy evening of autumn, about four months after the death of Mr. Falconberg, a post-chaise was seen to drive up to the house, and stop before the principal door: from it sprung the light and graceful form of a young woman, between sixteen and seventeen, who, half timidly half eagerly, tripped up the slight of steps, before her companion, an older and graver perfon, had smished the directions which,

in a language meant to be English, she attempted to give the postillion as to the baggage the chaife was loaded with. The door, however, long unused to open, now remained closed against her, who would, could she have seen a fervant, have asked for her father. It was Mifs Falconberg, who had no recollection of her paternal house, and now looked around her with aftonishment not unmixed with dismay. - Her companion having joined her expressed astonishment at their being made to wait at the door; and this furprife might have continued much longer, if the pofillion had not found his way round to the offices, where he informed the housekeeper that two gentlewomen were without, who wanted to speak to his honour Sir Mordaunt.

A circumstance so unusual, and so unwelcome, occasioned a conference between the housekeeper and the steward; and after waiting near half an hour, the

ladies

ladies who expected admittance faw two figures in black flowly croffing the great court toward them. Miss Falconberg, amazed at the little alacrity there appeared to receive her, met them, and in a few words explained who she was; and that having been obliged to leave the convent in Flanders, where she had been brought up, on account of the troubles of the country, she had come to seek the protection of her father under the guidance of Mademoiselle Frettemeule, a sister of the religious house, who had kindly undertaken the charge of her.

The two domestics looked at each other, and still hesitated. They seemed unable to determine on what answer they were to give. The delay, however, could not last long, and the old steward coldly, and with apparent reluctance, led the way to another entrance of the house, saying that the great doors could not be opened. He directed the possiblion to wait at the stables, while Edouarda

now having entered a room, and more and more amazed at her reception, could hardly acquire courage to fay, " My father! My brother! Where are they? Why am I not to fee them?"

The steward made a fign to the house-keeper that she should speak, who, placing herself directly before Edouarda, and curtseying, formally said:

- "Truly, young lady, it is a grievous office for me and good Mr. Camus here—truly it is a grievous task—but it must be known, Sir Mordaunt is—"
- "Is dead,'interrupted Edouarda.—
 "Is my father dead?"—"No, Miss, not dead: his honour is living, though in a poorish state of health; but we have had the misfortune, which you don't feem to know—the misfortune to lose—to lose—"
- "Oh! keep me not in suspense," cried the trembling girl, "tell me what has happened."
 - " Why, we have had the great for-

row to lofe our fine young master, Mr. Falconberg: he died beyond sea, where he went for his health, and was brought here to be buried about two months ago."

Edouarda had no power to interrupt her informer, who proceeded.

"Sir Mordaunt, Miss, have never held up his head since: and because that one day when Mr. Camus here spoke to his honour—didn't you, Mr. Camus?—faying how he hoped as he would be comforted, and such like, seeing as how we must all die and that, and hoping he would fend for you, Ma'am, as his only child, to keep him company, and make up for his loss—Sir Mordaunt was in a perilous passion, and bade him, as he valued his place, never mention nothing of that there fort again: didn't he say so, Mr. Camus?"

Camus now feemed to have acquired courage to continue this painful narrative.

"Yes, alas! he did fay so indeed; and moreover, says he, I would have you from this time forward take notice that I have no child; and that any servant who dares to interfere in my family concerns shall be discharged, says he, without more ado."

"So," added the housekeeper, with even less apparent sympathy than had been shewn by the steward; "so you see, Miss, we be in consequence thereof very much at a nonplush how to act; your ladyship's coming all at once of a sudden so, puts us quite into a quandary; and if so be as we take you in, and Sir Mordaunt should discover that we have done so without his orders, why it's very like, I'll affure you, that we shall all lose our places."

"If you take me in?" cried Edouarda—"And if you do not—Good God! what is to become of me?"—The eyes of the distressed Edouarda then fought comfort in the countenance of her companion; panion; but Mademoiselle Frettemeule was little disposed to give it: she was devoutly crossing herself, and, silently recommending herself to the protection of St. Barbara, St. Ursula, and St. Genevieve, together with Notre Dame de Carcassonne, and again wished herself back at her convent, from whence she had been driven by what hitherto she had not made up her mind to consider as a very tamentable event.

Mrs Gournay, the housekeeper, whose dismay increased as time wore away and no resolution was taken, now began to give advice, which she was afraid of offering till the silence and consternation of the two strangers convinced her they were themselves incapable of taking any resolution.

"If I might be so bold, young lady," said she, "as to give my humble opinion, I should take the liberty for to say, that it mid be very imprudent for to appear all at once, as it were, and of a sudden

a fudden afore his honour, feeing as he feems to be so grieved at heart about my late young master as to be forry to fee any other person as 'twere.-The bleffed Lady give him patience, poor gentleman! though for fartain he have been but very mollencholie and cast down for many a year; the more is the pity. Now I would humbly mention to you, that if his honour does not know all of a minute that you are here, why we can tell him by little and little; whereas if we go for to tell him without fome preamble, there is no faving how he may take it. This house is very large, and nobody never in it but Father Golgota and Father Galezza, both pious men, and very worthy of trust, and myfelf and Mr. Camus the steward, and the inferior farvants, which is only an house-maid, a cook, and laundry-maid; and two men farvants, trusty men, who have lived a many years with his honour: fo that, if you please, Miss, you Vol. I. and D

and this gentlewoman may bide for the prefent without any one's being the wifer but me and the fteward, and the house-maid, and she won't say a word about it; only when the reverend Father Golgota comes home, I must consult him thereon; for to be sure I would not upon no account whatsomever keep a secret from him. I'll try to be sure to make things as comfortable, and such like, as I can. Father Golgota will be back shortly, and both me and Mr. Camus are sure 'twill be preferable not as yet for to speak to Sir Mordaunt.'

Since those tender affections which the expectation of meeting with her father had called forth in the bosom of Edouarda were now chilled by disappointment and apprehension, she readily assented to every thing the good woman proposed; who, after another short conference with the sleward, dismissed the post-chaise, and soon after returned to shew the rewly-arrived strangers into

the apartments that she had destined for them.

These consisted of two bed-chambers, high and cold and forlorn, with old-fashioned high-testered beds. Each room was lighted by one long gothic window in a very thick wall; they looked into a square court, three sides of which were buildings; the light paved closster formed the fourth, beyond which was an old plantation, chiesly of yew, fir, and cypress. The ivy which had sprung up among these trees had here and there sound its way within, so as to mantle with its perennial leaves the fretted arches of the open closster.

An anti-room to the bed-chambers, very large and lofty, was wainfcoted half way up with Irish oak, above which the white-washed walls had no other ornaments than over one door an immense pair of antiers affixed to the carved head of a stag, all of which had formerly been gilt; the other door was adorned by a

great stuffed otter, whose muzzle and paws had once undergone the fame operation, in testimony of the successful prowess of fome former Falconberg, who had taken the animals to which these spoils belonged. The furniture of this room, which was to ferve as a kind of fitting-room, confifted only of some old red leather chairs, with high backs and great brass nails, and a table covered with green plush, the voluted legs of which feemed to have been produced as a great effort of art two hundred and fifty years fince. In the spacious and cave-like chimneys of these rooms, fires were lighted on brafs dogs; but the wood was green, and the turf mingled with it ferved rather to fmother than increase the little heat that was derived from it-and unfortunately the autumnal night was flormy and cold.

The austerities of a convent had not taken from Sister Rhoda the love of ease and personal indulgencies; she had been partly induced to undertake the journey which

which she had just finished, by what she had heard of the great affluence of Sir Mordaunt Falconberg; while from the general accounts she had listened to of England, she had imagined it to be a land abounding in gold and filver, and where, in the house of a grand Milor or Seigneur, fuch as the supposed Sir Mordaunt to be, all kind of gratifications, both of pride and of the palate, were to be obtained without effort or expence. Ideas like these had principally induced her to accompany Edouarda to England; for she was one of those beings who love themselves to the exclusion of all other friendship or affections whatever. But now, the contrast between what she expected and what she found was fo mortifying, that it was not possible for her to refolve to conceal her illhumour and vexation even from her young friend, who was undoubtedly the greatest sufferer.

Edouarda had a natural elasticity of D 3 mind,

mind, and high health, hitherto unbroken by forrow; for the distance at which she had been kept by her father had never appeared any thing extraordinary, fince so many other young women were she knew just in the same fituation, and even fome who had parents in France. Now, therefore, as the first shock of hearing of her brother's death, and the disappointment of not immediately being received by her father, subfided, her spirits resumed their tone. and the endeavoured to perfuade herfelf that the latter apparently cruel delay might be owing to the misplaced fears and misapprehension of the servants. was, she believed, impossible that he could perfift in refusing to receive such confolation as his only furviving child could offer, and doubted not that she fhould in a few days be allowed to throw herself at his feet. The disturbed mind of Edouarda, therefore, would foon have gained some degree of tranquillity, had the

fhe not been harassed by the murmurs of Sister Rhoda. This woman, weak and felfish by nature, ignorant and prejudiced from education, had supposed, that in quitting her spiritual aspirations, for which she had naturally very little predilection, she was to receive some of those terrestrial gratifications of which she had indulged many extravagant ideas, because she had from her infancy been told she was to form no ideas at all about. them. Her half-informed mind, which had fo long been occupied in making agreeable pictures for her imagination to gaze upon, now funk in peevish despondence. Instead of palaces and regales, she thought her present accommodations less comfortable than use had made those of her cell; her unfortunate young companion, whom she had undertaken to protect, was made to fuffer for her disappointment, and, weary às she was. compelled to listen to all the expressions of repentance and displeasure which the

nun could recollect in her own language. But the final confequence of this was perhaps good; for Edouarda, ever attentive to the feelings of others, and grateful for any fervice done to herfelf, she tried to forget her own concern, and thought only of alleviating that of her friend, whom she at length persuaded to retire to the best of the two beds, took a blanket from her own to make it more comfortable; and then, as the supper the housekeeper had supplied was not a bad one, the wine excellent, and some confections in brandy still better, Sister Rhoda, with a countenance rather less deplorable, retired to her repofe, and postponed the rest of her lamentations till the next morning.

But for Edouarda there was no repose to be obtained: the fatigue of a long journey, sustained as she had been by the fond hope of meeting her father at he end of it, she would not have selt; but the shock of such a disappointment,

and the mystery which hung about her reception, she could not recover. painful astonishment she looked around her, and, furveying the defolate apartment, cold, dreary, and inhospitable, not much unlike, and not much better than some of the old inns where she had stopped for the night in French Flanders, she questioned herself whether the whole was not an uneasy dream, and whether it was possible that this was the house of Sir Mordaunt Falconberg? Yet it was not the discouraging appearance of the place that hurt her fo much. as the dread that the servants seemed to have of her arrival being known to their master; and again and again Edouarda repeated, "Gracious Heaven! wherefore should my father refuse to see a child who never offended him? What shall I endure if I am long to remain concealed in his house like a culprit?"

An ardent defire then feized her to obtain a view of him by chance. It was

not yet very late; it was possible that Sir Mordaunt might be seen crossing from one room to another. Edouarda went to one of the windows. There was light enough through the storm to enable her to distinguish that her chamber looked into a court furrounded on three fides by high buildings, while tall shrubs appeared to form the fourth boundary beyond an open cloister. She saw the spiral heads of the poplars and cypresses sway in the wind, and remarked how the early moon just glimmering on the park lawns beyond, was now and then obscured by dark clouds hurrying before the blaft. About the buildings there was not even a gleam of light. Edouarda looked one by one on the high gothic windows: "Which," cried she, "gives its light to the apartment of my father?-Will no instinctive sense of my being near him awaken tenderness in his heart? Can I by no stratagem introduce myself to him, and arouse his parental feelings? Has any

one usurped in his bosom the place which surely must once have been occupied by his children, two of whom are in their graves, and has he yet no room for the third?"—Thus mournfully restlecting, and unable to sleep, Edouarda passed some time, till extreme weariness compelled her to seek in her cold and sunereal-looking bed the rest which Nature imperiously demanded.

The morning came, but not to rejoice the pensive and unhappy Edouarda. Again she recalled what had
passed the preceding day, and again
wondered at her destiny. The housekeeper made her appearance while, she
was dressing, and looked at her, she
thought, with a mingled expression of
forrow for her and apprehension for herself, while she thus spoke:

"I hope, Miss, you've rested well. I made bold to come and look in upon you because t'other lady is not stirring; and I hope you won't take it amiss, if so

D 6

be as I just venture to mention, that I hope you will be so good as to keep as close as you can for fear Sir Mordaunt should perceive any thing of your being here; which, until we can contrive by means of father Golgota to break the matter to him, might, to be sure, be attended with very bad consequences to us all."

- "Do you mean then," faid Edouarda, "my good woman, that it is necessary for me to be a prisoner?"
- "Why, Miss, if so be as you be pleased to walk out at such times as there is no danger of meeting Sir Mordaunt—
 - "And when are those times?"
- "Sir Mordaunt, Miss, is sometimes out early; that indeed is not very often: and at others he is not seen sometimes perhaps at all, and often not till two or three o'clock; and then of evenings he dismisses his own fervant at dark, and after that nobody sees him."
 - "It is enough," faid Edouarda fighing.

ing. "I shall probably have very little inclination to walk, while thus deprived of the comfort of seeing my father, and I will take care, while you think it necessary, not to intrude."

The woman cast on her what she thought seemed a look of compassion, and withdrew.

The extreme discontent in which Edouarda found Sister Rhoda, who will be better distinguished by the name of Mademoifelle Frettemeule, was infinitely more distressing to her than her own thoughts, however painful they had been. Instead of soothing the anguish which fhe could not but perceive corroded the heart of her young friend, she gave way to all the ill-humour this mortifying reception had occasioned; exclaimed against those who had betrayed her into a situation so insupportable, and condemned her own folly, which had fuffered her to be so easily missed; declaring at the fame time that millions should not bribe her her to remain in a place where there was not one fatisfaction to counterbalance the dismal and hopeless gloom. Edouarda implored her with tears not to leave her tili she was under the protection of her father: and represented to her that, circumbances as the now was, the had not the means of procuring the money which was necessary, in a country where they had found travelling fo expensive, to transport her friend almost across the kingdom; for so the map informed her it was, from the north-eastern coast of Yorkshire to Amesbury in Wiltshire, where Mademoiselle Frettemeule had a near relation affociated among the voluntary reclufes who inhabited that place.

Not all the pleading of Edouarda could, however, appeafe the ill-humour which every circumstance around her continued to create in Mademoiselle Frettemeule, whose naturally peevish and felfish disposition, embittered by disappointment

pointment in the vague hopes she had formed, now feemed gratified by nothing fo much as adding to the diffress of the unhappy girl whom she had undertaken to protect-till at length Edouarda fled from her with as much solicitude as she would have fought her had the been of a different disposition. After three days which paffed nearly as the first, and during which they were confined to the house, as well by the dread of Sir Mordaunt as by the inclemency of the weather, the murmurs of Mademoiselle Frettemeule became so loud, and her declarations of resolution to depart so peremp. tory, that Mrs. Gournay was apprehensive fhe would endeavour to explain them to Sir Mordaunt before either of the Priests returned home; on whose influence the good old housekeeper greatly relied, knowing how much they possessed over herself. On the fourth day Galezza arrived. He was closeted for above an hour with the housekeeper and steward. fleward, and then walked flowly and foftly into the room where Edouarda and the quondam nun waited to see him.

Edouarda had been used to see monks of every description before her arrival in England; yet she looked on Galezza with surprise. He was a man of about thirty-six, tall, pale, meagre. His grey eyes expressed passions which had nothing to do with the fanctity he professed. His black eye-brows, hair, and beard shaded a long bony sace, which a high nose and prominent chin rendered singular; yet he was not so ugly as such an assemblage of seatures might seem in description to make him; and when he smiled, though it was often,

yet now and then a look indicating better and more focial feelings dwelt for a moment on his odd countenance, and, like a ray of light amidst the lond at-

[&]quot; As if he mock'd himfelf, and fcorn'd his fpirit

[&]quot;That could be mov'd to finile at any thing,"

mosphere of winter, seemed to say, that, though a Jesuit, Galezza had not always been insensible to the voice of Nature and Humanity.

Mademoifelle Frettemeule, as foon as the first short compliments were over, entered with great volubility on a discourse in her native language, wherein all she had expected was detailed, and the contrast she had experienced vehemently insisted upon. She concluded an oration of great length, by declaring to the priest her decided resolution to depart immediately; adding in a very determined tone, that should any one attempt to prevent her, she would force herself into the presence of Sir Mordaunt, and demand of him retribution and dismission.

Edouardaheard her with terror; Edouarda had not yet learned, that, for those who are miserable, every thing that materially changes has a probability of ameliorating their condition; and that nothing nothing is so idle as for those to fear evil who have no hope of good.

The Confessor Galezza looked on the querulous nun while she spoke with eyes of peculiar meaning, which fometimes. however were diverted to the fairer and more interesting face of Edouarda, whose deep and almost convulsive fighs seemed to make him attend to her in despite of his efforts to appeale her more importunate companion. To the surprise however of Edouarda, the reverend Father rather acquiesced in than opposed the departure of Mademoiselle Frettemeule: seemed. to advise in cold and measured language her not waiting for the return of his fuperior; which was, he faid, extremely uncertain, inafmuch as he was attending a lady of high rank in a lingering hopeless illness. Galezza added, that since Mademoiselle was so very uneasy in her present uncertainty, he would consult with Mr. Camus, and endeavour to arrange every thing, fo that she might immediately.

mediately begin her journey. He would himself, he said, attend her to the next post-town, where he would provide the means of her proceeding to join the community she so earnestly desired to belong to.

The father retired, and Edouarda had no courage to remonstrate with Rhoda on her unkind resolution. So much indeed had her distress been increased by the discontent and ill-humour of her companion, that she hardly knew whether she wished her to stay. One benefit Edouarda had already derived from the disappointment she had recently experienced—she had learned to depend less on others, and more on herself: as the limbs acquire strength and sirmness by exercise, the soul gains fortitude and resolution from the necessity that compels it to act and to endure.

Edouarda was already in some degree conscious of this. She wondered that she had been able within a few hours to suffer

house; and that she should not continue in the comfortless state she now submitted to. The housekeeper, however, who appeared to have redoubled her vigilance fince the departure of Mademoiselle Frettemeule, left her very little time to meditate alone on the steps she should take; for, as if the good woman had been aware of her thoughts, and was determined to prevent whatever resolution the had formed upon them, Mrs. Gournay continually befreged her. Edouarda, though fatigued and vexed at being under the necessity of hearing the filly and fometimes superstitious gossip of this old woman, endeavoured notwithstanding to make an advantage of it, and questioned her as to many particulars in regard to her father: at what time he went out? whether he dined at any particular house? who had access to him, and at what time? Mrs. Gournay replied to many of these questions in a way which informed Edouarda of very little

little that she wanted to know; but she at length imagined she had collected, that Sir Mordaunt was usually out at an early hour of the morning, alone and unattended; that he always returned before ten o'clock; and that his servants frequently knew not when he went out or came in—except that they sometimes saw him at a distance in the fields or park, when, in obedience to his orders, they sedulously avoided him.

On the strength of this intelligence, and after a night which was not passed in sleep, (but in imagining various addresses to her father, and arming herself with resolution to encounter the first sight of him, and the first sound of his voice,) Edouarda arose with the earliest dawn of the morning. She had now been ten days the immate of her father's house: and this was the first time she had attempted to go without its walls. Trembling and doubting whether she should not render her comfortless state

still more so by the measure she had determined upon, she dressed herself in that haste and trepidation which fear generally occasions, yet recollected as she was about it, that as Sir Mordaunt was faid to be strongly attached to the ceremonies of the religion to which his family had always been devoted, her appearing before him in the habit of a nun during the year of her noviciate might give him an impression in her favour. Such a drefs she was in possession of, having worn it on her journey through Flanders by the command of the Abbess. who imagined it would be a protection against the insults she had been taught to apprehend. Edouarda, who funcied she had gained a step towards her father's heart, now put on her novice's robe and veil with more fatisfaction than they had ever bestowed on her before; and with still greater fatisfaction found the doors were not shut on the fide of the house she inhabited. She paffed

passed fofily through several gloomy rooms and long paffages, her heart fluttering like a frightened bird: for she knew not, at every step, whether the next door she opened might not lead her suddenly into the presence of her father. At length, however, she found a staircase, and came to a great brick hall, one end of which a woman was employed in cleaning; but her back was towards the affrighted Edouarda, who haftened to pass her, and gained a fort of porch, from whence an already opened door let her into the park. She fled across it as if she had been actually purfued, well knowing that had the housekeeper or some other of the servants feen her, fhe would have been compelled to return. Mrs. Gournay had told her that Sir Mordaunt usually took his walks in the fields beyond the park. To the fields therefore she endeavoured to hasten, though she was ignorant which among the fading woods, that every way fur-Vol. I. \mathbf{E} rounded

rounded her, were in the park, and which were beyond its paling.

A winding walk through a thick copfe promised her concealment, and she thought probably led to fome gate. Her conjectures were justified; for, after almost half an hour's walking, a park style offered itself, and she entered a green lane, where no carriage feemed to have paffed, fince the turf covered the few marks of ruts which were yet to be traced. None of the usual founds of rustic labour met the car; the morning was grey and heavy; and fcarce the remaining leaves, now deeply touched with autumnal yellow, trembled in the gale which usually attends the rising fun. Old oaks stretched their horizontal arms. almost meeting each other, across the unfrequented way which Edouarda now purfued—purfued merely because she had once entered upon it; for the folitude of the place, and the fear she felt at being quite alone fo far from every habitation.

habitation, had again funk her courage so much, that she was conscious she could not have spoken to her father had she met him. Once she had resolved to return; but the dread of being chidden by Mrs. Gournay, and fuffering for an abortive attempt, urged her on. A gate on the opposite fide from the park opened to a stubble field, which rose so much above the ground she had left, that, imagining she could command a view from it without being perceived, she entered it. There was a path which had certainly been trodden by human feet. It lay along under an hedgerow of oak and beech for five or fix hundred yards, and then, as Edouarda plainly discerned, stretched across the field to its summit, which she wished to gain, believing she could look from thence over her father's domain, and perhaps perceive the sea, which she knew was within a very few miles. Having satisfied her curiosity, she had

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deter-

rounded her, were in the park, and which were beyond its paling.

A winding walk through a thick copfe promised her concealment, and she thought probably led to fome gate. Her conjectures were justified; for, after almost half an hour's walking, a park style offereditself, and the entered a green lane. where no carriage feemed to have paffed, fince the turf covered the few marks of ruts which were yet to be traced. None of the usual founds of rustic labour met the ear; the morning was grey and heavy; and fcarce the remaining leaves, now deeply touched with autumnal yellow, trembled in the gale which usually attends the rifing fun. Old oaks firetched their horizontal arms. almost meeting each other, across the unfrequented way which Edouarda now purfued—purfued merely because she had once entered upon it; for the folitude of the place, and the fear she felt at being quite alone fo far from every habitation.

habitation, had again funk her courage so much, that she was conscious she could not have spoken to her father had she met him. Once she had resolved to return; but the dread of being chidden by Mrs. Gournay, and fuffering for an abortive attempt, urged her on. A gate on the opposite fide from the park opened to a stubble field, which rose so much above the ground fhe had left, that, imagining fhe could command a view from it without being perceived, she entered it. There was a path which had certainly been trodden by human feet. It lay along under an hedgerow of oak and beech for five or fix hundred yards, and then, as Edouarda plainly discerned, stretched across the field to its summit, which she wished to gain, believing she could look from thence over her father's domain, and perhaps perceive the fea, which she knew was within a very few miles. Having fatisfied her curiofity, she had

determined to go back to the house, and affign such reasons as occurred to her for her early ramble; for of meeting Sir Mordaunt she now despaired. Purfuing therefore the path for a few paces, fhe was fuddenly flartled by feeing close to her, and leaning over a gate in the hedge-row, a man, who at one glance she faw was not her father, for he was young, and had the appearance of a fportsman: a net full of game hung at his fide, and he had a gun in his hand. Edouarda alarmed, though she hardly knew why, would have retreated; then shought it would be better to pass on, while the fportsman would probably purfue his game: but fhe forgot how fingular an appearance in England any woman mult make dreffed as the was; and she was totally unconscious of the attractions of that youth and beauty, which would have made her in any dress an object of curiofity and admiration.

The young man, as if afraid the fair but strange figure he faw would escape him before he could ascertain if it was real or visionary, sprang over the gate, and approached her. "Forgive me, Madam," cried he, speaking as if he feared the lovely apparition would vanish into air; "forgive me if I take the liberty of asking-" Edouarda looked terrified. "I know," added the stranger, taking her trembling hand, " I know it is unufual to address a lady one has not the honour of being acquainted with; but your appearance in this remote place excites my furprise, as much as your form does my admiration. Pray, be not offended if I ask you who you are?—from whence you come?"

This was the first time Edouarda had heard an inquiry she so little knew how to answer. The distressing circumstance of being in her father's house unknown to him; of having now come out of it clandestinely to seek him, occurred to her.

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Her confusion increased, and the astonished inquirer repeated his question: "Perhaps," said he, "you think me impertinent; I am asraid I am so: but it is impossible for me to part with you without knowing who you are, and whether there is any chance of my ever seeing you again?"

"I live," replied Edouarda in a low and tremulous voice, " I live at the house of Sir Mordaunt Falconberg." The countenance of the stranger fell: " I might have gueffed at that," faid he, " from your habit. Sir Mordaunt Falconberg! Has he then the recluse of both fexes in his house? Is it become a monastery?" Edouarda had by this time recollected many additional reasons that made her shrink from the curiosity she had thus excited: vet, when she would have repulfed it, her courage totally failed her. "Whatever I am, Sir, or by whatever means I am here, I entreat you to let me pass: it cannot benefit

you to detain me; to me it may be of the most fatal consequence."

"I would not hurt you for a thousand worlds!" cried the young man. what harm can happen from your telling me who your are? You are so very unlike any being I expected to have feen here, that had I not beheld your face, and heard you speak, I should have imagined you to be one of the female ghosts which the country people believe are the only inhabitants of Palfgravebesides Sir Mordaunt himself and two or three monks—But if you are a fprite, you must at least bring with you airs from heaven! Speak to me, therefore, beauteous Nun!" Edouarda still struggled to get away. "Oh! no, no; by Heavens," exclaimed he with increafing impetuofity, "I shall be mad if you refuse to tell me who you are!" Edouarda now recollected that it was possible her father, so dreaded already, might fee her in conference with this

E 4

stranger.

flranger. He did not feem to be acquainted with Sir Mordaunt. The rifk, therefore, of telling her name might be lefs than that the might incur by his detaining her. "I know not, Sir," faid the, "the customs of England, nor how they may authorife your treating me in this manner; but it is at least cruel, when I tell you that it exposes me to very great inconvenience. Since, however, you take fo unhandsome an advantage of my unprotected situation at this moment, I must induce you to release me by telling you that I am the daughter of Sir Mordaunt Falconberg, and now unfortunately his only child. Late events on the Continent have driven me from the convent where I was educated, and I have been only a very fhort time an inmate of my father's house. Now, Sir, you must give me leave to return to it; I am expected—it is impossible for me to stay-I must hasten home."

" And when you get thither, most lovely

lovely Miss Falconberg, for heaven's fake let the first thing you do be to divest yourself of this dress, which, though you look like an angel in it, you should never wear to put your father in mind of compelling you to bury in a cloiffer charms that would adorn a throne, and furely are deflined to make for fome happy—oh, thrice happy being, a paradife upon earth! Do not, for mercy's. fake, leave me! Suffer me only to accompany you to the park pales. Tell me, do you often walk out? At what hour do you usually leave the house? What probability is there of my feeing you once more?"-" None," cried Edouarda; "I never leave the house, I dare not; my father-" Her voice faltered, and she could with difficulty articulate, " Now I do most earnestly entreat you to leave me, unless you would be my most cruel enemy, unless you would destroy me!"—" Perish the world rather!" answered the young man; "but

E 5

is it to be endured that the old necromancer of the Abbey should tyrannically immure fuch beauty and fweetnefs? I alarm the country," added he will fmiling, "I will call the posse comitatus, and befiege his fortress."-" You will kill me," exclaimed Edouarda, now ready to fink to the earth.—" No, indeed," faid her perfecutor, "only tell me when I may fee you again, and—" Edouarda now fuddenly wrested from him the hand he had continued to hold: and casting on him an imploring look not to follow her, fhe hastened into the wood in the park through which she had before paffed.

Edouarda had advanced almost half a mile through the wood, still looking back at every step she took, before her mind was sufficiently disengaged from the terror she had undergone to advert to that she had yet to encounter. But, as she approached the house, the fears which she had selt in leaving it again as failed

failed her: "I have failed, I have completely failed in my hopes, and have put myself in the power of a stranger; now, if the housekeeper should see and question me, or if I should be perceived by my father, what would become of me?" So great was the agitation this foliloguy occasioned, that her breath and the power of moving onward had almost forfaken the unhappy Edouarda; nor would she perhaps have acquired resolution to attempt entering the house, if the woman fervant who usually waited in her room, but who was generally more like a statue than a living woman, had not haffily advanced towards her across the narrow lawn between the house and the furrounding wood. Her countenance expressed that she was under the impulse of fear. "Oh, Mis," cried she, "where have you been? Had Mrs. Gournay feen you, you would have got me fo much anger for having left your door and the others open! She has been bufy

in getting some things for Sir Mordaunt, who is sick, and luckily for us both she has not missed you; but I, for my part, have been frighted out of my senses.—O dear me, what is to be done now? Step back, Miss, step back into the wood, pray do, and just change clothes with me; I can creep round a way you will never find, wrapped up any how; but if you are seen dressed as you are crossing the park, and just too under Sir Mordaunt's window, we shall none of us stay in the house three days longer."

Ah! thought Edouarda, who would wish to stay in it subjected to such a a arms? She however hesitated not to do as Rachael desired, and was soon equipped in her hat, gown, and check apron, while the nun's robe and veil were thrown over the maid like an handberchief and cloak, and she ran a centrary way, by which she said it was easy for her to go unnoticed to the house.

house, and Edouarda was left to make her way thither as well as she could.

Hardly dared she look up to the windows, as she passed under those which she had just been told were in the apartments usually inhabited by her father; yet her ardent defire to fee him, and the hope she had of being unnoticed in such a disguise, gave her courage to raise her head, and she perceived standing at one of the great old gloomy-looking cafements a figure, which she imagined was Sir Mordaunt. Soon, however, the person moved away; and as if it were possible Sir Mordaunt could have difcovered that she was not what she appeared to be, Edouarda hurried more alarmed than ever into the house, and, without meeting any one, found herfelf in her own chamber.

There, while she congratulated herself upon her escape, and resolved never again to hazard the terrors she had undergone, Rachael came to her, and took

back

back her clothes. At the fame time fhe appeared in great anxiety: "Ah! Mifs," faid she, "what shall I do about Father Galezza? When confession day comes for us servants, what shall I do? for I declare I had almost rather jump into the fire than tell the father: then, to be sure, he will set me such a penance as never was the like, and nobody can tell what it will end in."

Edouarda inquired in what respect she thought herself so much to blame? "To blame, Miss?" replied the girl. "Why, it was my fault for leaving of the doors open, contrary to the orders both of Mrs. Gournay, Mr. Camus, and Father Galezza.—'Twas my carelessness, to be sure; and oh, blessed Jesu! what a fright I was in when I found, upon coming to make your bed, that you was gone out! And if any harm had come of it, I must have answered for it, as indeed I must now to Father Galezza, and undergo a sharp penance too besides."

It now occurred to Edouarda that the could perhaps make a friend of this woman, who might hereafter be useful to her. The very idea of any one interested for her, and taking part in her deftiny, offered fomething like comfort. She therefore endeavoured to conciliate her by sympathising in her distress:—" Is then the father so harsh?" faid Edouarda. "Surely, my good Rachael, he will never inflict any fevere punishment for an error which is in itself so trifling, and which can be attended with no bad consequences. I would not for the world have you omit one of the most immaterial circumstances in your confession; but no doubt the father will absolve you—and accept this, good Ra_ chael, as a small token of my concern that you should suffer even a fear on my account."

The girl hesitated a moment, as if the receiving the money Edouarda offered would be an addition to the evil deeds

that already weighed upon her confcience; then recollecting perhaps some maxim of the father himself, which she thought there was a good opportunity to foliow, she curtieyed, and pocketed the guinea, recommending it to Edouarda not to say a word to Mrs. Gournay which might lead to a discovery of what had passed; and allowing no farther time for the questions which Edouarda was very desirous of making, she hurried away.

Then it was that Edouarda began to reflect on the occurrence of the morning, and to re-confider what the stranger had said.—He had spoken of her father as if he was an object of abhorrence in the neighbourhood, and the freedom with which he had addressed her, was far from giving her a savourable impression of the stranger himself; while a thousand apprehensions that her interview might be known to Sir Mordaunt, and increase the dislike he had to her, made

her reflect on the whole circumstance with pain. Alone, and without books or any resource, the oppression of her mind was almost insupportable; and after two or three days more thus passed, solitude and folicitude preyed on her mind: the want of air and exercise affected her personal health, and she thought herself certainly finking into the grave. That elasticity of spirit which had hitherto supported forfook her; she trembled at every noise, fancying she heard Sir Mordaunt in one of those furious passions which had been described to her, and that she was herself the object that excited it. All her conversations with Mrs. Gournay, and with Rachael, ferved only to depress her spirits more: they appeared more cold and gloomy than before; they fpoke of the expected arrival of the two priests as near at hand, when the whole house was to be put under a new and severe discipline. Mrs. Gournay informed Edouarda it bluow

would be proper that she should prepare herself for confession, and put her confessione entirely under the direction of these good men, submitting herself implicitly to their direction. Edouarda trembled at the idea, though the innocence and purity of her mind could be equalled by nothing but the misfortunes which so undeservedly overwhelmed her.

Among the acquaintance she had formed in the convent was a Miss Hervey, an English woman, about feven-and-twenty, possessed a very strong and clear underflanding, and had enjoyed the advantage of very extensive reading. Reduced by the circumstances of her father, who had loft his fortune in the war with America, to become a teacher of young persons, she had very wisely placed herfelf at a convent, to obtain the qualifications necessary for instructing others in French, and fine works; relitted and treated with contempt the efforts that had been made, on her first residing there, to induce

induce her to change her religion, she had been suffered afterwards to remain unmolested on the subject. Edouarda was particularly the object of her notice and affection, not only as a native of the same country, but because of the sweetness and fimplicity of her temper and character. The Superior of the Convent died, and her successor, much less a bigot, did not feem to recollect that the orders given in regard to Miss Falconberg were very ill observed, when she was fuffered to be fo much with her country-woman, a Protestant. Edouarda had a penetrating and inquiring mind: fhe had been a fufferer in her infancy from the aufterities of her religion; she was now disgusted by its mummery, and by that pretence to fuperior virtue which she observed among persons who were devoured by every odious paffion which they could indulge. The conversation of Miss Hervey had completed what her own natural good fense began;

began; and in fact Edouarda had long ceased to be a Catholic of the Romish Church, though still under the cruel necessity of undergoing forms, and assisting at ceremonies, from which her heart and her reason equally revolted.

The scene she was now in was not likely to reconcile her to those harsh and gloomy prejudices, to which she owed all her diffrefs, and which appeared to her to have banished her from the protection and the heart of her father. But, forlorn as the now felt herfelf, her actual fituation was infinitely less uneasy than that to which the looked forward when the two priests should return, before whose austerity and bigotry the ignorant and unrefilling votaries in the houfe appeared to tremble. could the endure the arrogant and peremptory manner in which they demanded implicit obedience? How evade the ferutinizing zeal, either real or pretended, with which her principles would

be examined; or the humiliations to which her want of enthusiasin, or of hypocrify, might expose her? Far from these ecclesiastics being the means of reconciling her to her father, there was every reason to apprehend that their interest would direct them to keep her at a distance from him. The little she had feen of Galezza had given her the most unfavourable impression of him; and from all the had collected of the auttere character of the Italian, he would be yet more formidable. Both might be expected every hour, and it was probable the first consultation they held would decide on her fate; a fate perhaps insupportable, and which there appeared to be no way of avoiding, unless fhe could succeed before their arrival in opening the heart of her father to fentiments of parental love.

The attempt to see him having once failed, all that related to it was now doubly arduous. Her spirits too were dejected,

dejected, and her health enfeebled; yet the apprehension that the priests would foon close every avenue against her, and the conviction that the could not be more unfortunate if she failed, than if she neglected to avail herfelf of the little time fhe had left, at length decided her. On returning from her luckless excursion fhe had remarked the apartments which were inhabited by Sir Mordaunt, and thought that if there was a fuite of rooms, or a gallery, beyond a door which opened to one fide of her own, it must lead to that end of the house where he lived. Mrs. Gournay had told her he was ill: it was unlikely then that he was out, and perhaps the weakness of his frame might foften the asperity of his temper.—It was worth the trial.

Edouarda, still believing that any appearance of adhering to the rules of a religious order would be a circumstance in her favour in the opinion of Sir Mordaunt, again put on her nun's dress, and

and liftening for near an hour with great fattention to the noises about the house, and watching for the lights, she believed every one was asseep save him she wished to see. From the apartments now known to be his, she thought a faint light was reslected on an opposite wall, and now with tremulous hands she began to try if she could open the doors that were between them.

The first lock which she attempted turned with very little difficulty; but by the taper she held she saw that the room it opened into was full of spare surniture and lumber. Great old-fashioned chairs, chests, and bedsteads were promiseuously huddled upon one other; with frames without pictures, and pictures without frames; escutcheons of all sizes and descriptions, and pieces of old statues, which seemed once to have been held in greater veneration, and to have been objects of adoration. One of these was a crucifix, either of stone or wood,

painted nearly to refemble an human body, and as large as life*. Edouarda had been accustomed to contemplate fuch representations; yet by the dim light she held, and amid so many objects rendered doubtful by the obscurity they were involved in, it made her shudder. She paffed however under it to open the door against which it partly leaned, and found herself in a matted passage; and now she trembled at her own footsteps, as flowly fhe crept along it, and even her breathing and the pulfation of her arteries were, from the profound filence, fo distinctly heard, that she fancied they must be equally audible to others, should this avenue lead to any other part of the house. It became wider and higher.— The floor was still covered with matting, and here and there against the wall was

^{*} This representation formerly very frequent in France on eminences or on quays, and sometimes here several roads met, is called un Calvaire.

an iron sconce made to hold a candle. At length one side of the passage broke into arches, and the chapel appeared below it, while the continuation of the passage or gallery where Edouarda stood went quite round to the organ-lost on the opposite side.

Fear of she hardly knew what, besides the dread mingled with hope that she should meet her father, now so entirely overcame the trembling inquirer, that she had no courage to go towards the organ. A strange apprehension of some fearful shape, concealed beneath the dark curtain that furrounded it, suddenly struck her; and abandoning her project for that night, she turned to hasten back by the way she came. The door by which she had entered the gallery was open, and fearfully she cast her eyes through it on the impenetrable gloom of the rooms she had before passed. As she hesitated a moment, almost doubting whether again to explore them, a deep and long-drawn figh Vol. I. feemed F

feemed to come from the other extremity of the passage, which she perceived led a great deal farther in an opposite direction from that which she had before followed. Terror, such as Edouarda had never been conscious of before, now seized her; she plunged into the dark labyrinth which she had seared a second time to pass, and with no other care than that her candle should not be extinguished, hastened as much as the nature of the incumbered rooms would admit to regain her own apartment.

Having reached it, and shut the door she had before been so anxious to open, Edouarda began with herself all those arguments that are usual in such cases; fancy, the wind, some accidental noise, all were called upon to account for her alarm, but all to very little purpose. The low moan, or rather hollow and broken sigh, still painfully recurred to her; and though she crept trembling to her bed, her eyes were frequently directed to the door where she thought the

it would perhaps appear.—At another the hope that she had discovered the means of seeing her father would have supported her, or she would have persuaded herfelf that it was his voice she had heard; but dread at this moment entirely counteracted those efforts which reason would have made to re-assure her, and it was long before her fears would suffer her to taste any repose.

Sleep at last relieved her; and when she awoke on the entrance of Rachael the next morning, the day was bright, and the sun shed his soul-cheering influence even among the gloomy walls and obscured casements of Palsgrave. Edouarda heard the voice of a fellow-being speaking to her with kindness. She opened the windows, and felt the breath of morning blowing pure and refreshing from the neighbouring hills; and the horrors of the preceding night were half forgotten, while her desire to see and be

F 2 received

received by her father returned in all its force.

It was certain that she now knew a way by which fhe might have access to him, for she was fure that he was regularly at mass; nay, that his room opened into some part of the building in which it was performed, from whence he might hear it when he was too ill to go down into the chapel. It would therefore be easy, could she once again summon resolution, to make her way through the avenue she had thus discovered, and throw herfelf at her father's feet, even at the altar. Surely he would not in fuch a moment fourn from him an only child, earnestly attempting to awaken his affection.

Edouarda, much as she had seen of the petrifying powers of bigotry, had yet no idea of the change it can make in the human heart.

Seated at her work at the only window she was suffered to approach, she

was arguing on her future plans, and endeavouring to conquer all her remaining recollections of the horror occasioned by the past, when, casting her eyes towards the cloifter which divided the court from the park, she saw the two priests in deep conference together: and all she had heard from Rachael of the confession which would be strictly demanded from every inhabitant of the house recurred to her with a fensation very wide of satisfaction: for to relate what she had done with a view to fee her father, would effectually put it in their power to prevent her ever seeing him at all. Rachael foon after came into the room to tell her that both the holy men were returned; and before the had time to rally her confused thoughts, they entered together.

Galezza was humble and filent—Golgota, an older and a different fort of man, faid but little, but what he did fay was fevere and fententious: he inquired of Edouarda the rules by which her

confessor in the convent she had lest had directed her: seemed to think the discipline had been too lax, and that the young penitent had not been sufficiently While Galezza therefore inflructed. questioned her on some points by his defire, and the trembling Edouarda was collecting all her presence of mind to answer him to as not to incur some severe penance, Golgota furveyed her. with looks, which, though fhe remarked, fhe dared not interpret; and the unpleasant conversation ended in his bidding her prepare for a general confession previous to the folemn celebration of what is called in France, "Le Jour des Morts*," now very nearly approaching .- These directions being given in an authoritative tone by Golgota, he took his coadjutor aside, walked up and down the room with him feveral times converfing in a low voice, and in Spanish,

^{*} November 2d, All Souls, when prayers are put up for the dead

which Edouarda did not understand: and then the elder repeating to her in a folemn and nasal tone what he had before faid, they departed together, leaving on the mind of Edouarda an impression it is not easy to describe. When, however, she had time to consider, this painful impression in some degree subfided. She hoped that the return of these men would bring some decision, and that she should either be received through their means by her father, or that they would advise her how to bestow herself, and contrive some means for her support. Edouarda had not yet learned how little superstition and bigotry have to do with humanity and morality; nor how many hypocrites, infenfible to the two last of these qualities, acquire ascendancy over the minds of men by the two first.

Sir Mordaunt had indeed been for many years completely priest-ridden.— The violence of his passions had plunged him into errors, which the weakness of his understanding made him believe these governors of his conscience could teach him to wipe away; yet was he so far from obtaining that internal peace which only conscious restitude can give, that his terrors increased in proportion to the domination of the men he trusted; and while life became every day more and more burthensome to him, he every hour considered its termination with greater dismay.

Edouarda, fanguine in her natural difposition, though depressed by the comfortless circumstances she was in, again
recovered resolution enough to pursue
her former projects; and having half
persuaded herself out of the visionary
terrors of the preceding night, she resolved to adventure once more to explore at least the chapel, and the passages
around it. As soon, therefore, as she
had finished her dinner, and disnissed
Rachael, she summoned all her fortitude,

titude, and fastening the door that communicated with the house, that nobody might enter from thence and miss her, fhe croffed, not without fome palpitation of the heart, the rooms through which she had passed the night before. The bright morning had disappeared in a cold and gloomy afternoon; it was already dusk, and through the broken flutters only was any light admitted to guide her way. The matted gallery was not much lighter; but with foft step she crept towards the arches, through which the whole area of the chapel was to be distinguished.

With aftonishment and terror Edouarda beheld kneeling before the altar a female figure wrapped in a long white woollen garment, like that worn by fome religious orders. Unable to move from the spot where amazement had fixed her, Edouarda, fearing to breathe, continued for some time to gaze. A deep and broken figh, resembling what she had be-

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fore heard, proceeded from the phantom (for such only could she believe it to be). With arms raised as in the attitude of earnest supplication, and then pressed as in agony to her breast, the sigure remained a second or two; and, again deeply sighing, arose from her knees, and slowly disappeared in the gloom which the fretwork of a fort of gothic screen threw over that side of the building.

Edouarda's eyes still remained fixed on the obscurity through which the shape had vanished, and it was a moment before she was collected enough to ask herself what or who this could be?—That it was some supernatural appearance her good sense would not allow her on reslection to believe, yet the height and general appearance of the form was totally unlike every semale in the house. From this vague and consused inquiry of the moment, Edouarda was roused by sancying she heard footsteps slowly approach

proach along in the matted gallery.— Variety of terrors then affailed her: fhe at once dreaded the re-appearance of the unknown person or spectre, and the detection of those who were interested in watching her, and almost instinctively hurried through the deferted rooms, not daring to close the doors after her, and fearing either to look behind her, left the fearful penitent of the altar should glide after her; and yet dreading to find fome one with hostile countenance waiting for her, who would reproach, and perhaps punish the curiofity that had led her from her room. The two monks were, above all, objects of her apprehensions; and as she crept through every door, she figured to herfelf one of them waiting to feize her, and confine her with menaces and remonstrances to her own apartment.

She arrived there, however, unmolested but by her own fears; and, gasping for breath, wondered as she fastened

the last door after her what could have engaged her a fecond time to leave it. The figure she had seen, and for whose appearance it was impossible for her to account, haunted her imagination inceffantly. She fancied she faw it floating along the dark end of her room, or standing at the most distant door, and, if she slept for a moment, started suddenly at the idea that it was at the foot of her bed: while she dreaded to undraw her curtain, lest it should there again present itself. It happened that Mrs. Gournay attended instead of Rachael to take away her candle, and fasten the door: and as she seemed in one of those filent and fullen humours which Edouarda had by this time observed were frequent with her, it was hazardous or useless to venture asking any of those questions which might give her some light on the subject ever in her thoughts. An anquiet night was followed by a day as much disturbed. Though she could not

expel what she had seen a moment from her mind, still it resisted the idea of any thing supernatural; for though brought up in the very bosom of superstition, Edouarda had never heeded the tales with which idleness and ignorance occupy the otherwise listless hours of existence. Yet how was it possible to account for what she had beheld, since certainly there was no woman who oftensibly inhabited the house at all like the sigure that had presented itself before the altar of the chapel?

Another day passed, and Edouarda, far from again yielding to the impulse that had urged her to explore the apartments which she supposed to be inhabited by her father, dared hardly turn her eyes towards that entranee to her room, and occupied herself more than once, in trying whether the door was as secure within side as it could be made.

Towards evening, making this examination for the last time, Edouarda was startled

startled by a noise which she had never remarked before. She listened, not without dread, but foon distinguished it to be the voice of one or other of the priefts finging vefpers. This convinced her that she had not closed all the doors between her room and the avenue to the chapel, in her last precipitate re-But strong as her fears were that this might lead to a detection of her attempts, they did not give her refolution to pass that way again; and an undefcribable terror, which she selt to be greater than the occasion ought to have impressed, had taken uncontroulable possession of her mind.

To add to this, Rachael, who now refumed her attendance, gave her a strange vague account of a man, a stranger, who was supposed to have no good design, that had frequently been met in the park, and disappeared in a very extraordinary manner, before it was possible for any of those who had seen him to ascertain who or what he was. Had not the other equivocal shape been ever present to Edouarda, she would probably have given but little attention to this story, but her spirits were in a state that made her tremblingly attentive to every thing; and when Rachael, in answer to her questions, began to describe the person who had been thus feen, it fuddenly occurred to Edouarda, that his appearance refembled that of the young man who, addressing her in her walk, had so much alarmed her. Numberless vague conjectures then passed through her mind. Surely this rash and strange young man (of whom she had thought very little fince her fears of her walk having been discovered had subsided) could never have undertaken the strange project of introducing himself into the house, and appearing as a woman? Yet if fo wild a plan had occurred to him, it would not be in the chapel where the priests resorted so constantly that he would

would feek her clandestinely, and at an hour too when it was very improbable she would be found there. This conjecture seemed therefore too absurd to be long dwelt upon. But that the park visitor might be her transient acquaintance did not seem very unlikely, when she recollected the vehement asseverations he had made, that he must and would see her again.

Edouarda therefore, though she selt not the least partiality for the stranger she had casually met, and but for the sear he had occasioned her would hardly have remembered, was by no means easy when she heard, that orders had been given by Golgota, to the parkkeeper, to take out the blood-hounds, and endeavour to discover the haunt of this intruder, who the father strongly suspected had a design against either the sish or the game; for he had once been observed by the vigilant ecclesiastic himself, who being (no doubt bidding

his beads) in the willow wood, which crowded over the great pond, had unexpectedly beheld an unknown person dart across the narrow green path, leading to the dairy farm at the extremity of the park; and had also once seen one, who he thought was the fame man, fuddenly emerge from the dark shrubs near the cloister, and hurry across the turf into another holt of trees, with a velocity which the father fo much despaired of equalling, that, though it was moonlight, and the supposed marauder was distinctly feen, he did not choose to follow him. He apprehended however Sir Mordaunt's wild fowl, fish, and venison to be in danger of diminution; while Edouarda, hearing of his fears, apprehended that the supposed robber might have a very different object of pursuit, and fhe felt from that supposition greater disquiet than could eafily be defcribed.

The alarm, however, like every other of the kind, died away, and was almost forgotten.

114 THE SOLITARY WANDERER.

forgotten. Nothing was missing about the house and grounds—the park-keeper could trace nobody with his blood-hounds —and Edouarda had soon no other disquiet than that of preparing for her confession, which was now very soon to be made.

Under pretence of instructing her, and preparing her for this, Galezza took frequent occasions of visiting her. He not only questioned her on the rules enjoined her in the convent, with which he appeared to be by no means fatisfied. but expressed some doubts as to the principles she had acquired there; and her wavering and doubtful answers on points which he thought the most material, led him at length to inquire who were then her particular friends and most intimate acquaintance; and Edouarda having acknowledged (what she suspected Galezza had already heard from Sister Rhoda) that a Miss Harvey, an Englishwoman, and a Protestant, had been her favourite

favourite companion, he deplored in very energetic terms the dangerous state into which his penitent had fallen, and declared it to be absolutely necessary that, under the directions of Father Golgota, he should put her into a new courfe of discipline. -- Edouarda's heart funk within her. Surely the penance The was already condemned to was fufficient. A stranger in her father's house, depending on the will of persons who were themselves interested dependants, without one friend to whom she might apply for counfel, one bosom on which fhe might repose, and uncertain what was to be her future fate, it seemed to be a dreadful aggravation of her sufferings, if she were now to be condemned, at the mercy of a priest, to undergo perfonal punishment for undefined crimes. Yet of such it was certain Galezza spoke; he perceived the painful impression his conversation made on his innocent auditor, and as quickly understood the advanadvantage he could make of the fears he had thus the power of inspiring.

After this unpleasant conversation, he fuffered Edouarda to remain a day unmolested, leaving what he had faid to work its whole effect on her mind. the evening the artful Jesuit visited her again, and very folemnly entered into a disquisition on the fin of thinking on any fubject whatever, but those recommended by the spiritual directors of the parties. He defired her never again to recall to her mind any of the pernicious, the hellish doctrines she had heard from the young woman with whom she had been fuffered to be so improperly familiar; bade her remember the strictness with which she had been taught to confess her very thoughts; and intimated that the only way to escape a very severe and immediate punishment, would be to confide to him in a private conversation every present emotion of her heart, previous to the general confession which she

would be expected to make in a few days to Father Golgata. Edouarda, in whose young mind the early tyranny of bigotry had not fo far crushed its native energy as to make her fears now wholly conquer her reason, collected courage enough to ask Galezza, whether it was any crime in a daughter to with to fee and be received by her father? The monk, startled at the manner of her asking this question, hesitated a moment, and then answered, "Undoubtedly it is a crime, if you would fee him contrary to his inclination."-" And," rejoined Edouarda with quickness, " is a father guilty of no fin who repulses, who abandons his child!"-" That-that-" faid Galezza, "that depends—on—in short, Mil's Falconberg, you are now committing the grievous fin against which I have been cautioning you. You are thinking, instead of submitting and canvassing the duties of other people, when you are enjoined to practife your own." -" Should not duties be mutual, reverend father?" again asked Edouarda.-"Yours," answered he sternly, "is implicit obedience to the will of your father."-" So it shall be," said Edouarda, "when he deigns to fignify his will."-" He speaks by me," cried Galezza with increased asperity.-" How can that be, Sir," replied Edouarda, " when he does not even know I am in his house? Father Galezza," continued Edouarda, acquiring new refolution from the consciousness that she was right, "if to wish to throw myself into the protection of my only parent be a crime, I have been guilty of a very great one; for I will now confess to you, that being refused admission to him by his servants, which feems to me most unjust and unnatural, I have more than once tried to break through the barriers thus raifed between us, and have attempted to find my way alone into the presence of Sir Mordaunt,"

Edouarda,

Edouarda, as she hazarded this confession, kept her eyes fixed on the countenance of Galezza. She saw him turn pale, his lips quivered, and an expression of mingled sear and resentment took possession of his seatures. Edouarda trembled; but she had now gone too far to recede, and with a fort of desperate resolution suddenly resolved to relate the whole. In a voice tremulous from apprehension she proceeded:

- "Not believing it possible, Father, that I could greatly err in attempting what seemed to be a part of my duty, I own to you, that I went out one morning at an hour when I thought it possible I might meet my father."
- "You went out?" faid Galezza eagerly; "and whither?"
- "Beyond the park; I know not the name of the place, but—" the recollection of the person she had seen then added

added to her confusion; "but I did not meet Sir Mordaunt."

Galezza affected to be thunderstruck with her foliy and rashness. "Meet him! How could you hope to meet him there? But that was not your only attempt?"

- "At another time I endeavoured to find my way through the house; but then I was equally unsuccessful."
- "Some person," said Galezza, in agitation he tried to check, "some person has urged you to this wild and indiscreet undertaking. I insist upon knowing who was your adviser?"
 - "Indeed I had none."
- "And did no person know of your having left your room with such a defign?"
- "The fervant who waits in my room, Rachael, faw me by accident as I was returning."
 - " And that she has thought proper to conceal.

conceal. It is well. Now, Miss Falconberg, it must be my care, first, to inform my superior of your misconduct; and, secondly, to consult with him on the means of preventing the like for the suture."

"You might easily do that, Sir, if you would give me any good reason why the daughter should be forcibly held at a distance from her father. I would submit to reason, nay, I would submit to my parent's commands though they should be unreasonable."

"Reason! You dare talk of reason! I see what must be done to stille this dangerous, this refractory spirit. Unhappy young woman! you know not what you seek in defiring to see Sir Mordaunt Falconberg—You would perhaps lay up for yourself miseries to come, too intolerable to be borne by a mind so little used to religious submission as yours. Would you irritate the distracted mind of a man already subject to fits of invol. I. G. fanity?

fanity? and tear open the wounds that months and years of pious confolation have never been able entirely to heal?"

" Is my father subject to fits of infanity? Good God! and his only child is kept from him!—Oh, holy man!" added Edouarda, throwing herfelf into a supplicating attitude, "holy man! have mercy upon him and upon me; and let me, oh! let me try if the voice of nature cannot make itself be heard-if the child, a dutiful and affectionate child he shall find me, cannot speak peace to his disturbed soul! - Was it my brother's death that has so sadly affected his mind? furely he will then find confolation in feeing he has still a daughter, who will weep with him for that fad event! Surely reason, humanity, nature---'

"I will talk to you no more!" cried the Monk, breaking from her as if unable longer to trust himself with her affecting pleading. "I go to secure your personal safety, if that of your soul is less easily easily to be ascertained. By what means, after the orders that have been given, did you traverse this house?" He was near the door, but stopped as he asked this question.

Edouarda, who thought no other opportunity might offer for her to have all her apprehensions cleared up, then summoned courage to say, that through a door in her bed-chamber, which probably had been forgotten, she had penetrated into the chapel.

- "And what did you observe there?" cried Galezza, eagerly and angrily advancing towards her.
- "Nothing," replied Edouarda, "the first time, but the usual furniture and ornaments of a chapel."
- "And the second?" exclaimed the Jesuit, with a countenance so pale and serve as made her shudder.
- "The second time, I saw a woman, a Nun I should have thought her, kneeling before the altar. I was frightened,

G 2 for

for I believed it was nobody belonging to the house."

- "That form," faid Galezza in a hollow voice, "was not a living woman! it was the condemned spirit of thy miserable mother!"
- " Of my mother!" fhrieked Edou-
- "Of thy wretched mother! who for her fins—beware, girl, how thou followest her example—of disobedience to the Holy Church, and for her faithless conduct towards her husband, is condemned to slames and anguish—torments which are increased by consciousness; consciousness perpetually renewed; for at stated periods her now vainly repentant ghost is permitted to revisit the scene where her evil deeds were perpetrated, and to mourn and lament before the altar of that power which her perverse and contumetious spirit, when in the sless, resulted to obey."

Edouarda could hear no more; she fank

fank into the first chair near her in a state of insensibility, and Galezza disappeared. When the unhappy Edouarda awoke from her trance of terror, it was quite dark; and the recollected with fuch dread the last fearful words she had heard, that fhe dared not look round the room, but, feebly creeping to the door which led towards the fervants' rooms, attempted to open it to call Rachael. It was, however, fastened without side: and finding all her efforts to pass through it ineffectual, she sat down by it, from a confused idea, that she was there nearer fome human creatures than the should be in any other part; the fight of Rachael would now have been the greatest relief to her-the usual hour of bringing candles, and making up the fire, was certainly past. Yet Rachael came not; all was difinally filent, and fo dark without, that she could but just distinguish the window from the wainfcot of the room. Terror, as she re- G_3 collected

collected Galezza's words, had again nearly rendered her infensible, till at length a noise was heard without the door. Rachael appeared with a light, and Edouarda in a transport of fear and affliction threw her arms around her, and sobbed convulsively upon her bosom.

Rachael foon gave her to understand that she knew the cause of her present distress; her own eyes indeed were red and swoln. "Ah, Miss!" said the poor girl, "what have you done? What will become of us now? Father Galezza threatens—"

"Threatens!" exclaimed Edouarda:

"Ah! Rachael, dear Rachael, what can he do to render me more completely miserable than I am already? Oh! Rachael, save me from this place; let me go, though I should become a wanderer in the fields, and live upon the wild fruit of the hedges; let me go—My father, he says, is mad—Oh! how dread-

ful!—And my mother, who I thought was a faint, an angel in heaven!——My heart finks—I cannot bear to recollect what he faid of her."

"Why, fure," cried Rachael trembling, "what did he say? He has been very angry indeed both with Mrs. Gournay and me for letting you, as he faid, ramble about the house, and go into the chapel, and threatens to have us both penanced by Father Golgota. Ah! dear Miss! how could you do so? But, as I told the Father, it was none of my fault. Holy Mary! how should I know the doors were open? It was no business of mine to fee them fast. For my own part, I would not go through them there rooms, and into the young Squire's as was, that joins them on the left, for all the world. Come, come, Miss, don't cry and take on fo. What is, you know, none of us can help. What must be must be. Sinful mortals as we are, we must bear our forrows as well as we can.

G 4

What if his honour, your father, is touched in the head or so, it's no fault of yours—And for the poor lady—but don't ask me, dear Miss, don't talk to me about it—pray don't—you know I am bound to give an account of all that passes to the Confessors to-morrow; and to talk more about it would only be getting into more anger both for you and me. You would not, Miss, wish to have me put under severe discipline, and suffer I don't know what, and all to do you no good."

"If it were to do me good," answered the weeping Edouarda, "I would not, Rachael, ask you to suffer any thing; I would not be the cause of any harm to you for the world; but can there be any harm in being humane and charitable, and having pity on my misery? for indeed, Rachael, I am very miserable. I shall tremble now at every noise I hear, thinking it may be my poor father raving; and then the dread of seeing my mother—"

Rachael

Rachael seemed extremely affected; yet the terror with which the priests had inspired her conquered her natural sentiments, and with a countenance in which affright was very evidently expressed fhe said, "Dear Miss, do, pray, for this one night, quiet your mind, and make yourself as easy as you can. May be things mayn't be fo bad as you think. His honour, Sir Mordaunt, may come to; and, perhaps, after to-morrow, when Father Golgota gives orders about things before he goes away, he may give leave for you to have some more pleasant days. Come, come, dearest Miss, be comforted, pray do; I'll go and get you fomething warm. Lord be good unto me! Why, you are as cold as a marble stone. It's enough to make one all of a tremble to feel your hands."

Rachael then, partly as if to avoid any farther conversation, and partly to relieve the personal sufferings of Edouarda, put down the candle, and hastened

to procure her fome relief, with which fhe promifed to return in a few moments.

Rachael was faithful to her word: she presently returned with what she deemed fomething good, which Edouarda was eafily prevailed upon to take. The maid then busied herself in making up the fire, which was quite extinguished; and while she was bustling about to avoid all discourse, Edouarda, in compliance with her advice, got into bed; when Rachael, having made every thing as comfortable as she could for her, at length ventured to approach her, and faid, "Now, Miss, don't you be afeard-if Mrs. Gournay and another person, who need not fee you, come through your room to go out at that door, that there has been all this here piece of work about: for my share I can't go, nor I won't go, and fomebody must do it; so Mrs. Gournay, as fhe is the fittest person, have undertook it."

Edouarda fearfully inquired if Mrs. Gournay had any intention of speaking to her or reproaching her? "Let her spare me to-night," said she: "if to have sought my father be so great a crime, and I have not already suffered enough, let me at least be permitted to remain tranquil to-night. Alas! my own thoughts are sufficiently painful to me; yet have I nothing to accuse myself of, surely, that in any other house would be called a crime. Certainly I am particularly unfortunate!"

Rachael, who dared not answer for what was intended, could do no more than accede to Edouarda's earnest entreaty that she would stay by her till this ceremony of shutting the doors had passed. In a quarter of an hour Mrs. Gournay entered, attended by some perfon, whom, from the heaviness of the step, Edouarda believed to be one of the priests; but dreading, as she did, their speaking to reproach her, she dared

not either enquire or look. They were gone a confiderable time, and again passed through her apartment, filent and with heavy footsteps, as before: when they were departed, Edouarda, whose fears all this had rather aggravated than appealed, exerted all her efforts to persuade Rachael to remain with her the whole night, offering her a part of her bed, and even trying her fidelity with promises of emolument, and of prefents of clothes; but Rachael, whether from fear or integrity, refisted these temptations, and affured the innocent unhappy tempter, that so far from being of any fervice to her, any disobedience on her part to the orders of Mrs. Gournay and Father Galezza would only occasion her to be dismissed from the care of those apartments, and that she could then never fee or ferve her at all. With this Edouarda was at length obliged to be content. Rachael, at her request, went round to every door to fee they

were fast, and that which led through the anti-room to the fervant's fide, she promised to lock without, and not to let the key go out of her possession.

Amidst the half slumbers and uneasy visions of a troubled night, Edouarda reflected from time to time on the means of releasing herself from a situation which became every hour more and more insupportable, and in which to remain seemed as useless as it was painful. " If," faid she, "my father be decidedly infane, I shall never be admitted to fee him, or, being admitted, thall be unknown, or be confidered as a stranger or an enemy. These men who seem to have possession of his effects, and the custody of his person, have undoubtedly obtained their power by means which, helpless and ignorant as I am, I cannot counteract. I am too probably in their way; and what are they not capable of doing to remove me?" This thought led to others. "Good God! how can

I tell but that my mother, my poor unhappy mother, fell a facrifice to the arts of these, or men resembling these? and they would now perhaps blacken the memory of her whom they have destroyed. I have always heard that my father was very rich. These priests posfess his property, and would drive away his only furviving child. I have been told, even in my convent, stories that might well authorize fuch a conjecture. There is furely nothing uncharitable in translating the looks of Galezza as foreboding me no good. I do not indeed quite understand what they mean, but methinks I would encounter any difficulty, any hardship, in another mode of life, rather than meet them often. Yet whither can I go? Alas! an alien from my infancy, I have not one friend in England that knows me, that can be interested about me, unless indeed it be Miss Harvey. And I know not where she is, or whither she went when she

was, like me, compelled to quit St. Quintin. Besides, how could I endure to become troublesome to her, who is herself a dependant, and in no comfortable circumstances? But, indeed, it is useless to consider to whom I could go, when to escape from this place, and reach any, where I could find an asylum, seems alike impossible.

On Rachael however finally refted the little hope that Edouarda entertained, either of escaping from her mournful confinement, or being enabled to endure its inconveniences till her escape could be effected. There are some persons, who, from a finer tact, a certain intuitive fenfibility, can, without having had much knowledge of the world, judge of the feelings and dispositions of the persons with whom they have occasion to converse. Edouarda had a great deal of this natural judgment; and she fancied that Rachael was withheld only by her fears and prejudices from following the dictates dictates of a naturally good and compassionate temper.

It happened, fortunately enough for Edouarda, that this humble friend had a heart better than her understanding. The latter, by the awe she felt for her fuperiors, by the prejudices of fuperstition and the fears of punishment, was frequently enfeebled, and became fubfervient to any of the persons who had acquired a temporary or rather a spiritual power over her; but her heart was tender and affectionate; she could not bear to see distress; and the pity she felt for the forrows of others, had frequently brought on her forrows of her own. Rachael was yet young; and among other private grievances had lately been separated from a lover, the fon of one of Sir Mordaunt's tenants, who had been compelled to quit his farm, and go to service in a distant county by the feverity of Camus, in regard to arrears, and, as Rachael thought, at

the infligation of the Monks, who difliked the family because they were the only tenants on the estate who were not Catholics. Rachael dared not complain of this act of tyranny; but it made a deep impression on her mind, and embittered it against the managers of the house, whose lives were; as she now began to think, passed only in oppressing and rendering others miserable. From continually feeing instances of this, and feeling her own hopes withering in the dismal subjection to which she was condemned, the began to question the right of the Jesuits to the authority they exercised: and when power is fixed on no firmer basis than that of superstition, the moment the oppressed venture to examine it, the superstructure trembles to its bafe.

The tears, the terrors, the gentle complaints of Edouarda, as well as the dependance she seemed to have on Rachael as her only friend, had already produced

produced a great effect on the mind of this girl. Common reason, and that consciousies of right which dwells in the most uninformed minds, urged her continually to ask herself, whether these two men ought to keep away a child from her father, and to possels themselves of all authority and property in a house, when the right heir to it remained as in a prison? Yet the reason that produced these inquiries was not fufficiently strong to enable the mind that made them to combat the dread with which she had at an early age been inspired. Rachael was by no means in the fecrets of the internal part of the house. She knew that Sir Mordaunt was at times deranged in his mind, and she firmly believed that the spirit of Lady Falconberg, notwithstanding the pious endeavours that had been used to pray it out of purgatory, was still enduring its pains; or only exchanged them for the melancholy alternative of wandering about its former

formerabode, tormented and tormenting; and ideas of this terrific shade, and others with which the legends of Palfgrave Abbey teemed, had been so early (for she was the daughter of a man who lived on the domain) and fo long impressed on her imagination, that she as little doubted of their reality as of the existence of the objects daily before her eyes. Still, however, she thought it very sad that her young lady, who was fo innocent and good, and " to be fure had never hurt any body," should be made so unhappy in her home where she ought to be mistress. On a disposition thus prepared, Edouarda began once more to try all the persuasive arts she was mistress of.

The fo much dreaded day of confession was over, and Edouarda soon saw that what she said to Rachael had great effect. The latter became by degrees much less reserved; ventured to tell things that had been whispered in the neighbourhood of some actions of Ga-

lezza which accorded ill with the fanctity he pretended to; and hazarded repeating what had long been whispered in the country, that the great lady with whom Father Golgota passed a considerable part of his time did not court his company from motives altogether spiritual. .These hints served only to add terror to the apprehensions that Edonarda already entertained of the two Jesuits. But when fhe began to discourse on the possibility of escaping from their power, she found that Rachael could not give her any affistance. Herself the daughter of a petty farmer, but little above a cottager, she had no idea of the world beyond what she had seen. Her parents had not the power, nor would they it was almost certain have the will, to conceal any one from the fearch that would undoubtedly be made after them. And they were fo poor, that nothing could be obtained from them to carry the fugitives farther. Various conferences therefore

therefore with Rachael, and various schemes debated in her own mind, served only to convince Edouarda that she was effectually a prisoner, and that, how uneasy soever her residence might be, it was impossible for her to leave it.

The total confinement which she was now obliged to submit to was extremely dreadful. The hope of feeing and being received by her fath r had for a long time supported her; but now, without any fuch prospect before her, she was not only decidedly a captive, but exposed to the visits of Galezza, which she every day disliked more and more. As the authoritative tone he had taken at first had, as he plainly perceived, produced diflike rather than fubmiffion, he gradually and artfully changed it; affected first to desire only to be useful and instructive to the young lady, advise her to re-commence her Italian studies (which Edouarda, had any other person proposed it, would eagerly

142 THE SOLITARY WANDERER.

eagerly have agreed to); then contrived, by bringing her Italian books and reading to her some celebrated pasfages, to conquer the first reluctance she had shewn, and afterwards took occasion to flatter her, distantly and delicately. Edouarda, notwithstanding that he thus actually made fome progress in subduing the extreme diflike the had at first conceived, could not however prevail upon herself to have any confidence in him: there was fomething in his look that always made her shrink; and though she at length accepted fome books and occasionally read Italian to him, she never did the latter without previously contriving to have Rachael at work in her She could not bear the idea of being left alone with the Jesuit; nor, much as she languished for information in regard to her father, would 'she lay herfelf under any obligations by asking of him any questions whatsoever. This coldness and even aversion on her part,

as she took little pains to disguise it, Galezza saw from the first; but he knew his own power too well to be easily discouraged, and the very anxiety and earnest ness with which he meditated how to conquer it, aroused new ideas, and opened to him prospects which he had never till then ventured to contemplate.

Whatever were his views, he gradually receded from the austerity he had at first assumed, which he was now convinced could not intimidate, but might effectually difgust, the young recluse. His principal, father Golgota, being now gone, he pretended to be unwilling rigoroufly to enforce the orders left with him, and more defirous of appealing to that good fense of obedience and submission, which he affected to believe was inherent in the mind of Edouarda, than folicitous to infift on the duties which he was enjoined by his station to see her perform. Edouarda was too well pleased with the effect of this resolution of the Father. Father, to inquire very minutely into the cause. She knew that, whatever might be his intention, she never could be so much the dupe of his art as to confide in him, and thought that she might very fairly take advantage of his hypocrify, to obtain for herself such alleviations of her present uncomfortable situation as it would admit of.

He had himself acknowledged that Sir Mordaunt was in an insane condition of mind; of course he was no longer likely to be walking alone at any hour in the park, or about the grounds; and Edouarda imagined one great objection to her being allowed air and exercise must be removed. She took occasion therefore to observe to Galezza, that her health had already suffered from long confinement, and that, as she would promise to make no attempt to see her father while he remained in his present unhappy state, she thought her confinement might be mitigated.

Galezza

Late as it was in the season, Edouarda found in the freedom of wandering about Vol. I. H the

146 THE SOLITARY WANDERER.

the park, as much fatisfaction as any thing could now bestow. It was very extensive, and in many parts overshadowed with old trees, the growth of centuries. They were now half stripped of their foliage; and the ground, beneath oaks fo immense as to be worthy to have been consecrated by the Druids of Mona, was strewn with their red leaves; but the fir woods flill afforded shelter from the winds, and dry walking beneath them; a long plantation of pines and firs on a gentle declivity of the park, terminating among the aquatic trees that were grouped near the water, was the favourite walk of Edouarda.

She had now enjoyed her rambles about a week; and as nothing had ever appeared to justify the precaution of her taking Rachael with her (who was often wanted by Mrs. Gournay when Edouarda wished for her attendance), she resolved to venture alone. Her enjoyments were increased, while the difficul-

ties

ties of her going out were lessened. The gloom, not displeasing though affecting, of every object around her, impressed no fear; and if, as not unfrequently it happened, the idea of what she had seen in the chapel, which was now faid to be the spirit of her mother, crossed her mind, she shuddered, yet hardly with a fensation of apprehension. Tears filled her eyes, and, still doubting whether Galezza believed himself what he had told her, she felt something like a vague vet fearful wish to be able herself to ascertain of what nature the vision was which had at first caused her so much consternation and amazement.

By degrees, the natural good sense and rectitude of her mind taught her to argue more rationally on this subject. "Is it indeed," said she, as she reslected on it, "the spirit of my mother? From her, during her life, though I was hardly three years old when she died, and do not remember her, did I ever receive any

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thing but kindness and affection? From her then, what should I fear, if her disembodied spirit be permitted to return from another state of being? And if it be true, that spirits so existing are conscious of what passes here; may it not soothe that venerated and beloved spirit should her daughter be known to her? Yes, I will collect courage to address this dear shade, if a shade it be, should I ever be suffered again to behold it."

When Edouarda began the foliloquy that led to this refolution, she was in the pine coppice. It was dusk though hardly four o'clock; the air was remarkably still; and hardly a bird fluttered among the firs and underwood that crowded on each side over a very long strait walk that was once grass, and would still have been so but for the drip of the trees. She cast her eyes forwards toward the place where the evergreens mingled with the aquatic trees on the banks of the great pond, and she beheld about three

three hundred yards down this walk a figure moving towards her; but fuch was the distance and the obscurity that it was impossible to tell what it was. Ali the resolutions she had just formed vanished in such extreme dread, that every limb trembled, and a cold dew was on her face. To remove her eyes from the still approaching figure was however impossible, but it was too remote for her yet to distinguish what it might be. Edouarda stopped, from mere inability Her knees refused to supto go on. port her. She had passed a bench about twenty yards higher than the spot she was now at; and fearing she should fall, fhe flowly retreated towards it, still looking behind her, and fat down. Her retiring feemed to hasten the person approaching her.

Galezza was, she knew, gone out for some days. Her fears did not therefore point towards him, when she observed the shape approaching her was in man's apparel. Her giddy admirer, the young sportsman, then occurred to her; or it was, perhaps, some other wanderer, who might give her even more cause for alarm. But there was now no longer time for conjecture. A person was already at her seet. In sigure it was a youth of seventeen or eighteen. In look, in size, and even in voice—it was herself appearing to herself!

The undescribable emotions of Edouarda kept her filent and motionless; while, taking her trembling hand, this phenomenon spoke to her: "I am at length fortunate enough to see you— Edouarda, speak to your brother!"

"My brother!" cried [he, hardly able to articulate. "Have I a brother?— Oh! no, no, they are both dead—dead, long, long ago."

"The elder is indeed dead, Edouarda, and I have been believed fo—I have been cruelly used, by the order too of my own father.—Oh! you cannot imagine imagine what I have undergone, Edouarda, or by what extraordinary means I have got hither.—Do you doubt that I am your brother? Does the likeness between us say nothing in my favour?—Dearest girl," continued he, throwing his arms round her, "do not you too cast me off, and forsake me.—Pity me, my sister; pity yourself, and let us unite in our endeavours to vindicate the injured memory of our mother, if indeed only the memory of her remain, and to demand of a cruel father justice for her and for ourselves."

Edouarda was still unable to reply rationally; amazement seemed to annihilate her faculties.—The young man was by this time seated by her—his arms supported her—and by relating slightly his own history, he endeavoured to reassure and convince her that she really spoke to her brother.

" I have no recollection," faid he,

" of being fent away from this place;

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for I was an infant in the cradle.—You know, perhaps, why I was at that innocent and helpless age abandoned?"

"Oh, no," fighed Edouarda; "indeed I never heard."

"Nor I," rejoined her brother, "till lately; nay, I did not even know who I was. I was brought up till I was twelve years old as the fon of an Italian pealant, and then received out of charity, as it was faid, at a convent of Dominicans, where I was destined to take the vows. A most extraordinary aceident discovered to me, eighteen months ago, who and what I was .- I cannot now enter into particulars—Suffice it to fay, that I found a protector in an Englishman, who not only took the greatest pains to ascertain my family, but furnished me with money to escape to England, and now expects with friendly zeal the fuccess of my endeavours to make my father acknowledge me. - Edouarda, my dear fister, recollect yourself; look

not, tremble not thus.—Ah! you little know the caution I have used not to alarm you, and with what difficulty I have stifled my earnest desire to speak to you before. Answer me then, Edouarda! answer me, and tell me you are glad I have found my fifter. I cannot express myself well; I have learned English only lately. The poor lay-brother, the servant of a convent, has had but a bad education, my dear fifter; but he has a heart above his fortunes, and it is warm towards you. - Do not look, then, as if you were forry that we had met-that I come to you thus, as it were from the grave!"

"From the grave indeed!—Forgive me, my brother: my heart is ready to burst with sensations that I cannot define. So strange does all this seem, that I dare not give way to my joy, lest it should be all a dream.—But tell me, what can I do for you? What do you propose to do?"

H 5 "Galezza

154 THE SOLITARY WANDERER.

- "Galezza is now out," answered the young man,
 - " Only for a few days, I believe."
- " And are you very fure that the state of Sir Mordaunt is such as has been represented?"
- "Alas! I have never feen him, brother. The greatest pains have been taken to exclude me from a sight of him: and if it were once known, dear Henry, that you were here—I know not exactly why it should be so—but I am very sure that there is nothing those two priests would not attempt to keep you from a sight of our parent—nothing they would not do to divide us from each other, and both from Si Mordaunt."
- "Their motives," answered young Falconberg, "are easily understood; they are at present masters of all Sir Mordaunt's property, and whatever intersers with their possessions must be unwelcome.—Return, beloved Edouarda, to the house: to-morrow I will again

again meet you here, or in any other fpot that you shall name as fafer; I have a friend to whose kindness I owe it that I am here—to him only I am obliged for the power of leaving Italy, and of travelling to England: without him I have done nothing: it is by his advice I have fought you in this our paternal domain; about which I have long hovered; have often feen you when you little imagined any one was near you; but never till this evening have I had an opportunity of speaking to you alone. Tell me, who is the fervant that fometimes accompanies you? Is there no means of making afriend of her? Then perhaps I could obtain admittance to the house, and we could confult together in greater fafety. But no time must be lost in this-If Galezza returns before our plans are digested, we may be baffled; if Golgota should come back, they most undoubtedly will."

The trembling and still-astonished. Edouarda promised to attempt, ever-

that night, to engage the female servant to confent to their interviews; and, as it was by this time nearly dark, Edouarda, afraid of reproof from Mrs. Gournay, became defirous of hastening to the house. Her brother took her arm within his, observing that there would be no danger of their being feen at that hour and amidst the obscurity of the walk where they were. Edouarda had not yet recovered her aftonishment .-" My brother!" faid she; " is it indeed true that I have a brother?—that Sir Mordaunt, who has never ceafed deploring the death of one of his fons, should have another whose existence he wished to conceal?—Surely, dear Henry, there is some frightful mystery about our unhappy family, which we cannot penetrate—fomething that condemns us to fuffer in filence the penalties of errors not our own."

Falconberg replied in a low and grave tone: "There is, my fifter, a cruel myfterytery—Wicked arts have, I fear, been made use of—perhaps—but let us not depress each other to-night; you have undergone emotion enough, and believe me, dearest Edouarda, I have had my share.—To-morrow, at the same hour, or at any other that you will name, where shall I meet you?"

"In the fame spot where we met tonight—It is never frequented, I imagine for you are the only human being I have ever seen in it."

They were now advanced to the middle of the willow wood—A heavy mist was rising from the water, and Falconberg seemed impatient of his sister's stay lest her health should suffer; yet it was with pain and reluctance they parted. He pressed repeatedly her hand to his lips, and besought her to take care of herself for him.—" You, Edouarda," said he, "you and I are alone in the world—let us love each other as if we had been brought up together."—Edouarda arda answered him with equal tenderness: "But whither," said she, "go you, dear Henry, to-night? And who is the friend to whom you are so much obliged? I have always understood that there were very sew gentlemen's houses in this district, and that our poor father has kept them all at so great a distance, that they had long since ceased to remember that our family existed, or if they did it was only to despise and avoid us."

"All that," replied Falconberg, "is generally true; but an exception has been found in my favour in a manner which I have not now time to relate.— We have much, my Edouarda, to fay to each other—Be it your care to find an easy and fase way of conversing."— Edouarda then again took leave of him, and they separated. He followed her with his eyes, for her white gown could still be distinguished through the increasing darkness, and at length the willows and fallows hid her wholly from his

fight; and Edouarda, when she was conscious he could see her no longer, stopped and listened; she wished still to hear his footsteps, but all was profoundly silent; and, breathless with the variety of emotions she had felt, and which had not yet subsided, she sound herself in her own room, and was very glad to observe that Rachael, when she came up, did not appear much surprised at her long absence.

It was necessary to hasten the inquiry now to be made, whether the indulgence obtained from this servant would be extended to the reception of her brother—Her brother! the certainty of her having so dear a relation, and one who appeared so amiable, seemed, while Edouarda reslected upon it, to be a dream from which she trembled to awake.—"My brother! my Henry!" she repeatedly exclaimed, "is it possible you live, and are all that the fondest parent could wish, yet are disowned, banished—discarded by your father?—What is this fearful

fearful mystery that has occasioned so unnatural a separation? What must the heart be made of, that could fo abandon you? Or what must have been the arts which have thus closed that heart against you? For, whatever may now be Sir Mordaunt's state of mind, he was not always fo injured in his intellects as that this can be imputed to madnefs." Thefe reflections were followed by a thousand fears, lest her brother being discovered by the men whose interest it was to keep him for ever unknown, he might yet become the victim of their intrigue.— Edouarda felt alfo a confiderable degree of dread, left the afcendancy which the Monks had over Rachael might be refumed, and her feeing her brother rendered dangerous or perhaps impossible. The ignorant and prejudiced poffess little force of character; perhaps therefore the very means she took to obtain opportunities of conversing with her brother, might be those that would betray him. Such apprehensions, though they deprived her of rest, sailed of lending her resolution to speak to Rachael on the sollowing day; yet almost the commonest observer would have seen by her starting, unsettled manner, by her restless and wandering eye, and the little attention she gave to any thing that was said, that something pressed on her mind from which she could not amoment disengage it.

It happened that on this morning Rachael had received news of the lover, from whom she believed the unseeling artifices of Camus and his employers had divided her; he was, she had now reason to hope unchanged by absence, and she longed to have an opportunity of talking about him, and of the slattering hopes which his letter had renewed of suture happiness. Edouarda was the only person to whom she could disburthen herself, and she began such preliminary discourse as would, she thought, lead to what she had to say; but Edouarda, occupied with

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the new and interesting discovery she had herself made, attended not with her usual good-nature and unaffected affability, but walked about the room, put on her hat, took it off, observing it was too early to walk-went into the antiroom-returned-then went thither again; for that window looked over a part of the park—at length Rachael remarking fomething extraordinary, made an excuse for following her-when her young mistress, fixing her eyes on some distant object, uttered a faint shriek, and turned pale; still however attempting to keep the object in view which had apparently alarmed her, till Rachael eagerly inquiring what was the matter, Edouarda cried: " My brother, it is my brother!" and funk almost lifeless on the window-feat.

Rachael, whose head was filled with the story of the ghost of Lady Falconberg, and other imaginary beings, with which superstition had peopled the house,

now imagined that a new recruit was added to the spectres she had been used to hear of; she had no idea of any other brother that Edouarda could have, but him whose funeral she had been witness to: her terror therefore was equal to that of Edouarda herfelf; and it so much affected her, that when Edouarda, who thought this a good opportunity to explain the truth, began to entreat her to listen a moment with attention, it was with great difficulty she could persuade her to be quiet and hear her, and to forbear running down to the housekeeper's room, to inform its inhabitants that the apparition of Mr. Falconberg had appeared in the park.

Edouarda, who had watched the cause of her alarm till she saw him disappear among the woods, and was sure he was no longer visible from any of the windows of the house, by this time sufficiently recovered herself to relate to Rachael all that had passed the preceding evening a

evening; and she had soon the pleasure of finding her auditor took it as she wished. To the unadulterated mind of a fimple country girl, neither fophistry, however artfully put, nor prejudice, however early impressed, could reconcile the cruelty of feparating the child from the parent; and to the common rank of women there is fomething particularly interesting in a pretty young man "who oft to be a rich gentleman, and ride in his own coach, and fuch-like, being fent away beyond fea on purpofe that he middent have his right herritage."— Exactly in this light the fituation of Falconberg happened to strike Rachael; and neither the sublimest eloquence of all the ci-devant Doctors of the Sorbonne, nor even the fear of penance from the fathers Golgota and Galezza, would now have been able to shake the resolution she formed to do all in her power to affist Edouarda in skreening him from the artifices of the priests, and endeavour

deavouring to introduce him with fafety to the prefence of Sir Mordaunt.

Edouarda having thus succeeded beyond her hopes in engaging the secrecy and fervices of the only person who could affist her, endeavoured to calm her own spirits for the interview of the evening; but her having discerned a figure at a distance in the park, which fhe was fure was Falconberg, had fo alarmed her left any other person should also have seen him, that she sound it impossible to quiet her mind, or to listen with any thing but forced and pretended attention to the history Rachael gave of her prefent expectations and prospects, which at another time she would have heard with benevolent pleafure.

Edouarda, when Mrs. Gournay vifited her room, trembled with apprehenfion; she fancied her secret visible in her face, and watched every word and look of the old woman to see if she could observe nothing like symptoms of discovery, discovery, or like sly projects to circumvent her. No unusual circumstance however appeared; yet, as the hour approached when Edouarda was to meet her brother, her agitation and anxiety became almost insupportable.—He was waiting for her; and while he eagerly expressed the pleasure he felt in again feeing her, Edouarda gently chid him for his indifcretion in appearing in the park at an hour when it was fo probable that he would be feen. " My dear fister," replied young Falconberg, "do you imagine that I can long paffively fubmit to the degradation I have hitherto undergone? Do you suppose that I will lurk like a felon about my father's house, and fee my rights and yours usurped by fuch men as Golgota and Galezza? No; I have stooped to fuch humiliation till I could fee you, till I could confult with you, and unite our interests as our affections are united; but when once I know what will most quickly enable me to throw off the yoke thus wickedly impofed,

posed, trust me, Edouarda, your brother is not of a temper to remain passive under it."

However she was pleased with his spirit, Edouarda could not hear this declaration without shuddering. All she could do was to endeavour to soothe and appease him. By means of Rachael they were now sure of being able to see each other with some degree of security; and their interview of the ensuing evening passed in explanations, and in the history of their lives, since they had, when children yet in early infancy, been banished from the paternal house.

Edouarda's story was simple, and soon told: the latter part of it, however, excited anew the indignation of her brother, when she described her situation on her first arrival. His own was more sull of incident.—" I have no recoltection," said he, " of ever having been in this house, or of any other state than that of the child of an Italian peasant, named

named Rafaelle Tozetti, a fort of gardener and dependent on a convent of Dominicans, near Zaffita, a village on the banks of the Po. I was conscious of no other name or consequence than what was borne by two other boys about the same age; we ran about the fields of the Milanese, lived on little else but the wild fruits we could gather in them, added to a small portion of rye bread, or beans, with oil or a little piece of bacon. Our supposed parents made us all work equally, as foon as we became respectively big enough; and Enrico was as little exempt either from subfisting on the hard fare or fharing the labours of the cottage as his brothers Stephano or Angelo. I grew however strong and robust, and had little idea of any other felicity than a play-day at those seasons, when there being no necessity for our labour, we might wander about the country, enfnare small birds, and roast them after our own manner, between fome heated flones, under

under a group of chesnut-trees, the fruit of which served us for bread; then chase the cicala, or lucciola, till we had tired ourselves, and sleep beneath the shelter of the next tuft of shrubs till day-break. I learned however of the village schoolmaster to read and write. My first subject of concern was being fuddenly removed from this fimple life of comparative freedom, and taken by a Monk, called Fra Gabriello, to the convent in our neighbourhood, where I was directed to assume the functions of a fort of fervant, or young lay-brother, and was gravely informed, that, if I acquitted myself well for a few years. I should be admitted a member of this religious house. I had no evil propenfities, but the dread of becoming a Monk determined me at once not to behave well. I was lectured, threatened, beat, and sometimes half-starved-I behaved still worse; and being by that time a flout boy of fifteen, I determined Vol. I. I one

one fine evening to bid an eternal adieu to the dread I had of what these reverend fathers intended for me; and, accompanied by my brother Stephano, who was two years older than I was, and who desired to see the world, set gaily forth by moonlight: and being used to walk much and eat little, we reached without difficulty the distant port of Genoa; and entering ourselves as ship-boys merely for our food, on board the first ship that would receive us, we soon found ourselves at Marseilles.

- "I suppose I behaved much better there than among the fathers of the order of St. Dominic; for the padron, master of the vessel, was unwilling to part with me, when Stephano, having made what he thought a better bargain for himself, entered on another ship going to the Levant.
- "Gratitude had always the power of attaching me: I felt it for my master, who voluntarily offered me the same

wages as Stephano had demanded. I was now too left alone in the world, and my padron feemed in place of the connections I had left. With him I went to Barcelona; where, and on the voyage, I learned a little English, French, and Spanish, and the patois spoken on the coast of the Mediterranean, which is neither French nor Spanish. My master, on my fecond voyage, had given me more decent clothes, and increased my little stipend. I was become a tolerable failor, and prided myfelf on being a fort of interpreter when there happened to be any passengers in the ship who could not fpeak Italian. now been almost eighteen months abfent from the convent, and was returned for the fourth time to Genoa, when, as I was walking one evening on the quay, I was very roughly accosted by Fra Gabriello, the Dominican, who had, for I know not what reason, always been particularly officious in troubling himfelf

about my affairs. He seized me, and delivered me to the custody of two strong men, by whom I was, without any question as to the justice of the proceeding, forced back to the convent, and confined in one of the cells—so closely confined, that my escape appeared impossible.

" It was in vain that I remonstrated on the injuffice of this proceeding-The very name of justice, or moral right, was unheard of among the Dominicans. It was in vain that I declared I had the most invincible aversion to a monastic life, and never would take the vows. The holy men thought they knew how to compel me. I called upon Rafaelle Tolzetti, my father, whose property alone I confidered my felf to be till I was of age. Natural as well as moral law was to yield to the fuperior power of the church, and I was told that Tolzetti did not dare reclaim me even if he had an inclination, which I was affured

affured he had not. I was one day more clamorous and indignant than usual, and fpoke to Fra Gabriello, who generally attended me, with more than my former afperity. I represented how very unjustly I was treated, and inquired why Stephano had never been fought after and brought back? The Monk might eafily have faid, Because he had never been received as a domestic of the convent; but thrown off his guard by my impetuofity, and the unanswerable arguments I drew from truth and nature, he anfwered, that the escape of Stephano was of no consequence, mine of the utmost importance; and this for the first time gave me a vague and half-formed idea of I knew not what. I faw, however, that the Dominican had no fooner uttered these words than he repented of them, and tried to recall them, or explain away their meaning; observations which put my mind on the stretch, and made me inceffantly ponder on what he

could mean, and how it happened that I was of greater importance than my brothers, or than fo many other boys whom I had known either voluntarily difmissed by their poor parents to seek their own bread, or who, weary of hunger and of restraint, had wandered away, without ever being heard of, because they never were inquired for more.

"It was in vain, however, that I perplexed myself with conjectures; and though I still thought I saw something extraordinary in the looks and manner of the Friars I was now permitted to converse with, no clue was likely to be found while I was confined; and the restless desire I selt to find one, added another motive to my eager wishes to be once more at liberty.

"This was not to be hoped for, while the Monks had reason to fear I should again try to make my escape. They had taught me that equivocation was in all cases justifiable—What wonder

der then if, deaf to that internal voice of integrity which still whispered in my heart, I turned against themselves the maxims they wished to teach, and deceived them who had taught me the lesson of deceit?

" This therefore I practifed, though not without many internal ftruggles; and so successfully practised, that, after a confinement of above two months. I was restored to as much liberty as confisted in my becoming again a servant of the convent. At first I was narrowly watched: but after a little time the fathers believed, from the unconcerned and even cheerful manner I assumed, that I was perfectly reconciled to the mode of life they had chosen for me, and again I was instructed in the fort of learning which is supposed to qualify a man for becoming the inhabitant of a cloifter.

"Tolzetti, my reputed father, had, befides my two brothers, a daughter called I 4 Pernella,

Pernella, who had been married at an early age, as is the custom with Italian girls, to Bernardo Razzi, a fmall farmer in the neighbourhood. The young woman was uncommonly handsome; and both Tolzetti and his wife loved her with more affection than they did the rest of their children. The poor woman, my supposed mother, went early one morning to help her daughter through the day in some household bufinels. At the door the was met by Razzi, her fon-in-law, whose wild air and enflamed eyes terrified her. She inquired the cause; and Razzi, as he rushed by her, fiercely bade her seek it above stairs. Trembling and terrified fhe entered her daughter's room, and found her unfortunate Pernella stabbed in feveral places, and weltering in her blood on the bed. She was not however dead, but able to confess to her mother, that having been long importuned by Fra Giacomo, one of the Dominicans.

nicans, to grant him an affignation, the had agreed to admit him that morning when the knew her husband was to be out before day, to go to a distant town; but that he by some means or other having intelligence of this appointment, returned the instant he saw the monk admitted, who escaped from the window while Razzi had wreaked his vengeance on the miserable woman. The mother of Pernella, frantic with grief, collected about her all the people within hearing of her cries; and while one ran for a furgeon, another fetched old Tolzetti from his garden; and a third, as if glad of every occasion to complain of the Monks, flew to me, and, breathless with haste and zeal, told me that Razzi had killed my fister on finding her locked up with one of the brothers of the convent; that my mother was raving over her quite diftracted, and defired I would come to them directly. Indignation against the people by whom I thought myfelf already

ready fo deeply injured, affifted the speed with which I ran towards the farm of Razzi. There I indeed found Pernella to all appearance dying, and her mother. adding the constitutional vivacity of her own temper to the ardent spirit of the Italian, was uttering execrations against the Dominicans, which, while the hearers acknowledged they were just, made them fhudder. Suddenly she turned from her dying daughter, to whom another friar was now administering the last facrament; and feeing me among the crowd, flic feized my arm, and cried aloud, " Here! here! look here on Enrico-Enrico is another instance of the wickedness of those men!—Encrico is no fon of mine—Enrice is no fon of Tolzetti— No, no, he is stolen from an English fignior; they fay, that it was done to fave him from being Eritico; but do not believe it, my neighbours. We fhould never have been paid as we have been, if that had been all. Enrico, I

tell you, is stolen from his parents for some bad and wicked ends; and these, these, are the holy friars; these wolves that come into houses to kill and destroy, and carry away honest men's chil-In this manner the wife of Toldren!' zetti ran on, in despite of all that could be done to appeale her. Her hulband. who had been at some distance when this confusion began, by this time made his appearance. He dispersed the crowd, filenced the clamours of his wife by his authority, and, as Pernella was not dead, fet about informing himfelf of the furgeon whether she would die. But unable to obtain any satisfaction from a man who was little better than the barber of the village, he went himself to fetch Fra-Paoli, the monk, who practifed furgery and medicine in the convent. he was gone, I was left alone with Mother Therefa, who had hitherto paffed for mine; and not to disturb the poor wounded creature whom she lamented. defired her to repeat to me in a low voice what she had just said. Then for the first time she seemed conscious of her imprudence, and even half inclined to retract; but I told her I had other evidence befides hers, and that hers had been given in too public a manner, and before too many witnesses, to make her recantation possible. I felt however that it was neceffary for me to escape instantly; I staid only to make memorandums with a pencil, of fuch names and dates as Therefa could recollect; and quitting the poor woman, wholly occupied by the hope of recovering her daughter, I hastened to leave the village of Zeffita as far behind me as possible, and never stopped, till, through bye-ways, I reached the small town of Bergamisi, eleven miles distant.

"I then debated with myself what I should do. At Genoa I thought it certain the Monks would seek for me. I bent therefore my steps to another port, and,

and, after a good deal of fatigue and fasting, reached Livorno.

" It then became necessary for me to confider what I should do, and to whom I should apply for assistance to return to my native country. I had not till now suffered myself to doubt of the facility with which I should be restored to the rank I had been fo unaccountably degraded from. But now that I faw English people daily before my eyes, and heard a language of which I only knew a few words, yet to which I was to establish my claim as being that of my ancestors, I saw all the difficulties of proving what and who I was; and was afraid of being repulsed as an impostor, perhaps sent back as such tothe Fathers of St. Dominic. I was deflitute of money, and among strangers; men who, collected from every quarter of the globe, were occasionally assembled at Leghorn for the purpose of traffic. It was not likely that persons so engaged

engaged would have much time or inclination to listen to a wild and improbable history, related by an Italian boy. I was conscious too, that on my first essay depended my ultimate fuccess; and that if my story was carelessly listened to or rudely contemned, I should hardly have the courage a fecond time to tell it. My wants however began to be very preffing, and I was to refolve. I walked fome turns backwards and forwards in the great street, examining the countenances of all who passed me. In some I thought I faw only a fordid attention to gain; in others, I fancied there were traces of some trouble or discontent that engroffed the individual too much to allow him to attend to the calamity of another. At length I observed a young man whom I immediately knew to be an Englishman. He appeared above the common rank, and rather like one travelling to gratify his curiofity, than with views of mercantile profit. His countenance

tenance attracted my confidence, yet I knew so little English, that I feared to accost him in that language. I approached him, however, and asked in Italian, if he had time and patience to listen to an unfortunate English youth, who was, under the most extraordinary circumstances, divided from his country and his natural connections. He looked earnestly at me, feemed struck with my manner, and asked with some surprise if I spoke of myself? I answered in the affirmative. "Surely," faid he, "you are an Italian?" I replied, that I had been brought to Italy in my earliest infancy, for purposes of which I had no comprehension; but that an extraordinary event had lately been the means of informing me that I was the fon of an English Baronet of the name of Falconberg, and that I could produce some testimonials which might convince him of it. There is something in good and generous minds that bids them fcorn the paltry fears of imposition, fince

184 THE SOLITARY WANDERER.

fince of any fuch arts they feel themfelves incapable. My new acquaintance took me with him to his lodgings, and heard my story. I produced the letters I had taken from Therefa Tolzetti, and he feemed convinced that I was the person to whom those letters related. It appeared however very strange. that a father should thus banish his infant child, and try to forget his very existence. "But," said my new-found friend, musing, "I think I recollect having heard that there was fomething very fingular in the character of Sir Mordaunt Falconberg; though, not knowing him, I gave little attention towhat was faid about him. However," added he, "I shall be very glad to be of any use to you, both as my countryman and as one labouring under oppression. But not having been in England these two years, I cannot be fo well acquainted with the manner of proceeding as a friend of mine who will

be here in a few days, in order that we may embark from hence together. And now I remember," added he, "this friend of mine can perhaps lend us fome light as to the cause of your father's conduct; for, though he is not a native of England, he has lived for some years in Yorkshire, and his connections are very much in that county. In the mean time, as I fear you have been exposed to many inconveniences in your precipitate flight, confider my lodgings as your own, and me as your banker for any trifling fum you may want." I expressed my gratitude for this generosity in a way which I suppose confirmed my friend's opinion that I deferved it; and our conferences afterwards appeared to strengthen his regard for me. In about four days the friend he expected arrived. He was older by fome years than Mr. Eastcourt, my first benefactor: but he did not feem less generous or humane. Mr. Warren had

feen a great deal of the world, about which he had now been wandering fome years, partly for his own amusement and partly on the public affairs of America, for he was a native of that continent. His mind was the most enlightened I had ever observed. Considering himself as a citizen of the world, and all mankind as his brethren, his whole business feemed to be to counterast the ill effects of all those prejudices which teach them only to tear and destroy each other. Speaking several languages with equal facility, and having made the general forms of government as well as the paffions of individuals his study, he was possessed of the means of doing a great deal of good, and no occasion to do it ever escaped him. When Eastcourt had related my story to him, and he had examined the documents which confirmed it, he hefitated not to fay that I should instantly apply to some Englishman of fashion at Rome, who by application

to the Pope would obtain an order to compel the Dominicans to shew their authority for detaining me. "These," faid Mr. Warren, "are not times when priests can with impunity violate all those lines of moral rectitude which other men agree to hold facred. A few years ago they might have had power to force back this poor young man, and have condemned him for life to the austerities of a monastery. But, thanks to the spirit of inquiry, the parent of all that is good and laudable, the fetters fo long patiently endured are every day falling off! Mankind will hourly become more enlightened, and therefore more free, and priettcraft will foon be as little an inftrument of tyranny as witchcraft. Suppose," added Mr. Warren, addressing himself to Mr. Eastcourt, " that instead of going, as we intended, to wander about Calabria, which we can do at any other time, or do without, we were to go to Rome; take your young client

client with us, and endeavour to deliver him from the usurped power of these Monks, while we afcertain his right to an establishment in England? for to do one without the other will be rendering him but little service, fince we know, I think, that England is not a country where a man accustomed to poverty in Italy would find his condition ameliorated; fince the poor or those of humble circumstances in England find it very difficult to exist at all. Eastcourt, all benevolence, and eager to finish the good work he had begun, agreed to the proposal of his friend. I was properly equipped to accompany them, and we fet out for Many advantages besides its Rome. main object attended this journey. learned English of my generous friends, and had the good fortune to make hourly advances in their effeem. I faw all that was best worth seeing, and by degrees lost the rusticity of the Italian peasant, and acquired fomething of the manners of my protectors. Mr. Warren knew fo well what he was about, and the advantage the actual state of European politics gave him where he was, that within a fortnight he obtained the order he folicited; and leaving Mr. Eastcourt and me at Rome, he went himself to the Dominican convent.

" Alas! my Edouarda! it is now that I come to that part of my narrative which I hardly know how to communicate to you, fince I have not yet recovered the shock it gave me. Nor indeed shall I ever learn to think of it with steadiness. Edouarda, it was my father, Sir Mordaunt, who at the period of early infancy, and even before I was a year old, had expelled me from his house and his name. He had, he said, no child but my elder brother—that brother who is fince dead. Nay, he had ordered that I should be kept entirely ignorant of my family; be brought up as a peafant boy, till I was old enough

to be professed, and not fatisfied with that, he had directed information to be fent to England of my death. Of all this, unnatural and strange as it appears, Mr. Warren brought me fufficient proofs. One of the brothers of the convent came by the direction of the fuperior to Rome. He gave me the most undoubted conviction, that nothing had been done but by the orders of Sir Mordaunt; fome of which he shewed me figned by himfelf; and when, in a state of mind difficult to describe, I questioned the Monk as to the motive that could actuate Sir Mordaunt, ah! Edouarda! his answers were such as made me tremble, and fometimes recede from the inquiry; then impelled by the most painful folicitude to lift the veil from your fate and my own, I again urged it -again shuddered and defisted."

Edouarda had heard him with a beating heart, and in profound filence; he now paused, for such was his emotion that he could not proceed. The confused thoughts of Edouarda pointed towards her mother; what Galezza had faid returned in all its force to her recollection; she dared not however hazard fo painful a question to her brother, as whether he had heard any reflections cast on the character of that mother, as a reason for the conduct of the father towards her children; vet the answers he alluded to, and which he said had fometimes made him tremble at the inquiry, and fometimes recede from its had undoubtedly a reference to those cruel suspicions. The fear that all Galezza had faid might be founded in truth was terrible; nor could the reason of Edouarda at that moment relist the fearful idea that the troubled spirit of an unhappy woman wandered round the fcene where she had lived in guilt, and died in misery. It seemed like becoming herself one of her mother's accusers, should she repeat this to Henry. Shame and

and tendernessalike prevented her speaking of it, yet by her deep and almost convulfive fighs it was easy for him to see that she already knew what he could not without shuddering relate.

"The pretence then," continued Henry in a low voice, " the pretence under which Sir Mordaunt Falconberg has acted in this manner, is—the mifconduct, as he fays, of our mother. He has imagined—I fay imagined—because I dare believe it never existed but in his own difeafed imagination, a legend of perfonal infidelity—a connection with I know not what young friend of his own, whom he met with in Italy, and received into his house. Those artful and designing Monks, one of whom, Golgota, is, I understand, still about him, were much more likely to invent this infamous calumny, than, from all I have been able to learn of my mother, the was likely to be guilty of a crime."

"Yet," faid Edouarda in a faltering voice,

voice, "yet are they not fatisfied. Their malignity pursues her hapless children; nay, it persecutes her even beyond the grave. The story which you, my brother, have heard, perhaps with more minute circumstances, has been related to me; and they have told me, that a mysterious sigure I saw in the chapel, when I was attempting to obtain admission to my father—they have told me, Henry, it was the wandering and perturbed shade of my mother!"

A stroke of electricity could not have had a more sudden and violent effect than these words: "A mysterious sigure that you have seen, Edouarda? Tell me, I charge you, instantly, what you saw—tell me, dearest girl, while I am yet able to hear you."

Edouarda, whose alarm and agitation were increased by the manner in which her brother spoke, endeavoured to collect courage enough to relate her motives for exploring the house at hours when Vol. I. K

The hoped she might unperceived obtain admission to Sir Mordaunt, and what she had observed in consequence of it. When fhe had concluded, he asked her with great emotion, whether it was possible for him to get into the chapel by the fame way she had entered it on the evening when she had seen this extraordinary appearance? This brought on a narrative of what had happened in confequence of her confessing to Galezza the attempt she had made. "Oh!" cried he, " if that be all, fear not but that I shall easily find means to force the doors, in whatever way it might be in his power to fecure them. Edouarda," continued he in a folemn voice, "I have fearful reasons for believing that some dreadful mystery does hang over us. In such fuspense I cannot rest. Delay, so far from relieving, will only irritate anxiety. Edouarda, I must see this questionable form. You say Galezza is out; the opportunity therefore cannot be

more favourable——if, indeed, I had not determined to fcorn all his malice, and fet myfelf at once above the confequences. To-night, however, you must determine to admit me; and perhaps, dear Edouarda, a few hours, or at least a few days, may restore us to our rank in society, and restore our unhappy father to himself."

Edouarda, though naturally fanguine, dared not flatter herself that her anxiety would so soon terminate. The very eagerness and impetuosity of her brother was to her an additional reason for doubt and apprehension, if indeed the consused and uneasy ideas she entertained of her sather made her dread less Henry should incur some personal risk. Having however told him, that in consequence of her arrangement with Rachael she could safely admit him, and dreading herself the return of Galezza, nothing was to be said to put him from his design, whatever it was. Edouarda, however, before they parted,

K 2

that

that she might prepare the way for his fecret reception, befought him to tell where he had taken up his abode fince his residence in the neighbourhood. "Oh! be not in any pain about me," replied her brother. "A cottage-and to a cottage you know I have from my earliest infancy been accustomed—a cottage, believe me, Edouarda, affords to him who has watched or worked throughout the day, the sweetest and most unbroken flumbers. I cannot fay, however, that I have tafted much repose hitherto in mine, which is a very poor hut, constructed by its humble inhabitant, about two miles off at the foot of the wolds: I have not rested much, because ever fince I have been there my mind has been constantly agitated either in devising means to see you, or by the difappointment of the plans I had formed. Often, as I have lingered about the park, I have fled eagerly to some object at a distance, my heart beating with the hope that

that it was my Edouarda; but I have been cruelly baffled. I approached either a peafant with hurrying and affrighted steps crossing the domain on a nearer way to the next town, or fome fad and folemn-looking fervant, who eyed me with an expression which immediately caused me to hasten away as fast as possible; while seeming to doubt my reality, none shewed any inclination to pursue me. Once or twice I have nearly met one or other of the Monks face to face; but furely the consciences of these fathers must be ill at ease, since they seem to me to be haunted by apprehensions which ought not to be the companions of their extraordinary piety. Not long ago I crossed il reverendissimo padre Golgota, in the narrow path between the willows on the pond-fide; but far from attempting to detain me with his fecular arm if I was an intruder, or to exorcife me if I was a mere vision of the night, he made the

К 3

best

best of his way from me towards the house with a degree of velocity which really surprised me. After that I became less fearful, and ventured to approach dearer to any object I saw at a distance. Indeed, my apprehensions were never very great; for I thought, had a close contest arisen, I could have made a to-terable stand against any of the persons I had ever seen."

Edouarda longed to learn some farther particulars of his journey to England, but the hour approached when he could be most fasely admitted to the house. The signal was to be the great clock tolling nine, at which hour the servants assembled to their supper, all but Rachael, who had been lately requested by Edouarda to share hers. Mr. Camus and Mrs. Gournay were engaged in the housekeeper's room, for they by no means approved, at least on their own account, of any severe degree of deprivation; and the part of the house

house through which her visitor was to be conducted, would, Edouarda knew, be at that time free from passengers or interruption.

All fucceeded to the wishes of the innocent adventurers, and Henry Falconberg once more found himself in the house of his fathers.

The idea predominant in his mind was what he had heard of his mother; and some farther yet vague information which he had formerly received, appeared to have created a degree of painful curiosity that nothing but a thorough inquiry into the subject could appease. He tried, therefore, as soon as Edouarda pointed it out to him, to force the door that led through the uninhabited rooms to the chapel; while his sister, frightened at his impetuosity, and dreading lest the noise he must unavoidably make should discover him, stood trembling near him, now anxious for his suc-

K 4 cess,

cefs, and now shuddering to think of the consequences it might lead to.

The Monk who had taken the precaution to fecure these doors against the tender hands of Edouarda, had not fufpested that a more irrefishible attack than any she could essay would be made on them. The first gave the most trouble to its eager affailant; the rest, which had been only flightly fastened, as less likely to be attempted, easily yielded, either from their broken hinges or the decay of the wood-work, to the strength young Falconberg applied; and while Rachael kept guard in Edouarda's room, and she attended him with a light, he found himself, without much force or much labour, in the matted gallery of the chapel.

Hardly allowing himself time to breathe, he hastened to that part of it where over a balustrade the whole area of the chapel was visible. He held the candle

candle so as to cast a light into it: but all beneath him was filent and dark. The rays fell on the altar, on which was a large ivory crucifix, and two immense wax candles in filver stands; but only these objects, and others of white marble which caught the light, were distinguishable, and no animated being seemed to lurk among the general obfcurity that enveloped the reft. Edouarda would now have entreated him to retire, for that night at least, from a search which feemed to be fruitless; but his eagerness overcame even his tenderness and attention to her, and he faid that he could not be satisfied unless he descended into the body of the chapel, and even fought for the entrance to the vault where the remains of his mother were faid to have been deposited. "If you will stay here a moment," faid he, "my dear Edouarda, I will go down below. You know not-I wish you not at this moment to know, how many reasons there are, which determine

K 5

mine me to be convinced once for all whether the ambiguous conversation I have heard is meant to deceive me, or to point out to me my duty."--" Oh, no, Henry," returned Edouarda, "I cannot, indeed I cannot, remain here alone. My terrors, whether well or illfounded, are still terrors; my fears, which are more insupportable because they are undefined, would, I am convinced, so far get the better of me, that I might lose all consciousness, all recollection, and you would perhaps find me fenfeless at your return. Henry! dear Henry! let me go with you. I will not be troublesome; for, while I am under your immediate protection, I can conquer my apprehensions. Let me go with you!"

Henry affented to this reasonable request; beseeching her, however, to compose herself, as slowly they traversed the gallery to find the stairs which led from it to the chapel below. They made almost the half circuit towards the

organ, and passed two doors that opened into the gallery, before they reached these stairs. Edouarda's heart beat quick as they softly stepped by. She listened for the sounds which from that quarter had formerly terrified her. All was now silent; but Edouarda believing Sir Mordaunt's apartments opened somewhere into this passage, trembled and saultered as she passed.

At length, by a narrow stairs matted like the avenue that led to them, Edouarda, leaning on her brother, yet shaking like an aspen leas, reached the ground-sloor of the chapel. A sew benches covered with black baize were all the furniture of its area. They approached the altar, and at Henry's desire Edouarda pointed out the place where she had seen the kneeling phantom. They gazed on it a moment in silence, and then Falconberg bade his sister lead him the way it had disappeared.

K 6 She

She obeyed as well as her recollection of the fite of the chapel as feen from above, and the confusion of her fear, would give her leave. They approached a kind of cloister, where was a marble bason for holy water, and near it a small tablet, on which, by holding the candle up to it, these words were distinguished:

- "Pray for the repose of the soul of Dame Elizabeth Maria (born De Courcy), wife of Sir Mordaunt Falconberg, Bart. who departed this life on the 29th day of November, 1776."
- "And that was my mother," faid Falconberg; "and I have heard that the died when I was born, or very foon afterwards. Yet, alas! how many years have passed fince! And is it, can it be possible that—if—if—there were any grounds for supposing—"
- "What, my dear Henry," inquired Edouarda in a faint whisper, "what is it thus shakes you? You tremble—even

even more than I do—Hist! Did you not hear a noise? Surely there was a door opened in the gallery above?"

- "I heard nothing," faid he, after a momentary pause. "Perhaps it is the ivy blown by the wind against the windows. But be it what it may, Edouarda, wherefore should we fear? Let the guilty tremble, we are innocent; let the oppressor recoil, we are the oppressed. Edouarda," continued he, pressing the hand he held, "have you courage to go down with me into the vaults beneath this place? I have particular reasons for wishing to examine the cossin-plate, on which I suppose the name of my mother is engraved."
- "Gracious Heaven!" replied his fifter, "you will not furely attempt it?"
 - " Indeed I will," answered he.
- "Not to-night, however, Henry; not to-night, I befeech you. I will not shrink from any thing you expect of me another

another time; but now, a terror fo extreme has overcome me, that it is impossible for me, indeed, to do what you wish: you will see me drop at your feet."

- "Dear girl!" faid he tenderly:
 "I will not distress you; but I have learned to resolve and to execute; yet I will not now press it."
- "Oh! do not now, another time I shall have more courage; and if you will tell me the reasons that make you desire to examine such mournful—Ah! softly—indeed I again heard a noise like opening a door.—Suppose my father—"
- "Father! Mother!" faid Falconberg in a dejected way, "all are enveloped in the hideous shades of a fearful mystery, which I am resolved to penetrate, though my life be the forseit! But come, my poor, timid Edouarda, you shall at present suffer no more. We will return to your apartment; and when you are more calm, I will alone explore these

melancholy abodes of filence and death, where alone my doubts can be refolved."

Edouarda trembled more and more as she listened; but glad to have prevailed upon him to give up for the present his gloomy purpose, she clung to her brother, as, with a firm step, and apparently careless whether he was heard or not, he went up the stairs. When, however, they came to the turn of the matted gallery, which allowed a prospect of its whole extent to the left, and the faint light of their candle gleamed along it, they both, and at the fame moment, stopped, being startled at a figure which, at the distance of fifty paces from them, leaned against the wall at the other extremity. Obscure as it was, Edouarda immediately distinguished it to be the same she had seen before the altar. Her knees failed her; she rather hung on her brother's arm than supported herfelf; as he, divided between his tendernels derness for her and his resolution to investigate the fearful mystery, hastened forward, supporting her with one arm, while his eyes were riveted on the shape he was approaching, which seemed unable to move from the place where it was first observed.

In a second they were both before it— Edouarda prostrate on the ground, and almost insensible, while. Henry had already taken the hand of the doubtful being. It was cold, but it was a living hand; nor was it withdrawn from his eager grasp, while he repeated "Lady Falconberg!—Is it not Lady Falconberg?"

A wild, faltering, and incoherent anfwer, expressed with difficulty, was given however in the affirmative. "And you are my mother, my injured, persecuted, calumniated mother!" cried Henry, eagerly embracing the knees of the apparent phantom. "You are the mother of Edouarda!—Oh! look upon

your

your children; fpeak to your son, who comes demanding justice, who will rescue you from oppression, and restore you to life, and to society!"

Lady Falconberg was now become in her turn unable to speak; and she would have fallen, had not her son supported her on one side, while he called upon Edouarda to assist him. "What," said he, "shall we do? There is no place where she can repose. Perhaps we only come to see her die; and her son, instead of being her deliverer, may be her murderer."

Edouarda feeing her mother continue in a state where only convulsive motions testified she yet existed, looked fearfully around her. Nor were the apprehensions she was at that moment conscious of unmingled with dread of her father, whom she sigured to herself in all the terror she had heard him described in, bursting from one of the adjoining doors. She perceived however a door open not far from the place where they stood; there

was a light within the room, and fuddenly she recollected that it was from thence the fighs and moanings had proceeded which terrified her fo much in her first expedition. It was probably therefore her mother's room, and there fhe might be carried to a bed. This expectation, while she communicated it to her brother, gave courage to Edouarda; and leaving to him the care of supporting Lady Falconberg, she stepped forward, and approached the door. It opened into a cell rather than a chamber; only a fort of wooden bench and a table were in it; but an opposite door belonged to a fecond cell, in which there was a small bedstead with a mattress, exactly such as are used by rigid orders of nuns. Edouarda was convinced that it was her mother's apartment, and, returning, affished her brother to bear to it the unrefisting form of that unhappy woman; who, being placed on her bed, (while her fon hung in extreme agitation

agitation over her, and her daughter, chafed her hands and her temples,) at length opened her eyes, yet feemed with extreme difficulty, while she gazed on one and on the other, to comprehend what Henry said to her; then, as as if doubting her fenses, she held her hand to her eyes and her forehead, apparently trying to affemble and diltinguish her ideas; again looked at her children; murmured fomething of Sir Mordaunt and of Golgota; trembled, and looked fearfully towards the door. Henry kneeling by her tried to reaffure and quiet her. " We are at length together, my dear mother!" faid he " and nothing shall again part us." Lady Falconberg gazed tenderly at him, shook her head, and fighed. "Nay," added he eagerly, "no power on earth shall force me to leave you; and if they destroy us, it shall be together."

"Father Golgota!" faid Lady Falconberg

berg in a faint and internal voice. "Let us fet him at defiance." cried Henry, "him and his accurfed crew!" poor woman had been too long subjected to his power, and prejudiced by his artifice, not to feel a fort of complicated fentiment of religious dread mingled with fears, for her fon, her daughter, and herfelf. The fensations which pressed upon her heart were too much for a constitution long enfeebled by fear and confinement, and for intellects which, cramped by prejudice and depreffed by superstition, had hardly dared to tell her there was any possible escape from the tyranny fhe had almost from her infancy been subjected to. Lady Falconberg appeared therefore bewildered and aftonished, not only at the fight of her children, whom she had never expected to see again, but at the energy and animation with which her fon exhorted her to put herfelf wholly into his protection, and throw off the cruel and ignemi-

gnominious yoke, that the mental derangement of Sir Mordaunt and the usurped power of the priests had subjected her to. The influence of these men had so interwoven itself into all her ideas, that to renounce her dependance on the bleffed Lady and St. Ann feemed to her not more impossible. There was not, however, much time at prefent to attempt relieving her by the voice of filial tenderness or direct reason, from all the chains which fettered her; for, on the chapel-clock tolling one, which echoed fullenly along the gallery, Lady Falconberg expressed the greatest uneasinefs; and though she seemed unwilling, or was perhaps unable, to disclose the immediate cause of her fears, they evidently oppressed her so much, that her schildren thought they ought immediately to relieve her. Edouarda, therefore, having done every thing for her comfort that the nature of her fituation would admit, and Henry having exhorted

horted her to courage, to fecrecy, and to refolution, she was perfuaded to name a time for feeing them the next evening, and then they unwillingly and fearfully returned to Edouarda's room; where Rachael, half stupefied by the various apprehensions that this long stay and her own fituation had occasioned, gazed at them with aftonishment as great as if she had feen them rife difembodied from the tombs which she imagined (from an expression young Falconberg had let fall,) they had been vifiting. Henry was now aware of the necessity of making his retreat, if he hoped to be admitted again; and though he most ardently defired to have a longer conference with Edouarda, yet he checked himfelf, lest he should offend his conductress Rachael, on whom alone he could rely for admittance again. After a short conversation therefore in Italian with Edouarda, in which he conjured her to have spirit and resolution, and bade her recollect the additional

additional motive they had this evening discovered to exert themselves, he reluctantly took leave; Edouarda still more reluctantly feeing him depart. She knew not whither he went, nor any thing more than that he was far from a place of shelter, in a cold and windy night; while her heart and head, full of the strange and affecting circumstance that had occurred, she was afraid to think steadily of what she had seen. Henry Falconberg, who was one year younger than Edonarda, had been brought up under every possible disadvantage. Nurfed in the meagre arms of poverty, as a peafant of the Milanefe, his early years had been passed almost in the condition of a favage; but it is not always that fuch a state brutalizes the mind; and the mind of young Falconberg was an uncommon one. Amidst the mulberry avenues and chefnut-groves of his adopted country, the heart of the English boy had often been dilated by the magnificent

magnificent spectacle of nature, His ears were accustomed to sounds of the purest harmony; his eyes, to scenes of unrivalled beauty. At nine years old he was no contemptible improvifatore, and could repeat with facility and grace all the most celebrated passages of Taffo and Ariofto: from whence the people of Italy, accustomed to hear them from their infancy, acquire that facility of poetical termination, which appears fo wonderful to the more phlegmatic and matter-of-fact natives of the Young Falconberg, however, was favoured by nature with talents of greater importance. He had that innate sense of moral rectitude, possessed, perhaps exclusively, by those great minds which Heaven fometimes fends to direct and dignify the affairs of the world. Never, amidst the childish contentions which occurred between him and his reputed brothers, was Enrico known to submit to injustice from the stronger without

without manly resistance, or to compel submission from the inferior by menaces orblows. Enricowas fo well known fcrupuloufly to adhere to truth, that his supposed parents always had recourse to his testimony, as that on which they could depend. And when he was under the hard necessity of becoming a domestic in the convent of Dominicans, nothing disturbed him so much as being compelled to acquiesce in what his strong natural understanding told him, it was impossible could be true. Almost every thing he heard, and was obliged to affent to, was in direct contradiction to the evidence of his fenses; and the weight of the fetters imposed upon him was doubled when he faw the inventors of those chains for others indulging in voluptuous gratifications, contrary the vows they had taken themselves and fo rigoroully enforced in regard to others.

Vol. I. L. With

With an active though athletic frame, great personal courage, and that conscioufnefs of acting right which alone gives confishency and value to character, Henry Falconberg feemed defigned by Heaven for all that is good and great. In the eyes of a fifter, to whom he was a first and only object of affection, he appeared fomething more than human. She fometimes flattered herfelf that he was to reflore her mother to life and happiness; to relumine the obscured and almost extinguished honours of his family; perhaps heal the distracted mind of his father, and restore him to liberty and reason. Then the strange mystery that hung over the destiny of Lady Falconberg, the power possessed by the priests, and the arts she knew them to be capable of; her father's malady, and the gloomy, fierce, and irafcible temper which she had heard imputed to him even before that misfortune befel him,

were circumstances which her imagination combined and multiplied, till they seemed to form an insuperable barrier to all her hopes, and she wished to escape with her brother to some obscure retirement, rather than brave such difficulties. But then the image of her newly sound mother, abandoned again to solitude and tears, or, what was worse, to the tyranny of the Monks and the caprices of a lunatic, made her forget every thing that related to herself, and anxiously return to those sanguine hopes and expessations which the manly and affectionate character of Henry had raised.

After a fleepless and anixous night, a dark and tempestuous morning was hailed by the fatigued and harassed. Edouarda with more solicitude than she had ever selt at the break of day before. Yet, as the storm increased, and the rain was driven with extreme violence against the old casements, menacing to shake them from their moss-grown L 2 frames,

frames, Edouarda thought of her brother waiting in his clay cottage on the wold for the approach of evening, when perhaps he might be under the necessity of facing the tempest to reach the house of his father, where, clandestinely received, peril only awaited him.

Though many hours must necessarily intervene before he was likely to approach, Edouarda could not help frequently watching at the window, as if there was an immediate opportunity of feeing him. In one of these observations, when the violence of the wind had torn away a great part of the roof from the building opposite, Edouarda, looking over the low cloifter into the park, faw an horseman, in figure not unlike her brother, pass at some distance. His hat was flapped quite down, as if to keep it from being carried away by the wind, and a dark furtout was wrapped round him. He appeared uncertain where to find an entrance that led to the offices,

offices, and rode twice or thrice backwards and forwards between the trees; while his horse, hardly able to keep his feet against the fury of the gust, was fometimes evidently unwilling to proceed, and at others hurried in that direction by which he could best escape the wind. At length both the horse and his rider disappeared, and left Edouarda full of conjectures, and of apprehensions which she had no means of appealing. These uneasy sensations, pointing continually towards the fafety of her brother, were extremely increased, when Rachael, who came to bring her dinner, informed her that fomething had happened, she knew not what, which had more than ever agitated the troubled temper of Sir Mordaunt, who, as she accidentally learned from Mrs. Gournay, had been seized in consequence with one of his most passionate fits of raving and violence.

L 3

Edou-

Edouarda inquired eagerly the particulars, when Rachael faid, "Oh! Miss, all as I ever learns is by odds and ends, as 'twere. Mrs. Gournay was in a fad quondary just now, as she came out from Sir Mordaunt's room, and faid she was furprised bow Father Galezza could think of staying past his time, as if nothing was the matter. Why, lauk, Mrs. Gournay, fays I, what is the matter? So, fays she, Matter enough, though I sha'n't fatisfy nobody's curofity, fays she; but, fays she, Father Galezza nor nobody else can expect of me or Mr. Camus either, to go on in this here kind of a way. Let us be paid ever so well, that is no reason why we should be ever now and then in danger of our lives."

"My poor unhappy father!" fighed Edouarda, "furely under fuch an affliction it is to your own family only that you ought to be entrusted. Is no perfon employed," added she, addressing herself

herself to Rachael, "is no proper man engaged to be constantly with my father?"

"There's only a stranger now," said Rachael, "when neither of our gentlemen is in the way."---" Whom do you mean," asked Edouarda, "by the gentlemen?"—" Why, the reverend fathers, Golgota and Galezza. They never used to leave Sir Mordaunt so much to himfelf as they have done of late. But Mrs. Gournay has sent for them; and I suppose one or t'other of them will be here to-night."—" And perhaps," said Edouarda, "exactly at a time when they may discover or intercept my brother."

Rachael, to whom her original dread of the power of the priests frequently returned, promised however more than her former caution, and young Falconberg was introduced to his watchful timid sister, without any appearance of his having hazarded, more than on the

L 4 preceding

preceding evening, the detection she dreaded.

As foon as Rachael left them, Edouarda began to relate to her brother what flie had heard of Sir Mordaunt's increafed irritability. "And why," faid the, "dearest Henry! why would you rifk what you did to-day?-Oh! you know not the terror you occasioned me." Young Falconberg defired her to explain berfelf. "You were for a coniderable time on horseback in the park, within fight of all the west windows of the house."-" Dear Edouarda!" replied Falconberg, "you are certainly missaken: I have not even on foot left my concealment in the cottage till the dusk of the evening."-" Then," replied she, "it must have been some traveller; a fight fo unufual at any time near this house, and so particularly strange amid such a tempest as has raged to-day, that it might well excite my wonder.

wonder, though perhaps it ought not to have occasioned my fear." Falconberg answered, that it was probably some perfon crossing the country who had missed his way, and, having from the high grounds distinguished the house, had approached it to solicit shelter against the storm, but was afterwards deterred by the gloomy and inhospitable appearance of the building.

With this folution, which was very likely to be the true one, they dismissed the inquiry from their minds, and, with every precaution which former experience had directed, glided through the rooms to the gallery where their mother expected them.

They found Lady Falconberg much calmer than from the state they left her in the preceding evening they had dared to hope. She looked at them, however, alternately with astonishment and tenderness; and while her heart bore testimony to the reality of her children's

L 5

presence,

prefence. she appeared unable to comprehend how they had been brought thither, and to gaze upon them with as much wonder as if she knew they had arisen from the grave.

Her fon perceived what paffed in her thoughts; he wished to familiarise her by degrees with images which must be of too painful a nature to present suddenly to her mind. He spoke to her therefore with the most soothing affection, and endeavoured to accustom her to trace the events which had preceded her present situation; because he was sensible, that she would then be able to relate to him all those circumstances on which her sate, his own, and that of Edouarda had depended.

But it was not till after three conferences that Lady Falconberg could fo far conquer the timidity with which violence and superstition had united to palfy her mind, as to be able to comply with the request of her children. She then, hav-

ing first taken many precautions, the exact meaning of which they did not understand, agreed to venture into the room now inhabited by Edouarda. The feveral doors, however, which led from thence to her own apartment in the gallery, she desired might remain open. Henry Falconberg and his fifter, not doubting but she had very sufficient reason's for what she defired, agreed to it implicitly; and though, when the first entered the rooms where the had not been for many years, some painful recollections appeared to conquer the little fortitude the had been able to collect, yet the tender foothing voice of her restored children, their affectionate endeavours now united for her comfort, awakened in her heart that hope which long feemed to have been faded and withered for ever; and with one of these beloved objects, who gave new value to her existence, on either side of

her, she at length collected voice and spirits to enter on the following narrative:

"Nearly as we are connected with each other, you do not perhaps, my children, even know the maiden name of your mother. I must go a little back, to give you an idea of the family to which I belonged, and the causes that combined to make me the wife of Sir Mordaunt Falconberg.

"Their names are now perhaps obliterated from the recollection of their
country, Ireland, where my ancestors,
adhering to the cause of James the Second, lost all their property, except a
few personals, which served to support
them in France; there, like the sew who
yet survive, I should have been naturalized, but that a sister of my sather,
who was married to an Englishman of
high rank, took me with her to England
at four years old, and considered me as
her child. But on the death of her hus-

band, who left her a widow at eight-andtwenty, her former mode of life, and the opulence she could on a considerable jointure enjoy in Italy, combined to induce her to reside altogether in that country; where, among other Englishmen who visited her, she became acquainted with Sir Mordaunt Falconberg.

"What were the habits and character of his mind I had no opportunity of judging. He was fo many years older than I was, that his having any intention of making me his wife never even occurred to me; when my aunt took me from the convent where I usually refided, and informed me that I was on the following week to be married to Sir Mordaunt. She gave me no time to answer her; but enumerating the advantages of fuch an alliance, and fetting on the other fide the destitute condition in which I should be left in case of her death, she bade me receive Sir Mordaunt with the attention and gratitude his generous preference deserved. I was thunderstruck by an order so unexpected. I wept bitterly; but I was wholly dependant on Lady M——. I had not in the world any other friend; and I had never had a will of my own, or ventured to imagine it was possible that I could have one.

"I was married then to Sir Mordaunt, being then hardly fixteen, and having never feen more of the world than what appeared at the conversations of Lady M-, at which I had sometimes been allowed to be prefent. My confessor, who had the sole guidance of my mind, was affiduous in impressing it with a sense of my own happiness, in being married to so good and so rich a man as Sir Mordaunt. deavoured to believe I was happy, and after the birth of your brother I really thought myself so. The gloomy temper of Sir Mordaunt feemed cheered, and the asperities of his nature softened; by the

the fight of his fon; and when it was necessary, on account of the large property he possessed in England, that he should return thither. I felt not the repugnance which but for that dear infant I should certainly have experienced in leaving my aunt, almost the only friend I had ever known, the few persons I had been accustomed to see, and Italy, which was to me a native country. Great pains, however, were taken to prevail upon me to stifle every fymptom of discontent; and I was soothed with representations of the power and confequence I should enjoy in England, and still oftener was bid to confider how much my alliance with a man of Sir Mordaunt Falconberg's fortune would support the religion of my ancestors, depressed and languishing as it was in that country. When, however, our fuite was to be formed, Sir Mordaunt objected to much of the expence and parade proposed by my aunt; and 10 OHE

our Italian attendants were limited to a confessor named Boccapatelino, and a young man whom he called his nephew, and who was, I have fince been informed, descended from a Roman family that derives its origin from the most celebrated heroes of the ancient republic. He had studied the science of painting at Rome and Florence, and was no unsuccessful pupil of the first masters. His skill in music and in architecture was hardly inferior; and to a very fine perfon he added manners uncommonly captivating. Yes, my children, I can do justice to the extraordinary qualifications of this young gentleman, because my heart never felt in regard to him any fentiment at which I need blushthough we have all been victims of the strange fatality, which induced Sir Mordaunt to confent that with Boccapatelino he should accompany us to England.

"It was not furprifing, that during a voyage reluctantly taken in the gloom

of autumn, and to a country quite new to me, I should find a resource against the variable but never cheerful or pleafant temper of Sir Mordaunt, in the fociety of the two Italians. Boccapatelino had gained fo great an ascendancy over him, that it was rather himself than Sir Mordaunt who directed every thing: vet Sir Mordaunt often teafed me with fudden fits of ill-humour, when I could not guess what had excited it. I was not unfrequently terrified by feeing him fink into fuch black and morbid melancholy, as must be witnessed to be defcribed, while all the endeavours of Boccapatelino were addressed to prevent my fuffering from it; and Bireno Salviati, by the most friendly attention to Sir Mordaunt, and by trying every possible means to amuse him, often saved me from scenes of causeless ill-humour, which it was indeed difficult enough for me to bear, even before we reached this melancholy mansion.

"Here we found a supernnuated Carthusian Monk, an Irishman by birth, who had been priest and confessor to the Falconberg family in the life-time of Sir Mordaunt's father, and who had managed all his concerns during his long abfence. Father O'Halloran was not yet old enough to be willing to relinquish power he had fo long possessed. He faw the new comers with great diffatisfaction; but Boccapatelino was fo able in the art of turning every occurrence to his own advantage, and knew so well the avenues to Sir Mordaunt's heart, that O'Halloran was compelled at first to yield to his ascendancy. But if the Italian priest himself was an object hateful to this ancient inhabitant of Palfgrave, his reputed nephew was much more fo. Yet Salviati was not always a resident with us; he frequently made excursions to London for the cultivation of the art he professed, and often was invited to the houses of noblemen who had collec-

tions of pictures, or who delighted in the art he studied. Can it, my children, be a matter of wonder, that when this young man returned, his presence feemed for a while to illuminate the gloomy folitude in which I was condemned to linger out my days? He had been in that world which I was not permitted to enter; he had converfed with beings who knew how to enjoy and how to enliven existence; and he seemed to take a pleafure in beguiling those tedious hours of solitude and seclusion which neither friendship nor love on the part of Sir Mordaunt enabled me to support. I saw not, however, any thing in the manner of my husband that could make me think this a dangerous indulgence, till a little while after your birth, my dear Edouarda. I had been long ill; was weak in mind as well as body: Sir Mordaunt was almost perpetually fluctuating between starts of unaccountable passion and a sullen and gloomy

gloomy referve, even more horrible than those paroxysms. Boccapatelino himfelf appeared to have less influence over him, and O'Halloran to have acquired what the other had lost.

"One day when the return of Salviati, who had been long absent, was suddenly announced to me as I was fitting with Sir Mordaunt, there was perhaps too much pleasure mingled with my surprise; and it is possible that Salviati, who had certainly an affection for me, though I thought it only fuch as he might have felt for a relation, shewed in his countenance and manner his concern at finding me fo ill as I undoubtedly appeared to be. Whatever was the cause, I then first observed, and observed with inconceivable alarm, that Sir Mordaunt was jealous; for he remarked to me, with an expression on his features I shall never forget, that all my complaints feemed to disappear before the fascinating powers of amusement possessed by Signor Salviati.

viati. I had no courage to answer, for the accusation was indeed true; though furely it was at an immeasurable diftance from guilt. From that time, however, every circumstance added to his suspicions. He appeared to feed with strange avidity on the gall he thus laid up for himself. Boccapatelino either was recalled to Italy, or pretended to be so, to have an excuse for quitting a post which probably in no way had answered his expectations. Salviati was at the fame time to take of us an eternal adieu. I will not fav that I did not think of the period with regret: it certainly was very painful to me: my spirits were very low: I found myfelf likely to become a third time a mother, by a man whose harshness of temper grew every day more intolerable; and now I was to lose the little alleviation I yet had, in the fociety of two men to whom I had long been accustomed, and to one of whom I could relate my forrows; while the friendship and

and brotherly tenderness of the other had formed my only confolation. My prefent state was unknown to Sir Mordaunt: I had an invincible repugnance to name it to him. The Italians departed; and Sir Mordaunt took that opportunity of going also as far as London, where he had some affairs to settle that had long demanded his presence, but which he had delayed, as I now found, because he could not determine to leave the house while Salviati was in it. I was configned to the care of O'Halloran, who could not conceal his joy at the disappearance of the Italians; and I perceived that he beheld with malicious pleafure my ineffectual attempts to appear unconcerned, and feemed to watch me with an attention which had in it more of malignity than kindness.

" My feeble spirits sunk, between the dreariness of my situation and the oppressive vigilance of this man. Yet folitude, however mournful, was infinitely

preferable to his company, which I certainly took every means in my power to avoid by complaining of illness; and indeed I was in doing so but little of an hypocrite.

"But my endeavours to escape his observation only irritated his desire to act as a spy upon whatever I did; and my ill sate precipitated me into a ruin as little foreseen as it was deserved.

"The evenings were long, dark, and cold. I had, however, accultomed myfelf to walk late when there was no rain, under pretence that I breathed better in the air. My real reason was, that Father O'Halloran, who was very old and infirm, always molested me less without than within the house. He was very much discontented at this arrangement, and, as the winter advanced, remonstrated against these evening walks in a tone which all my habitual submission did not enable me to listen to, without a retort such as the Father had never received

ceived from me. This inflamed all his angry and malignant passions; and he produced an order, which he had hitherto kept concealed, by which Sir Mordaunt authorised him to direct and restrain every person in the house, 'without excepting Lady Falconberg.' Such were the commands of Sir Mordaunt, and to such I was compelled to submit.

"But I had still a resource in a gallery where probably you have never been. It runs along the whole exterior of the house from east to welt; and when the remotest end of the building, now long deferted, was inhabited, it ferved as a communication between the two extremittes. There were in it feveral pictures, valuable only for their antiquity, and many of them entirely defaced. But Salviati, during his occational refidence in the house, had made sketches of some of them which illuarated particular circumstances of history; and though I had often laughed at the abfurd and grotesque grotesque figures of which he took so much pains to preserve the memory, yet which were certainly extremely unlike the Grecian models he had studied in his native country; he had always afsured me that certain antiquaries in London, whose names I have forgotten, had paid him liberally for those he had already done, and wished to have all that could yet be made out, if his time had allowed, and Sir Mordaunt would have permitted it.

"To this gallery, where I knew it was too cold for O'Halloran to accompany me in my evening walk, I now reforted: my maid, who was much attached to me, was not forry to have the few cheerful moments she could enjoy in the fervants' hall prolonged; and when I had dismissed her to her dinner, I began my melancholy evening contemplations alone.

"At this feafon the day foon declined, and I frequently made feveral turns in Vol. I. M this

this old gloomy room, when very little light was discernible. I entered it one vening later than usual, and never had my spirits been more depressed. There was a moon, but her rays were often intercepted by the heavy clouds of a stormy sky driven over her by the wind; the weather and the place were well fitted to the desponding state of my mind. It was a night when the dead might be supposed to be abroad. wretched; I thought my two children would perhaps be at fome time or other as miserable as I was then. Sir Mordaunt's unhappy disposition never appeared to me more entirely destructive of the happiness of all who belonged to him, and I wished that I and my two infants were all at peace in the fame grave.

"Lost in such overwhelming thoughts, I had traversed nearly the length of the gallery, when something seemed to stir near me; and by the light of the moon, which at that moment streamed through an opposite window, I saw the figure of a man on his knees. It feemed to be Salviati; I started and half shrieked: he advanced and took my hand, conjuring me not to be alarmed—It was Salviati himself!

"I have no clear recollection of what I faid to him; I only know that he earneftly implored me to compose myself and hear him; and then entreated me to believe, that whatever might be his fentiments in regard to me, nothing in the world should have induced him to violate by thus intruding upon me the respect he owed me, but the conviction of my unhappiness, and his dread of what the persons into whose hands I had fallen might design against me. am going to Italy, dearest Lady Falconberg,' faid he; 'I am going to bid an everlasting farewell to England. Let me have the consolation of believing I can be serviceable to you, I shall then resolutely endure whatever I may myself fuffer:

fuffer: allow me to relate to your Italian friends the harshness with which you are treated. Surely they might do something to ameliorate a destiny so cruel and so little merited.'

" I endeavoured to reply by conjuring Salviati to leave me to my fate; when O'Halloran, with lights and two or three of the fervants, appeared at the door of the gallery, which was violently forced open. All was fo dreadful yet fo instantaneous, that I only remember the countenance of the Monk, and that Salviati caught me as I was falling. Total oblivion then enwrapt my fenses. Oh! would it had lasted for ever! When I returned to the miseries of recollection, I found myself on my bed, Ellen my maid weeping by me, and exclaiming that I was dead I raised myself, and, eagerly taking her hands, implored her to tell me what had happened. The poor girl replied, that Mr. Salviati had forced himself away from the persons who

who had attempted to make him a prifoner, and was gone; but that Father O'Halloran had fent off an express to London to Sir Mordaunt, and that the whole house was in great consternation. Innocent as I was, and void of all intentional offence, I felt as if I had been guilty of a crime which would involve the unfortunate Salviati in my ruin. I tried to acquire courage to fpeak to O'Halloran; it was possible he might hear and believe me: but he refused to attend my summons, and fent me an harsh message, that what I had denied or withheld in confession, of the confequence of which he had often warned me, it was now too late to communicate. Oh, my children! how fhall I describe the misery in which I passed the time between that night of alarm and the expected arrival of Sir Mordaunt-Sir Mordaunt, whom, even in his calmest moments, I could never prevail upon my felf to confider without fuch a de-

 M_3

of fear as was quite incompatible with confidence and love! A thousand times during this dreadful interval I wished to die; my conscience accused me of no crime; and even if I had been sensible of a greater degree of regard for Salviati than I really selt, that would have been rather a missortune to myself than an injury to others; since it had led to no violation of my duty towards Sir Mordaunt, and it was not my fault, that at an early age, and merely to gratify my samily, I had been made over as the absolute property of a man whom it was impossible for me to love or esteem.

"These reslections were far, however, from appeasing the terrors that oppressed me; and in you, my Edouarda, and your elder brother, in your innocent caresses and infantine vivacity, I was not permitted to seek for even a transient alleviation of my forrows; for Father O'Halloran would not suffer me to see you. I wept, implore,

implored, and remonstrated in vain; the fervants dared not disobey him, and I was a prisoner restricted from even the fight of my own children.

"Alas! the measure of my misery was yet to be filled. Never shall I forget the deadly fear which feized me, when I heard the found of those wheels enter the court-yard, which I knew brought my uninjured but inexorable husband! My poor maid, unable to speak comfort, flood trembling by me, wiping the cold dew from my face, and applying falts, which were insufficient to keep me from fainting; after a dreadful hour of suspense, I heard Sir Mordaunt's voice, Sir Mordaunt's step on the stairs. The door opened, and I funk wholly infenfible into the arms of my woman; but the appearance of death itself did not fosten my inhuman persecutors, and I was carried in that state into a kind of cemetery beyond the chapel, not indeed under ground, but a damp fepulchral vaulted M_4

vaulted room; and Sir Mordaunt declared to my weeping fervant, that there I should finish my guilty and miserable life. I opened my eyes as he pronounced in a voice of thunder this barbarous fentence; but the horrible countenance I saw made me again close them—oh! how ardently did I hope for ever! But that would have been too mild a sate for me.

"I again revived, awakened from this trance by the shrieks of my maid, whom they endeavoured to force away; and recovering suddenly some degree of courage, I besought Sir Mordaunt to consider what he was about; protested my innocence; menaced him with the resentment of my friends; and, to excite his compassion, declared that I was three months advanced in my third pregnancy. Ah! how sadly I missook the man on whose mercy I depended, whose pity I tried to excite! He knew I had no friends, who, if they could, would protest me from his violence; he afsected

to confider my condition as a new and undoubted proof of my guilt; and with a malignant grin, at the recollection of which my blood even now runs cold, dashed me from him, uttering at the fame time a fentence too gross to be repeated, and, furioully feizing my faithful Ellen by the arm, dragged her half infensible away, while the door was closed by the united force of Sir Mordaunt and the people who attended him, regardless of the risk they ran of crushing my hands as I endeavoured still to cling to Ellen, the only person who seemed to pity me; and at length quite exhaulted, I funk back on the damp floor of my dungeon. The iron-nailed door was closed upon me, as I thought for ever, and terror once more gave me a tranfient respite from the sense of misery.

"But even with the relief of forgetfulness I was not long indulged. Again my eyes opened; again my fenses were alive to the wretched consciousness of existence. I looked wildly around me. A lamp was burning on a stone-table, above which hung a crucifix; and near the lamp was an human skull, which I fancied had recently been reduced to fleshless state. A pitcher of water, a piece of bread, a mattress on the floor with two or three blankets spreadupon it, comprised all the rest of the furniture of this hideous abode, where I now believed it certain that I should end my unfortunate life; and I know not whether in that dreadful moment the idea of being releafed for ever from the fight of Sir Mordaunt, did not appear to make me amends for a lingering and folitary death, brought on by the acute fufferings of famine. Such was my abhorrence of his injustice and cruelty, that I am fure I should at that inflant have met death with joy, if life, exposed even to the difgust of seeing him, had been the only alternative.

"But my punishment for an imputed crime

crime was not so soon to end; yet asfuredly it was innocence alone that prevented my finking under fuch a weight of mifery. I had not deferved the cruelty thus inflicted upon me: I dared appeal to that Heaven, whose fun, whose flars I thought I should never more behold, to witness, that though I never had loved Sir Mordaunt I had never wronged him. My life, ever fince L had become his property, had not been happy enough to make me defirous that it should be prolonged; yet towards you, my children, though my cruel perfecutor was your father, my heart melted with tenderness; and I even felt affection for the unfortunate infant which was, I believed, doomed to perish unborn with its defolate and most unhappy mother!

"Such reflections brought tears to my relief; and exceffive fatigue and agitation, together perhaps with my per-M 6 fonal fonal fituation, counteracted all the terrors which furrounded me; I flept wrapped in the blankets that had been left for me—and flept, as I believe, even till morning. But no ray of light entered my dungeon; no cheerful founds announcing the return of day were heard within it: the lamp feemed to be nearly expiring; its wavering rays now flashed faintly on the dreary walls, on the table and its melanchely furniture; and now feemed finking quite away, and likely to leave me in utter darkness. Then my feeble heart funk cold and hopeless within me. The fear of the dreadful death to which I was condemned hung heavily upon me; and fuddenly occurred to me a story I had been reading in an old French book *, which with fome others yet lay about what had once been a library in the house, and I fancied the skull I saw

^{*} Queen of Mayarre's Tales.

was that of the unfortunate Salviati, and that he had fallen a victim to the jealous fury of Sir Mordaunt.

- "I became fick as I recalled all the circumstances of the story to which I now believed my own was to be a counterpart; and finking on my bed I covered my eyes, and thought I could resolve never to open them more.
- "Oh! how did memory, ingenious in tormenting me, now carry me back to those happy days that I had passed in Italy! Pardon me, natives of England, justly celebrated for many virtuespardon me, if I now thought with abhorrence of your island and its inhabitants, and curfed in bitterness of heart the hour when, leaving my Italian home, I was fold to one of your rich proprictors. But my regrets, my execrations, my protestations of innocence, were all in vain. Hours paffed away; my lamp was totally extinguished; I could no longer discern either the fearful object that had renewed

newed my terrors, or the provision that had been left me, which however I had no inclination to touch. I imagined it must be nearly night again, and that it was certain I was left to linger out my miserable life in this cavern without farther notice or pity.

"At length, after many many long hours of dreadful suspense, I thought I heard a noise without the door; yet dread of perceiving the countenance of Sir Mordaunt, distorted as it had been the preceding day with malignant revenge, gave me infinitely more apprehension than the expectation of relief afforded me fatisfaction. As the eye, however is always inftinctively turned towards what it fears, I gazed eagerly on the door, which I heard flowly unbarred and unlocked on the other fide. I dared not breathe; I dared not fleadily look on the person that entered. My sear of Sir Mordaunt, such as I had seen him the preceding night, was greater than my dread of death; but it was not Sir

Mordaunt who entered, it was Father O'Halloran, and behind him appeared a woman. I hoped it might have been my faithful Ellen; but it was a stranger, of an harsh, meagre and unpleasant countenance, whom I had never seen before.

The Father began to exhort me to confession and repentance. I summoned my courage, (alas! it was but little I could at any time muster,) and exhorted him to humanity and charity. Confeffion, fave fuch as he had been in constant habits of hearing from me, I had none to make; and while he spoke to me of Salviati, I affured him with the most solemn affeverations that I knew not why he had returned to Palfgrave, and that never had he violated the respect he owed me as the wife of Sir Mordaunt Falconberg. My protestations were useless. The priest affured me, in a voice which founded as if destined to decree my death, that Sir Mordaunt would execute against us both the most exemplary vengeance, geance, if I perfifted in refufing to avow the truth, and to own that the child I had acknowledged I went with, as well as my infant daughter, were the offspring of Salviati. The wickedness of this new charge almost overcame me. I.repelled it, however, with the courage that Truth alone could have lent me. I declared to Father O'Halloran, that I was ready to die; but I would neither be terrified into accusing unjustly an innocent person, or illegitimating, while I so shamefully belied my own honour, the children Sir Mordaunt was bound to protect. 'One,' faid I, weeping bitterly, (for tears now came to my relief,) one will probably never fee the light, it will perish with its unhappy mother! But what has my little Edouarda done? what crime has that fweet innocent creature committed, that her father would throw her from his bosom to poverty, contempt, and infamy?'---To talk to prejudice, to remonstrate with malignant prepofprepoffession, is very bootless. Father O'Halloran, far from believing me, affected to consider the denial of my guilt as a considerable aggravation of it. He left the room more irritated against me than when he had entered it, and I found my felf alone with the woman.

"She now tried other means: informed me, amidst many hypocritical expressions, that nothing was so likely to appeale Sir Mordaunt as an avowal of my guilt; and that he was as much shocked at my wicked omission at the confessional, as at the injury done to himself. She conjured me therefore to declare and repent my transgressions, as the only probable means of escaping the misery I should otherwise be condemned to. I answered. that where there was no crime, the acknowledging one would be itself the greatest breach of morality and religion, and that I was prepared to meet every thing Sir Mordaunt might inflict, rather than criminate myself. I asked who she

was, and to what was owing her interference: but she declined answering my inquiries; and having produced a few necessaries, and taken from without the door, where it had been left by fome other person, food enough for the day, she left me, strengthened in my resolution to die where I was, rather than utter a falsehood derogatory to my own honour and to truth. The same scene passed every day for about a month between me and this woman, who was, I found, a relation of O'Halloran's. The Father himself was sometimes pleased to visit me; but he refused to hear my confession, under pretence than I finned by refervation every time I made it. I know not what was this man's motive for his cruel persecution, fince he had gained his point of expelling the Italian inmates of the house, and was now in possession of Sir Mordaunt's confidence, as well as of the direction of his conscience. How long I had remained in the dungeon to which

which I was thus confined, I know not exactly, for I had no means of computing time; but I have fince found it was near three months, when to my furprife, my own maid entered the place one day instead of Mrs. O'Crai, and told me that Father O'Halloran was fuddenly dead, and she was sure I might be released from my cruel and unjust imprisonment, if I could see Sir Mordaunt before he fell again under the dominion of some person whose interest it was to keep him at enmity with me, and in subjection to himself. I inquired after Mrs. O'Crai, and heard that she was busied in securing what it was believed O'Halloran had amassed, and seemed folicitous about nothing fo much as being allowed to withdraw without inquiry or molestation. My faithful Ellen added, that she had long since been dismiffed the house: but that a servant in my interest no sooner knew of the sudden death of O'Halloran, than he took, the the key of my prison-house, which he knew, because he had been often employed in carrying food to the door, and had hurried to Ellen with the means of my deliverance.

" Though my dread of Sir Mordaunt was fuch, that, had I had time to confider, I might have shrunk from the attempt, yet now the natural love of life and of liberty conquered my terrors; and unprepared as I was, and trembling with emotions that I yet shudder to recollect, I attempted to hasten to the apartment of Sir Mordaunt. But I was extremely weak: and when I reached the door of the room where I believed him to be, I was unable to open it. Ellen, as timid as I was on most occasions, now exerted fome degree of courage; she threw the door open before me; I faw Sir Mordaunt; he feemed to look more stern. more ferocious than ever; but a fudden consciousness of innocence, and even of being myfelf the injured person, pre-

vented me from obeying the first impulse of fear, and abjectly throwing myfelf at his feet as a criminal imploring pardon. Yet the fense of my wrongs did not give me courage to speak; I flood a moment breathless and almost insensible. Then feeling my head grow giddy, and that I was likely to fall, I staggered by the help of Ellen to a seat. Sir Mordaunt, who feemed unable to express by words any part of the various emotions which agitated his stormy bosom, approached me in a menacing attitude, and I sunk senseless before him.

"On recovering my recollection, I found myself on a better bed than I had been accustomed to in my prison, and nobody near me but my poor Ellen. She endeavoured to appeale my agitated spirits by assuring me, that, from all fhe could observe in the late interview, Sir Mordaunt was disposed to forgive me. I dreaded however his forgiveness hardly less than his refentment; for so deep

deep was the impression his injustice and cruelty had made, and fo great was my abhorrence of his person, which I had never loved, that when, from far other motives than those of real affection, he once more approached me, mingling refentment and doubt even with his careffes, I would gladly have returned to my dungeon, or even have fought shelter in the grave, rather than have become, as I was however gradually compelled to do, the mere victim of his animal gratifications. O'Halloran was no longer at hand to inflame his jealoufy, but it had taken too deep a root ever to be cradicated: yet his passions were accustomed to be uncontrolled. and his fuperstition prevented him from feeking any other object. He had foon another confessor; and probably it was contrived by him (Father Golgota), that to reconcile Sir Mordaunt's revenge or honour with his defire to keep me in his power, it should be given out

that I was dead; and that my child, as foon as it was born, should be removed, and afterwards conveyed to Italy, and so brought up, that, if a boy, it might never interfere with the fortune of its elder brother; if a girl, pass with my Edouarda its innocent life in a cloister.

"It was not difficult for all this to be contrived. Sir Mordaunt had long driven from him all his neighbours, and the very peafants of the country avoided the house as the scene of black orgies and of horrid rites. Ellen was again dismissed, and I never knew what became of her. When the hour of childbirth drew nigh, a woman attended me, who would answer no inquiries. I brought vou, my dear Henry, into the world; but hardly was I allowed to weep over you before you were taken from me, and I found that great mystery was observed in every thing that related to me. I was removed, after a little time, into the chamber where you found me; from from whence I was never fuffered to depart-but at flated hours to the chapel, where I foon learned that prayers were actually put up for the repose of my foul.

" I had no relation, no friend, in England; hardly any connection in the world to whom I could appeal; and gradually my spirits sunk into total despondence, and I became almost torpid fubmitting to the direction of the priests, and to the ill-humour or more hateful propenfities of Sir Mordaunt, as an helpless being who had no will or power of her own. My mind lost its activity; my frame became enfeebled; I faw no escape but in death; and, in hopes of death, dragged on some years of miserable life, till the return of my eldest fon from Italy gave me once more an object which re-animated my wretched existence. This dear son, however, I was never permitted to speak to; never permitted to see but at a distance. He

knew not that his mother lived; and I was affured that if I made any attempt to inform him of it, I should be placed far out of the reach of ever hearing of him again. I faw him therefore joining in prayer for the mother, who, living and wretched, heard his voice, yet dared not approach and bless him. This was long one of my heaviest punishments; but Edward, my poor Edward, of too delicate a structure to bear his father's gloomy and capricious humours, drooped in this inauspicious atmosphere, and was fent back to Italy, from whence he returned in his coffin. I faw him: yes, my children, I faw him carried to the vault where I was myfelf supposed to fleep. I heard the De profundis fung over him; yet I dared not express the agonies of my heart; and Sir Mordaunt, grown more fierce, more cruel, from that moment scemed to have a horrid joy in witnessing my distraction, when he told me, that the spurious offspring I Vol. I. N had had imposed upon him being before dead, I was no longer mother of a for; and that my daughter I should never more behold.

" It was in vain that I would have reasoned myself out of the attachment that thus vainly agonized my heart, by asking how the children of such a man could be dear to me? I felt that they were Bill my children; and on the eldest, as I could not love his father, all the early tenderness of a heart overflowing with affection had fettled, from the very moment of his birth; and before he was taken from me, you, my lovely Edouarda, shared without lessening my maternal tenderness. On my poor Henry, victim before his birth of suspicion and iniustice, my memory dwelt with all the anguish of hopeless fondness. His first cries were ever in my ears; the idea of his being thrown in early infancy on the mercenary care of strangers, and lest to perish, a poor outcast orphan, was for

2 ever

ever prefent to me; and without any object to call off my mind from these fad contemplations, I funk into a kind of torpid despair, from whence I was never roused but by the violent paroxysms of rage to which Sir Mordaunt daily became more subject, and which not unfrequently endangered my life. Often have I exposed myself to his fury, in the hope that fome fortunate blow would end my existence and misery to-But the Confessor, who was gether. now with him, and a co-adjutor whom he procured from Rome, gradually obtained an ascendancy over him by means of the religion to which he had always been so devoted. Infensibly, and from his own increasing incapacity to manage the affairs of his estates, all fell into the hands of these men. The steward, tenants, and fervants were all chosen and regulated by them. Golgota, who had at first proposed the expedient of my being supposed dead, in order to fave N 2 the the honour, as they faid, of Sir Mordaunt, had every day new reasons to wish this deception might never be discovered; and he took his measures so well, and was by the afcendancy he had over all the fervants fo enabled to fupport any fraud he chose to invent, that, even if there had been any one to queftion the fact of my death, he would have found means to baffle their inquiries. But no fuch person existed; there was not in the world a being who belonged to or was interested for me. My aunt was long fince dead, and my few relations who had never known me, had no motive to give themselves any trouble on my account. The terrific gloom which had always lowered over the house of Palfgrave, the mysterious air which other forms than those of the established religion gives to a family, and the superstition of the ignorant country people, all ferved to affift in concealing the fecret of my being still

living. Such of the poor fervants as were not entrusted with the truth, have often seen my ghost; and they have been told, when this has been revealed in confession, that I was suffering for my breach of conjugal faith, and only occafionally releafed from the purgatory to which I was condemned, to vifit, as another species of punishment, the scene of my guilt.

"Constant vigilance on the part of those who guarded me, with a total want of motive for enterprise on mine, gradually diminished every thought of escape, or of changing the fad colour of my destiny. Want of exercise, of air, of fociety, of every hope in this life, combined to occasion a fort of palfy of the mind, as well as a total deprivation of bodily strength. I fometimes have been for days together hardly conscious of my existence, and sometimes have fancied myself really dead, and have been forry, when the person entrusted to supply me

 N_3

with food, or the priests in summoning me to the chapel and the confessional, have awakened me to something like a consciousness that I still was a living being, and still living only to be wretched.

"Since you, my children, have been fo wonderfully restored to me, new hopes have forung up in my heart. I now feel that Heaven has not abandoned me; that I have even in my living grave been an object of its mercy: yet with how much of apprehension are my fond hopes embittered! These men are one or other of them always on the watch; I fear the entire possession and management of fo large an income as Sir Mordaunt leaves in their hands, is a temptation which their integrity cannot withstand. The man to whose more immediate care Sir Mordaunt is in his most ungovernable moments configued is their creature; and though he often neglects his duty, they are unwilling to replace him

him by another on whom they might not fo certainly rely. Ah! you know not, nor can I explain to you, all I fuffer. But I am exhausted; my narrative, though told by fnatches, has perhaps been tedious to you. Now, however, that you are in possession of its melancholy circumstances, consider, my dear loves, what can be done to restore you to your rights; and, to your unhappy father, children of whom any man may be proud. For me, I shall be content to linger out in obscurity the little of life that remains; too happy if, before I really close my eyes for ever, they behold you re-instated in your father's affection, and acknowledged as the heirs of his fortune."

Lady Falconberg ceased speaking; and her son, who had with the utmost difficulty refrained from expressing the various emotions with which his boson was agitated while he listened, saw that she was too much affected, and that it

N 4

was time to lead her back to her folitary chamber, from which she had been absent longer than she seemed to think was safe. She embraced him and Edouarda with more than usual tenderness; and her son condusted her in safety to her own room, and returned unobserved to that where Edouarda, who had checked herself before her mother, waited, and drowned in tears threw herself into his arms.

But little time, however, was allowed them to express to each other the sen-stations which their mother's narrative had given them—for Rachael's signal was heard at the door; and on being admitted, she told them, in great apparent alarm, that Sir Mordaunt had been again disturbed by something that she did not clearly comprehend; that Father Galezza was come back, and seemed very uneasy and out of humour; and that the servants imagined by what had passed, that Golgota, whose appearance

they particularly dreaded, had been sent for. Rachael added, that it was supposed the disturbance in the interior part of the house had arisen, though she knew not how, from the appearance of a stranger who had been seen about the house and park, and that she trembled to think it might be Mr. Falconberg himself.

No time was allowed them to deliberate. Rachael entreated Mr. Falconberg to hasten away, promising however to attend to the usual signal for Henry's admittance the next evening, if no circumstances arose to make it dangerous. On that evening they hoped to meet Lady Falconberg again, and consult with her on the means of delivering themselves, as well the mother as the children, from the strange and comfortless situation they were now in.

As nothing intervened that renewed the alarm, Henry Falconberg, impatient

N 5

271 THE SOLITARY WANDERER.

to communicate to his mother and fifter the result of his reflections, was exact to his appointment; was admitted as ufual; and as ufual haftened to the apartment of Lady Falconberg, whom he tenderly supported and encouraged, while she tremblingly clung to his arm, and inafaint whispertold him "she knew not why, but a strange heaviness hung upon her." Fear more distressing than usual pressed upon her heart and agitated her nerves, and it was with difficulty, even with his affiftance, that she was able to traverse the rooms between her own and that where they usually met. There Edouarda waited at the door, and the moment her mother faw her the threw her arms around her, and fell into a passion of tears. The spirits of Lady Falconberg appeared then to be relieved; and her fon holding hers and his fifter's hands, which he tenderly preffed to his heart, endeavoured at once

to appeale their apprehensions for the present, and to represent the possibility of their enjoying happier days for the future; when suddenly this affectionate confèrence was interrupted by a violent noise, as of a man in the most furious transports of rage. Hardly had they time to express to each other the terrors they felt, before Sir Mordaunt burst into the room. His distorted countenance was pale with rage, his haggard eyes flashed fire; in his hand he brandished some offensive weapon, and in a terrific voice he exclaimed, "Where is the villain? he who dares break into my house? who insolently forces himself into my notice, and intends to rob me, under colour of pretending to a child I difclaim?" His furious looks then fixed on young Falconberg, who had thrown himself before his mother and fister. He advanced towards him, and with the iron instrument he held struck him so sudden and violent a blow on the temple, that

N 6

Henry

Henry Falconberg fell fenfeless, and to all appearance dead, at his feet.

*Lady Falconberg now forgot every thing but the anguish inflicted by this fight, and her indignation against the cruel monster who had occasioned it. She threw herfelf on the ground by her murdered fon, loudly declaring who he was; reproaching Heaven, and execrating his murderer. The wretched maniac, whose diabolic passions were now roused to the wildest degree of phrensy, would very probably have repeated the blow on her or his defenceless daughter, who, endeavouring to excite his compassion by prostrating herself before him, lay more than half dead on the floor, lifting her imploring hands, unable to fpeak; but his keeper, through whose negligence he had escaped, now hurried into the apartment, and by force withheld him. His efforts, however, to commit farther violence on his miserable family were fo great, that a blood-veffel burft burst in his lungs; and, as he was torn from the scene of murder by the attendants, his raving was half stissed by the blood which streamed on the sloor.

Galezza, pale and affrighted, now ap-He had the air of a man conscious that the fight of woe he beheld was owing in some degree to himself; yet he had no presence of mind to attempt any thing for the relief of the fufferers. Lady Falconberg hung over the bleeding body of her fon. She now shrieked out that he lived; now in a hollow and tremulous voice deplored his death, just as he was restored to her at the very moment when she had found fomething that might fweeten to her an existence rendered for many years so wretched. Edouarda, with glazed eyes and trembling lips, livid and refusing to articulate, stood near them both; she would have spoken of hope, of comfort, flie would have tried to propose some remedy, but no hope was in her heart;

not even when she saw Henry's eyes slowly open, and look on her and her mother as if life and recollection were returning. The struggle was short; he gazed for a moment on both of them; an expression of satisfaction was visible even amid the agonies of death on his countenance. He made a slight motion with his hand, as if to recommend his mother to Edouarda, and died.

Excess of horror, when she recollected that her father was the murderer
of her brother, now mingled itself with
her grief, with fears for her mother,
and every terrific apprehension that
could at once overwhelm her. Yet did
Edouarda still retain some presence of
mind; and approaching Galezza, who
with hasly strides continued to traverse
the room, she would have besought his
assistance to carry Lady Falconberg to
her own room: but the sierceness of his
look, as he shook from his arm her supplicating hand, added to her acute dis-

tress, and she fled from him to see what servants could be persuaded to affist her. Not one was left but Rachael, who was now supporting the head of the milerable mother, who feemed to have loft the fense of her calamity, and was become as cold as the corfe on which she rested. Rachael, though more dead than alive, understood what Edouarda wished, and they together tried to raise Lady Falconberg; but their strength was wholly unequal to supporting her, and in the attempt they funk together to the ground, where in a few moments they were aroused by the terrific voice of Golgota.

This man, ever the dread of the whole household, now addressed himself to Edouarda; and without feeling or pity for the deplorable condition in which he saw her, he began to reproach her for the disaster which had happened. "You, Miss Falconberg," said he, "you, not content with forcing your-self

felf into a house where your presence was every way improper, have introduced strangers, who have irritated your father's infanity into sury. Some little inadvertence on the part of the persons who have the care of him, and my unfortunate absence, have given these people opportunities of molesting him; and you see the fatal consequence. Here is murder! murder for which you must be answerable if inquiry should be made into it, for to your indiscretion, Madam, it has been folely owing."

"He was my brother!" fighed Edouarda.—" And the other man, he who has thrice contrived to intrude himself into Sir Mordaunt's presence, was he, Madam, also your brother?" Edouarda knew not what he meant; a deep groan burst from her oppressed heart, but she had no power to answer. Her mother's continued insensibility called upon her for all the exertion she was able to make: she chased her temples and her hands; tried now to awaken her to life and consciousness; and now, envying a stupor so much peterrable to the anguish she herself felt, desisted; then, after a moment's recollection, again implored Rachael to try to remove her mother from a place where, when she again opened her eyes, the first object that met them would be the pale and mangled countenance of her murdered son!

Golgota, as if fuddenly struck with some new apprehension affecting his own safety, hurried out of the room; Galezza and the servants, who had eagerly crowded in, had all lest it before. Edouarda collected resolution enough to be seech Rachael to go and try if nobody could be prevailed upon to come to lead Lady Falconberg to her room. Rachael, however unwilling to leave her, yet consented at her earnest entreaty, and Edouarda was lest alone with

with her dead brother and her dying mother.

It was almost dark: the little light afforded by the windows fell on the ghastly faces of the only two beings she had ever been permitted to love. One, if she yet lived, would return to a sense of her existence only to execrate the hour of her birth: the other, so lately blooming in hope, and youth, and health, and courage, was gone for ever, and deprived of his being by the author of it.

"Oh, God!" cried Edouarda as her stunned faculties slowly returned, "Oh God, thy ways are inscrutable; thy afflicted creatures suffer, but are sorbidden to complain. Was ever misery equal to mine? Yet how have I deserved to be so very a wretch? Yet, what have I done, what has my poor persecuted mother done, that we are thus overwhelmed? And thou, my brother! my Henry!—"Grief then choked her utterance; yet

it was not the grief that produces tears: her eyes were dry and fixed, her mouth parched, and her respiration disficult. She felt as if she were herself dying, and most ardently desired it might be so if her life was not necessary to her mother.

A long, a dreary interval, involved in total darkness, the unhappy Edouarda sat supporting her mother's head on her shoulder, with one arm round her waist, while with the other she now and then tried to discover if any pulse intimated returning life. Once her hand touched the already clay-cold cheek of her brother, and starting and shuddering she hastily withdrew it.

Increasing darkness and silence aggravated all the horrors of her situation.

Lady Falconberg breathed not; no pulsation of the heart could be felt, and Edouarda concluded that she too was dead. At length a confused murmur was heard below; then a number of men spoke

spoke together, as contending eagerly and angrily, and Edouarda even imagined the distinguished the voice of her father. The founds approached, they were at the door, and a number of perfons with lights were in the room. It was a scene of new distress to the unhappy Edouarda, who, from her ignorance of the painful consequences of a circumstance in itself so dreadful, could not comprehend what was the business of the Coroner and his attendants, who now entered. More than half insensible, fne was utterly incapable of answering the questions which the man who had authority to make them, a rude and unfeeling attorney, refiding in a town about four miles distant, thought himself authorifed to put to her. His examination of her bleeding brother, and his inquiry as to her mother, who, without apparent life, was again supported by Rachael, contributed to overwhelm the unfortunate sufferer with consusion and anguish;

anguish; and the scene would have ended in a total deprivation of the little consciousness that remained to her, had not another party, and of another description, entered the room, before whom the myrmidons of the law gave way in respectful descrence.

A gentleman about fifty, of very respectable appearance, approached the miserable group: he took the half lifeless hand of Edouarda; he spoke to her in accents of kindness, such as she had not lately heard. She looked up; his face expressed benignity and compassion, and an half confcious pressure, which her trembling hand made on that of the stranger as he would have raised her up, feemed to express her hope that she had found a friend. He gave orders for the removal of Lady Falconberg to her own room; and gently intimated to her wretched daughter, that it would be better for her alfo to go, as well as to affift in whatever it might be necessary to do for Lady Falconberg, as to escape the unplea-

unpleasant conversation that must unavoidably pass in regard to the dreadful catastrophe which had just happened. Edouarda was incapable of remark or refistance; she was raised from the ground, and by figns, for the was unable to speak, seemed to implore the artention of the affistants towards her mother; and casting on the body of poor Henry an agonizing look, she was turning to follow those who were supporting Lady Falconberg, when she was roused from the torpor of grief by a new object. A young man, pale, dishevelled, and held with difficulty by fome people about him, appeared at the door of the room. "I will fee her," cried he, struggling to escape from those who confined him; " I will implore her pardon, I will die before her: but I cannot die till I have obtained her forgiveness." The elder gentleman appeared shocked, and hastily approached the young man. "I infift," faid he, " on your being calm. Would you add to the diftrefs of fuch a fcene?"

-" Oh, God!" exclaimed the young stranger, "it is to me the scene is owing. It is I, wretch that I am, who have been the death of that poor young man! It is I who have murdered Lady Falconberg! It is I who have destroyed her daughter!" The aftonishment of the persons affembled could be equalled only by the distress evident in the countenance and manner of the elder stranger, who now entreated, now argued; while Edouarda, who had remained motionlefs at the beginning of the scene, was fuddenly, as the agitated stranger approached nearer to her, firuck with the idea of having feen him before; but when or how he could be interested in any thing that related to her she was in no condition to recollect. Mr. Hartington, who evidently fuffered for the flate in which he faw the person last arrived, attempted in vain to argue with or restrain him, for he seemed rather irritated than appealed by the interpolition

of those about him; and springing suddenly from them, he cried, "Argue not with me, confine me not, my uncle—Oh! rather punish and reproach me. Had I taken your advice, had I restrained my unfortunate, my guilty passion !-- Angel of heaven," continued he, throwing himself wildly on the ground before Edouarda, "angel of heaven, look with pity on your murderer, though he deferves only your curses, your indignation!" The words, the fuddenness of the action, and the phrenetic eagerness with which Edouarda felt her hands feized, and held to the burning eyes of the distracted object before her, completely overcame the little remaining ftrength of the unhappy young woman, and she funk as lifeless as her whom she had been supporting.

Mr. Hartington then feverely reproving his nephew, directed the mother and daughter to be carried to their apartments, and carefully attended; while

while he himself collected all his prefence of mind to end the distressing scene of legal inquiry, which neither of them was in a condition to witness.

It was not difficult to afcertain that Sir Mordaunt Falconberg had long been in a state of infanity. The testimony of the two priests, which was with great difficulty extorted from them, proved also that the youth who lay before them was a young Italian, who called himself his son, but whom Sir Mordaunt not only did not acknowledge to be so, but whom he had never seen till the satal moment when the young man perished by his hand.

The younger Mr. Hartington, who had become during this time a little more collected, now came forward. "It was owing to me," cried he, "that this dreadful catastrophe has happened. Some weeks ago I accidentally met Miss Falconberg at a little distance from the park. The singularity of her dress in Vol. I. O such

fuch a place, and her uncommon beauty, aftonished while they attracted me. I made several efforts to see her again during my short residence afterwards in this part of the country, but never could meet her; and as my uncle was extremely averse from the attempt, and potively resuled to interfere for me, I lest his house after my usual stay, and returned to London.

"But the image of Miss Falconberg perpetually pursued me; I saw only her. Her wretched situation stimulated the romantic Quixotism of my disposition; and the charms of her person, as well as knowledge of the splendid fortune to which she was, as I imagined, heiress, continually heated my imagination; and I returned to my uncle's seat at Heythwaite, resolved to carry my scheme into execution; but to conceal it from Mr. Hartington, whose approbation was not, I found, to be obtained.

" I endeavoured in vain to interest the

the directors of Sir Mordaunt's confcience in my favour. Their reasons for resusing every advance were easily understood. I was, however, more successful with one of the keepers who attended him, though he was their creature, and I soon found means to make my interest outweigh that of his original employers.

"I had always, in common with the whole country, believed that Sir Mordaunt was less mad than they wished to have him thought, and I was vain enough to imagine that I could restore him to reason and to liberty, if once I obtained an audience. It was some time before I could make this hazardous attempt. The first time Sir Mordaunt drove me away unheard; and the paroxysm of rage into which he was thrown by the fight of a stranger, ought to have deterred me from making the experiment again. I found however that he did not know his daughter was in his O 2 house:

house; and for myself, irritated to a degree of resentment against the monks, whose defigns appeared to be of the darkest kind, I redoubled my bribes and promises to the attendant. The man loved drink, and the money I gave him enabled him to fupply himself so liberally, that I at last found, a few days ago, the opportunity I fought. I faw Sir Mordaunt in a comparatively calm interval. I ventured to tell him what I thought had been concealed from the worst motives. He heard me with more calmness than I expected; though his cyes, as I continued to speak, glared wildly upon me. I imputed fome part of his fingular manner to doubts of my veracity, and I named to him the part of the house which I knew his daughter inhabited. He started franticly from me, and his keeper entered; at whose fignal I retired. I have fince learned that a violent fit of passion followed, from which the wretched man had never,

I now find, entirely been recovered; that the priest Galezza was alarmed at his incoherent raving about a stranger, and an application relative to his banished daughter, and sharply questioned the keeper; who being a brutal fellow refented his remonstrance, and very high words had arisen; in consequence of which the man had infifted on his difmission, and had suddenly left the unfortunate maniac to the care of whoever Galezza could find—and inadequately was that care exercised. The miserable man, having, with that retentive memory foremarkable in lunatics, recollected all I had told him, broke from his new guard, and rushed to the apartment of his daughter; where taking his unknown fon for me, who was become the object of his abhorrence, this cruck scene followed."

The unhappy felf-accused Hartington here ended in a faltering voice his melancholy relation. It tallied too well O 3 with

with the catastrophe; but reproaches were useless. The forms were now soon gone through. There was no doubt of the deranged state of Sir Mordaunt's mind, and nothing more could be done than more strictly to confine him. Every precaution of that fort, however, was soon rendered unnecessary. Sir Mordaunt, whose shrieks and ravings could not be appealed, was choked by his own blood in about two hours after he had been the murderer of his son!

When Mr. Hartington was apprifed of this, he felt himself called upon, as the nearest magistrate, to protect the property of the poor desolate women, Lady Falconberg and her daughter; and he sent for Golgota and Galezza, and explained to them his intentions. The former resolutely opposed it; he called himself the friend of the deceased gentleman; denied that any one had a right to interfere in the affairs of that house; and spoke in so high and insolent a tone, that

that Mr. Hartington, mild as he naturally was, was compelled to remind him of laws which, however obfolete or passed over through the liberality of this country, ought still to be recollected; and if there was an evident necessity for it, he added, that they should still be enforced. Golgota retired, swelling with impotent revenge, but Galezza appeared disconcerted, and even terrisied, and seemed rather desirous of conciliating the favour than irritating the anger of a man who he knew had the power to call them both to a severe account.

The younger Hartington, overwhelmed with anguish and remorse, was with difficulty persuaded, or rather commanded, by his uncle, to return home; while that benevolent man himself, having given the proper orders relative to the dead, and put his seals on the places where any articles of value were supposed to be, went to the apartment whither Lady Falconberg had been carried.

He

He found her on her bed, furrounded by female fervants who were utterly ignorant what to do. Mr. Hartington dispatched a messenger for the nearest medical affishance, and then endeavoured to awaken Edouarda from the state of torpid grief, in which, with eyes fixed on her mother, and apparently infenfible of every thing elfe, she remained kneeling at the bed-fide. But even the voice of reason, of compassionate tenderness, was now unheard. Edouarda looked at him with heavy eyes, that appeared not to behold the object on which they gazed. His words were lost upon her. She turned from him, and, waving one hand to bid him go, touched with the other the pale temples of Lady Falconberg; and then, as if shocked to find no appearance of returning life, shuddered, and relapsed into motionless and filent despair.

A furgeon from a neighbouring town now arrived. He proceeded to bleed

Lady Falconberg. A few drops blood were with difficulty obtained, and she opened her eyes. Her memory feemed to return: and Edouarda, who had now an object to rouse her, gave her, though without being able to speak, a cordial which the furgeon had brought. But, as if the recollection of her unexampled woes returned with too much strength for so feeble a frame, a frame already exhausted by long years of undeserved anguish, the poor sufferer soon funk again into the fame languid condition, and, after continuing with little variation in that state for three days, breathed her last in the arms of Edouarda.

Mr. Hartington, deeply interested for the unhappy young woman, had continued in the house; and now that her mother was no longer in need of her attendance, he thought the best way would be to take her from a scene where she had suffered such misery. Edouarda,

O 5 who

who appeared to listen more to Rachael than to any other person, was convinced that Lady Falconberg was dead; yet she still affected to disbelieve it, that she might not be removed. At length, however, exhausted by watching and grief, she became unable to resist the gentle importunity of her new-found protector, and suffered herself to be placed in his coach, and, attended by Rachael, to be removed to Heythwaite, from whence Mr. Hartington had ordered his nephew to depart before her arrival.

He himself attended to the melancholy ceremony of depositing the remains of the unhappy maniac, his wife, and their son, in the vault beneath the chapel. Golgota quitted the house, declaring his resolution to do himself justice against the intrusion of Mr. Hartington, who however totally disregarded his menaces. Galezza, more timid or more prudent, officiated at the sad office, and willingly acceded to Mr. Harting-

ton's desire, who entreated that all this fatal transaction might be as much as possible concealed from the neighbourhood, and that no circumstance that could possibly be hid should be divulged. The gentlemen of the furrrounding country, (none of whom except Mr. Hartington refided within ten miles,) had not been in habits of communication with Palfgrave, and many of them feldom refident in the country, while others felt no interest in what related to a family whom they confidered as hardly ranking among their countrymen; while most of the labourers or other persons of inferior rank were Catholics, the converts of the priests; and they were prevented by fear as well as interest from fpeaking of the little which, by means of the servants, was circulated among them.

The fole furvivor of the unhappy family was received by a maiden fifter of Mr. Hartington with as much appear-

ance of tenderness as the was capable of putting on; but she was one of those persons whose faith in her own persuafion greatly exceeded her charity. She did not love Edouarda: for she was young and beautiful, and supposed to be of another religion. Of feelings such as tore the heart of the unfortunate girl, at so distressing a moment, Mrs. Honora Hartington had no idea; and her brother, more kind and discerning, soon perceived that the kindest thing he could do towards his mourning guest would be to leave her as much alone as posfible. He had fagacity enough to perceive that her understanding was naturally of a superior order, above either common-place confolation or mechanical civility. Edouarda therefore suffered no other importunity than what he was himfelf under the painful necessity of giving her. It was requifite that he should know if she had any friends or relations, who could undertake the manageEdouarda then related to him the few and melancholy incidents of her short life. Mr. Hartington in his turn befought her attention to the relation he gave of the means usually adopted in this country for the security of the property of minors; and Edouarda putting herself wholly into his hands, he immediately proceeded to make her a ward of the Court of Chancery; while the only sentiment which yet animated her sad existence was that of gratitude towards him for the generous care he took of her.

Two mournful months had passed before Edouarda could enough recover
herself to consider what should be her
suture destination. The country where
she had so cruelly suffered was hateful
to her, nor had she one motive to induce
her to stay in it. But being now a ward
of the Court, it was not without difficulty

culty she obtained leave to go to Italy; where, though she had now no friends, for her mother's relations were long since removed, she thought she should be less wretched than in England; and diminution of misery rather than attainment of content was all she was permitted to hope for—though in the bloom of early youth, possessed of an uncommon share of personal beauty, and of a fortune which, under other circumstances, would have given her a right to look forward to those situations where the utmost degree of human happiness is supposed to be found.

While Edouarda continued an inmate in his house, Mr. Hartington forbore with the most cautious delicacy to name his nephew. But when she was in London waiting for the sew preparations necessary to her departure for the continent, the younger Hartington ventured to write to her; and deploring the share

his unfortunate intrusion might have had in the dreadful calamity that had befallen her, he folicited in the humblest terms to be heard—imagining probably that Edouarda, like most other women, would be induced to pardon any error which could be imputed to the effect of her charms. But in this he was mistaken: fhe answered him in words so calm, yet fo determined, that his hopes were confiderably depressed, and at length entirely crushed, when he received from his uncle a copy of Miss Falconberg's letter to him on the subject, expressing the most invincible aversion to the fight of Mr. Edmund Hartington, and entreating of him, as the greatest friendship he could now shew her, to prevent her ever being distressed by the fight of his nephew.

Golgota and Galezza, to whom, with their original introductor into the family, O'Halloran, all the mifery that followed

followed was owing, feemed to be convinced that the last object on which they intended to prey, had escaped as foon as the was taken under the protection of English law. The former, who had accumulated immense sums, was made fuperior of his order, and has fince become a cardinal. Galezza returned also to his own country, and enriched his family as well as his convent with the spoils gathered in England; and these men have ways of satisfying their consciences, and have no scruples as to the means by which money, and confequently another fource of power, is acquired. Yet, but for the influence they had gained over the weak mind and wild paffions of Sir Mordaunt, he would never have been driven from violence and suspicion to phrensy, and from phienly to murder. The unhappy Lady Falconbe g, whose wretched life was terminated by a death fo deplorable, was fill

still more their victim. The constitutional infirmities of the unhappy man over whose conscience they had obtained an ascendancy, made Lady Falconberg's life necessary—while the conviction of her guilt, never eradicated from the gloomy and vindictive mind of her husband, deprived her of every power over it, and made her the helpless object of his hideous passions. The eldest of her children dead, the other two banished, none remained to intercept the views of the priests; and nothing could be more unwelcome to them than the arrival of Edouarda, whose removal they had inceffantly studied, and in whom they had beheld with fear and indignation that disposition to think for herfelf, which they forefaw might at fome time or other overthrow all their machinations.

When the mind of Edouarda had a little recovered from the torpor of the fcenes

fcenes of horror she had witnessed, the ceremonies of the people among whom she lived, their blind bigotry, and difgusting mixture of prosligacy and superstition, made her reslect more seriously on the tenets in which she had been brought up; and the conviction that to their religious prejudices all the calamities of her family had been owing, assisted her natural good sense to shake off entirely the yoke that had been imposed upon her. Italy became disagreeable to her; and after some time, during which she travelled into Switzerland, she fixed her residence at Lausanne.

Young, lovely, and affluent, Edouarda had many offers of marriage; but she dismissed all her lovers in terms so decided, that hardly any of them ventured to make a second application. Ideas of her father's malady, and the shocking catastrophe it had led to, were ever present to her. She could not bear to suppose that she might transmit such a deranged intellect to her posterity; and in philosophic retirement, with books, and two or three friends whom she occasionally saw, she endeavoured to endure a life, from which her early misfortunes had taken every hope of domestic happiness in the bosom of a family of her own.

END OF THE FIRST VOLUME.

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